THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

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Allied Forces Are Gaining Ground on German Right

Russian Advance Reported at the Gates of Cracow

Education Board Condemns "Double Sessions" System And Asks Aid of Council

Committee Named to Appear Before Finance Committee and Urge Necessity of Immediate Relief for Teachers and Children.

REDUCTION OF NUMBER OF CHILDREN TO CLASS SUSTAINED BY BOARD

The Atlanta Federation of Trades Attacks "Double Sessions" and Asks That Funds Be Provided to Secure Temporary Quarters.

After consideration of every phase of the system, Atlanta's board of education, Thursday afternoon, unequivocally put itself on record as being positively opposed to the double-session system, and unanimously voted in favor of Alderman Jesse Armistead's resolution asking that council appropriate sufficient funds to end the dangerous system.

Three members of the board will appear before the finance committee of council and demand the funds which will enable Superintendent Slaton to rescue more than 1,500 school children and forty-seven teachers from the "double-session" evil.

These members of the board are Major R. J. Guinn, James L. Key and Alderman Jesse Armistead.

They will ask council for funds to provide sufficient teachers and classrooms.

$19,000 NEEDED.

They will show thefinance committee that the health of 1,500 children and forty-seven teachers hangs in the balance, and the future usefulness and efficiency of the educational system is being menaced.

The committee will submit an estimate showing that the board needs $19,000 to abolish the double sessions, and will urge that council provide the money.

The school board adopted a policy of progressive administration during the early part of the year. One of its most notable reforms was limiting the number of pupils to one grade to forty-five. Members of the board are in unison in declaring that the policy will not be changed. It is working marvelously, according to teachers. Nothing can now persuade the board to abolish the reformation.

But the board is determined not to tolerate "double sessions." The system was adopted out of sheer necessity after the board vainly endeavored to get council to supply enough money to employ additional teachers and classrooms. Thursday every member opposed the plan, which has proven not only unpopular, but an admitted failure.

CONDEMN SYSTEM.

Here is how some of the members of the board view the "double sessions."

"We are already receiving lots of compiaints from teachers about the double sessions, and they are all justifiable. They should not be tolerated for a minute. It's a cruel and inhuman scheme."—Jesse Armistead, alderman.

"I don't believe this board should tolerate the sessions any longer. We were forced to adopt the session as a last resort. Council must find the money to relieve the board."—Chairman George M. Hope.

"We cannot expect the best in our teachers when we demand double duty of them. It's a shame to expect it, no matter how efficient the teacher might be."—Commissioner Terrell.

"Council can end the system if it so desires. The board must let the people know how it stands on the question of double sessions, and the best way of doing it is to go after the money and get it."—Commissioner Green.

"I don't think we should give the high school every teacher asked for, while forty-seven grades are holding double sessions."—Commissioner Key.

"Our entire system of education is menaced by these double sessions. The board must progress or stand still. I would rather resign than admit the board to be helpless. We must get action."—Commissioner Guinn.

COUNCIL WARNED.

The minutes of the board show that last year a committee representing the board appeared before the general council and made a statement to the effect that there would be an increase of about 2,000 pupils this session.

The board was not far wrong. But despite the statement and the warning that unless the board was given more money the educational system would be crippled, council ignored the plea. This foreed the board to abandon several progressive plans, and the "double session" scheme was made a necessity in order that all the children who applied for admission could be taken in the schools. The board tried the double sessions as an experiment.

Continued on Last Page.

VILLA IS URGED TO MAKE PEACE WITH CARRANZA

Washington Hopes That Differences Will Be Adjusted and a Second Revolution Will Be Prevented.

CARRANZA PROMISES TO ACT ON DEFENSIVE

United States Warns Both Men No More Fighting Is Wanted in Mexico—Believed United States Troops Will Stay at Vera Cruz.

Washington, September 24.—Hope that Generals Carranza and Villa would peaceably adjust their differences and avoid a second revolution was expressed by high administration officials tonight.

President Wilson has made it plain to both men through his personal representative, Paul Fuller, that the United States would look with disfavor on a continuance of fighting in Mexico. There was confidence among high officials that the advice recently given would not go unheeded.

In the meantime the Washington government will take no steps to interfere in the quarrel and will patiently await the course of developments.

U. S. Troops May Stay.

Official Washington does not expect the American troops to depart from Vera Cruz until the controversy has been adjusted, although it was officially stated at the white house that the president had not altered his intention of withdrawing the forces. It was pointed out, however, that as no date ever had been fixed for the evacuation, the matter would be held in abeyance indefinitely without further announcement from the white house or state department.

Official dispatches today revealed that the Brazilian minister and American Consul Silliman were in conference with General Carranza, while George C. Carothers, American consular agent, was awaiting the arrival at Jaurez of General Obregon, with whom he expected to discuss the situation and later confer with Villa.

General Carranza informed the American consular representatives that he would not attack Villa but would order his forces to remain on the defensive. It was not believed that General Villa would take the offensive for the present and many officials believed the efforts of General Pablo Gonzales to act as peacemaker might not be fruitless. Gonzales was the principal factor in drawing Carranza and Villa together after their first break which was adjusted by the agreement of Torreon.

Statement For Carranza.

Rafael Zubaran, head of the local constitutionalist agency, tonight issued the following statement:

"I am hopeful that the present conflict between the first chief Venustiano Carranza and General Villa will be peacefully and satisfactorily composed for the reason that there is no real cause for its existence. I trust that when General Villa reconsiders his rash action he will disavow it for

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The Constitution Will Find You Rooms or Board

NO NEED FOR YOU to search the city over for a boarding place or desirable rooms.

A bureau of information is conducted by The Constitution for the benefit of the public, and everyone is invited to use it free of charge.

Have you a room for rent? It should be listed in The Constitution's Bureau of Boarding and Rooming House Information.

TELEPHONE
MAIN 5000
ATLANTA 5001

Story of War on East Border of Germany And the Northern Frontier of Austria



A. High tide of the Russian advance into East Prussia in August when the Germans sent reinforcements from the west on the kaiser's order to save East Prussia. The Russians meantime were concentrating their forces in the Gallician campaign against the Austrian advance.

B. The Russian line as it now is, driven back by the Germans across the frontier of Russian Poland.

C. Line of the German advance from Breslau to Ivangorod. The Russians report capturing German heavy artillery sent from Breslau to attack Ivangorod.

D. High tide of the Austrian invasion of Russia.

E. The Austrian line at present, driven back by the Russians to the fortresses on the river San.

1. Neidenburg, the first conspicuous German victory in East Prussia.
2. Lyck, where German success a week ago opened the way into Poland.
3. Sandomir, where the German relief expedition is reported repulsed.
4. Ranizow, farthest point of Russian advance beyond the San.
5. Seinlawa, last stand of the Austrians before Jaroslaw.
6. Sambor, last stand of Austrians southeast of Przemysl.
7. Tarnow, base of the new Austrian center.
8. Cracow, toward which the Austrian left wing is retreating.
9. Przemysl, fortress stocked with two years' supplies and reported defended by 60,000 Austrians.
10. Baranow, farthest point south of Russian advance up the Vistula.
11. Kresheschow, crossing which opened the region beyond the river San to the pursuing Russians.

Facing Murderous Fire Allies Charge Germans And Capture Peronne

Victims of the Deadly German Machine Guns Counted by Hundreds—After the Fight 900 French and Germans Were Buried in One Trench—Germans Sacrificing Many Men in Vain Attack on Forts Above Verdun—Reports Indicate That Russians Are Continuing Their Advance.

At the Battle Front September 24.—(Via Paris.)—The German offensive was extremely vigorous today at the western end of the long line stretching along the Rivers Oise, Aisne and Woevre.

The allied troops, whose gaps had been filled with freshly arrived reinforcements, not only repeatedly thrust back the German attack, but eventually carried out a successful counter attack which resulted in the gaining of considerable ground and the definite capture of Peronne, about which town the fiercest engagement occurred.

At one place victims of the deadly German machine guns were counted in hundreds, especially where the advance was across an open wheat field that recently had been harvested.

Some men of a French regiment, which was making a dash toward the German position when it was struck by the sweeping fire, were found dead in the kneeling posture they had taken behind the sheaves of wheat and from where they had emptied their magazines, intending to start a final rush and bayonet charge.

900 DEAD BURIED IN SINGLE TRENCH.

After the fight 900 dead were buried in a single trench 6 feet deep, Germans being placed at one end and French at the other.

Further to the east, near Berry-au-Bac, on the Aisne, north of Rheims, there appears to be concentrated a large German force occupying strong entrenchments, from which it is difficult to dislodge them. The fighting there has been of a desultory character, with, however, slight advantage in favor of the allies. The men of both armies in this vicinity seem to be enjoying their rest.

On the eastern wing the Germans are throwing enormous masses of men against the French troops protecting the line of defensive forts above Verdun, but up to the present their efforts, although costing immense sacrifices, have been vain, and the French line remains intact.

The military experts shower praise

RUSSIAN TROOPS BEFORE CRACOW

Victorious Advance of the Czar's Armies Continues. Austrian Poles Refuse to Fight Against Russians.

London, September 24.—A Petrograd dispatch forwarded to London by the Rome correspondent of the Central News agency, says that the Russian advance guards already have arrived before the Austrian fortress of Cracow.

A dispatch to The Express from Cracow says the Russian successes in Galicia are due partly to the refusal of the Austrian Poles to fight against the Russians. "Great quantities of arms and ammunition, the dispatch says, were voluntarily handed over to the Russians by Austrian-Polish regiments.

London, September 24.—(10:35 a. m.) The Russian troops occupying Seniawa, 18 miles north-northeast of Jaroslau, says the Petrograd correspondent of the Reuters Telegram company, found that the town had been sacked by the Austrians. A large number of Austrian soldiers were captured.

No Junction Possible.

All possibility of the Austro-German forces near Przemysl effecting a junction with other armies farther west now has been excluded, as the Russians have reached the river Wislok," says a Petrograd dispatch to The Morning Post. The message continues:

"To the south of Przemysl the Russian operations are being directed with a view to the capture of Khyruv, a junction station 20 miles south of Przemysl, which will completely cut off the Austrians' last Galician forces and give the Russians command of all routes toward Cracow and the lines passing into Hungary.

"The position now held indicates the rolling up of the Austrian forces right up to Cracow. It is believed here now that the investment of Przemysl has been practically completed, and that another week will bring news of the final crushing of the Austro-German forces."

JAROSLAU STORMED BY THE RUSSIANS.

Petrograd, September 23.—(Via Paris.)—An official communication issued by the general staff today says:

"On September 21, the Russian troops took by storm the fortification of Jaroslau, on the right bank of the river San. They took twenty cannon, even though the enemy offered heavy resistance and blew up the bridge over the San. Two days previously the Russians had occupied Staromiasto, Przewersk and Lancut (to the north and west of Jaroslau).

"The Russian cavalry is pursuing the retreating Austrian rear guard and inflicting heavy losses, although the Austrians destroyed many bridges.

"Every day the number of prisoners and seized cannon increases. The demoralization of the enemy is shown by the pillaging and panicky retreat. Prisoners unanimously assert that a majority of their officers are killed or missing, and that the soldiers feel the loss keenly.

"The newly formed Russian regiments have covered themselves with glory, fighting side by side with the veterans."

TRAWLER IS DESTROYED BY A NORTH SEA MINE

London, September 24.—Another Grimsby trawler was blown up by a mine yesterday in the North Sea. The vessel remained afloat ten minutes, which enabled all the members of the crew to escape except one deckhand, who was killed by falling debris.

WILSON RECEIVES COTTON GROWERS

President Realizes Acuteness of Situation and Promises to Consider Government Loan.

Washington, September 24.—President Wilson today assured a large delegation of southern farmers and congressmen that he realized fully the acuteness of the cotton situation, owing to the lack of demand for the staple due to the European war, and promised to take under consideration a suggestion for a government loan.

The president pointed out, however, that extreme care should be taken not to put into operation any unsound economic policy that might embarrass the government in the future.

C. S. Barrett, of Georgia, president of the National Farmers' union, headed the delegation and appealed to the president to give his support to the bill introduced in the house by Representative Henry providing for direct government loans to cotton growers.

"I need not say that the gravity of the situation is very manifest," Mr. Wilson said, "and I want you to know that I have been giving a great deal of attention to it, with the earnest desire to see some way by which the difficulties could be solved without committing the government in principle to any action which would plague us in the future, because the danger, gentlemen, of the present situation is that under the pressure of what appears to be necessary we should make some radical departure from sound economic practice which in the future years we would very much regret. We have got to make sacrifices, not to make fundamental mistakes.

"Now, I am not thereby implying a judgment as to any specific proposition, but I feel bound myself to guard against impulses when impulses are so strong; just as I feel it so necessary for us in an international situation to guard every impulse and see that we do not make any mistakes which future generations will have the just cause to blame us for. But I want you to know how sincerely I appreciate the gravity of the situation, and how entirely willing I am to consider anything that is laid before me by way of a practicable suggestion."

SON OF VON MOLTKE IS KILLED IN ACTION

Paris, September 24.—A son of Field Marshal Count Von Moltke has been killed in the fighting at Esternay.

Germans Are in Despair, Asserts Sir John French In His Report on Battle

YOUNG AMERICUS GIRL FOUND BOUND IN CLOSET

Miss Willie Williams' Story of Attempted Abduction Creates Sensation.

Americus Ga., September 24.—(Special.)—A story of a highly sensational nature was told here this afternoon of the alleged attempted abduction of Miss Willie Williams, the attractive stenographer of a local medicine company, who was found by the manager bound and gagged in a stairway closet of the company's office.

The alleged assault was made yesterday evening while Miss Williams was alone in the office and was kept a profound secret for the time in expectation of catching the two men alleged to have attacked and bound the young woman and who told her, she asserts, that they would return at midnight and carry her away.

When Miss Williams was missed a search was instituted, and she was found, securely bound hand and foot and effectually gagged, lying upon a lounge in the stairway closet. She had not been harmed otherwise. She described her alleged assailants as a white man and a negro, both unknown to her.

Armed citizens and officers kept watch upon the building of the medicine company until after midnight this morning, but the alleged kidnapers did not return.

The affair is completely surrounded by mystery and there are numerous conjectures covering it.

Miss Williams is about 19 years old and member of a well-known family here.

GEN. VON DEIMLING HAS BEEN DISMISSED

London, September 24.—General Von Deimling, commanding the German army in France, has been dismissed, according to a Geneva dispatch to the Daily Chronicle.

British Field Marshal Says That Prisoners Taken by Allied Forces Admit Kaiser's Forces Are Beaten.

PROGRESS OF THE ALLIES SLOW BUT CONTINUOUS

German Heavy Artillery Fails to Daunt the British Troops--Losses of Germans Very Heavy—Germans Accused of Putting Prisoners in Front of Battle Line.

London, September 24.—The official press bureau tonight issued a report from Field Marshal Sir John French's headquarters, supplementing the dispatch of September 22 on British operations in France. The text follows:

"The enemy is still maintaining himself along the whole front, and to do so is throwing into the fight units from different formations, the active army, reserve and Landwehr, as is shown by the uniforms of prisoners captured.

"Our progress, although slow, in certain directions has been continuous, but the present battle may well last for some days more before a decision is reached, since it now approximates somewhat to siege warfare.

"The Germans are making use of searchlights. This fact, coupled with their great strength in heavy artillery, leads to the supposition that they are employing material which may have been collected for the siege of Paris.

"The nature of the general situa-

Continued on Page Two.

Weather Prophecy

SHOWERS.

Georgia—Showers, followed by clearing Friday, cooler; Saturday fair.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature	61
Highest temperature	86
Mean temperature	64
Normal temperature	70
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.31
Deficiency since 1st of month, in.	.75
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches	14.14

Reports From Various Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High.	Rain 24 h'rs inches.
ATLANTA, rain	61	86	.31
Birmingham, cldy	58	60	1.10
Boston, clear	72	86	.00
Brownsville, clear	72	84	.00
Buffalo, clear	58	60	.20
Charleston, cldy.	78	82	.00
Chicago, clear	62	66	.00
Denver, clear	72	78	.00
Des Moines, clear	66	72	.00
Galveston, clear	74	76	.00
Hatteras, pt. cldy.	74	80	.00
Jacksonville, rain	72	86	1.38
Kan. City, clear	68	72	.00
Knoxville, cldy.	58	60	.62
Louisville, clear	68	72	.16
Memphis, clear	70	74	.00
Miami, cloudy	78	86	.00
Mobile, rain	62	66	1.50
Montgomery, rain	84	88	.98
Nashville, clear	68	72	.24
New Orleans, cldy.	68	70	2.20
New York, cldy.	66	84	.00
Oklahoma, clear	70	78	.00
Pittsburg, clear	58	60	.00
Portland, pt. cldy.	80	82	.00
Raleigh, cldy.	68	84	.01
San Francisco, clr.	60	60	.00
St. Louis, clear	66	74	.00
Shreveport, clear	72	78	.00
Spokane, pt. cldy.	76	78	.00
Tampa, rain	74	86	.42
Toledo, clear	58	62	.02
Washington, rain	60	80	.22

C. F. von HERRMANN, Section Director.

THE CONSTITUTION HAS FULL SERVICE OF ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR MORNING PUBLICATION DAILY AND SUNDAY

on General Joffre for the way his plans are carried out. Owing to the strictness of the censorship it is impossible to give an idea of the allies' ultimate intentions.

VIENNA IS CROWDED WITH THE REFUGEES

Venice, September 24.—(Via Paris.)—A graphic picture of conditions in Vienna is revealed in an official statement by the mayor of Vienna that his city is supporting the families of 82,000 reservists at a daily cost of $50,000 and in addition is endeavoring to provide for 100,000 unemployed and another 100,000 fugitives from Galicia and the crown land of Bukowina. The city already has expended $1,000,000 for fugitives.

According to the mayor's statement, 40,000 unemployed have been put on the public works, but 60,000 are helpless.

The first official report of the Austrian Red Cross shows that the total contributions to its fund amounted to only $840,000. The report says that the rich industrial classes, for the most part, subscribed liberally, but expresses disappointment at the small contributions of many wealthy aristocratic land owners. The middle and even the lower classes have shown themselves more generous.

TODAY AT Rogers'

Asparagus
1914 pack; "tender tips." Just arrived yesterday 21c

Cranberries
Red, ripe, crisp ones from "Cape Cod," the first of the season, quart .. 9c

Money Savers
Buy $1.00 worth for 69c
Good for Friday, Saturday and Monday Only

20 packages Lump Starch 69c
20 5c packages Table Starch 69c
20 Arm & Hammer Soda 69c
5 cans No. 2 size Lima Beans 69c
5 cans No. 2 size Sliced Pineapples 69c
5 cans No. 2 size Grated Pineapple 69c
12 packages Shredded Codfish .. 69c
12 large rolls Toilet Paper 69c
11 cans No. 3 Hominy 69c
8 lbs. of Best Evaporated Peaches 69c
12 cans No. 2 Virginia Tomatoes . 69c
4 cans 22c Salmon 69c
20 cakes Lenox Laundry Soap 69c
4 lbs. Economy Fresh Roasted Coffee 69c
10 Loaves Better Bread 69c
8 Dromedary Dates 69c
7 cans Good June Peas 69c
7 bottles Pure Apple Vinegar 69c
20 quarts Best Onions 69c

Irish Potatoes
Some of our stores sold out before 10 o'clock yesterday. The cut price will continue today, pk. 23c
Half peck 12c
Quart 3c
These are the finest Potatoes ever sold in Atlanta. Better buy all you want at this price.

SUGAR
25 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar $1.75
Fourteen pounds $1.00
Seven pounds 50c
Three and half pounds 25c
Two pounds 15c

PEARS
New York State Sugar Pears, 50 or more to the basket, only .. 20c

OLIVES
Regular 25c stuffed size, stuffed with sweet peppers, bottle 16c
Limit two.

Shop at the Nearest Rogers Store

Allies Pressing German Right, Battle Lulling in the Center, German Left Has Been Checked

Paris, September 24.—The brief official communication issued tonight announces that on the left wing the battle continues to develop; that a lull has occurred in the fighting in the center, and that on the right wing German attacks apparently have been checked.

In the afternoon the official report stated that the allies have advanced considerably along their western wing, occupying the town of Peronne, despite desperate resistance. At the eastern end of the battle line in France there has been heavy fighting on the river Meuse.

The report says:

"First—On our left wing, between the river Somme and the river Oise, our troops have advanced in the direction of Roye. A detachment occupied Peronne and held this position in spite of a spirited attack on the part of the enemy. Between the river Oise and the river Aisne the enemy continues to maintain important bodies of troops well entrenched. We have made a slight advance to the northwest of Berry-au-Bac.

"Second—In the center between Rheims and the Argonne district the situation shows no change. To the east of the Argonne and on the heights of the Meuse, the enemy has continued his attacks, delivering them with especial violence. The fighting continues, accompanied by alternate retirements at certain points and advances at others.

"On our right wing there has been no change of importance.

"In the region of Nancy and in the Vosges, certain detachments of the enemy have again attempted to enter upon French soil, driving back light covering bodies of our troops, but their offensive was soon stopped.

Heavy Guns Playing Big Part In Great Battle of the Aisne; Continuous Hurling of Shells

London, September 24.—Heavy artillery continues to play a leading part in the battle of the Aisne, which has been in progress nearly a fortnight. The opposing forces continue to hammer away at each other from their well entrenched and strongly fortified positions with the greatest stubbornness, but without decision.

Almost without a lull great shells are being hurled across the rivers, valleys and plains stretching from the river Oise, in the west, to the Meuse, in the east, and thence southward along the whole Franco-German border, while the lighter guns play on the infantry lying in the trenches awaiting an opportunity to deliver attacks and counter attacks, with, as the French official communication says, "alternate retirement on certain points and advance on others."

French Left Makes Progress.

The battle line has stretched out farther westward, the French left wing having made some progress in the direction of Noye, northwest of Noyon. The latter place a few days ago was the allies' extreme left. A detachment has occupied Peronne, still further north.

A report from German headquarters, dated September 23, says, however, that the efforts of the French to encircle the German right have had no result.

The French also claim to have made an advance northwest of Berry-au-Bac, which is about the point where the German line crosses the Aisne, continuing southeast to Brimont, which has been the center of many vigorous attacks.

Along the rest of the line, although there have been fierce engagements in which both sides claim victory, the situation is unchanged except that, according to German reports, the German troops have recaptured Varennes, department of Meuse, which the French took a few days ago.

The French account of the battle compares it with Mukden. In the latter case the tide of battle was turned by the arrival on the Russian right of Nogi's army from Port Arthur, and the Russian left also was almost enveloped when General Kuropatkin withdrew the great bulk of his army northward, leaving the rear guard to fall into the hands of the Japanese.

Russians Surround Przemysl.

The Austrian general staff denies reports of Russian victories and the defeat of General Dankl's army. The Austrian forces, the report says, "have been concentrated in a new position for several days, but have waited in vain for any serious Russian attack."

From other sources, however, it is reported that the Russians have surrounded Przemysl and are between that fortress and Cracow.

It may be some days before another big battle is fought here, as one Austrian army is behind the forts of Przemysl and the other is making its way to the remaining fortress of Cracow, while the Russians are taking the smaller towns in Galicia under their wing.

A report, which lacks official confirmation, says that General Rennenkampf, who withdrew over the East Prussian frontier when German reinforcements arrived, has received more men and again has taken the offensive and compelled the Germans to withdraw.

It is considered probable that the fall of Jaroslau and the isolation of Przemysl has compelled the Germans to look more closely to the protection of their line from Thorn to Kalicz, which guards Posen, as the Russians now are able to release a large number of men for the invasion of that part of Germany.

Servians Before Sarajevo.

The Servians and Montenegrins are before Sarajevo, capital of Bosnia, flushed with victory and preparing to take this latest acquisition of the dual monarchy, the possession of which by Austria has been such a thorn in the side of the southern Slavs.

In the operations here the invaders look forward to a hearty welcome from the greater part of the population, who belong to the same race as they do. This war, while in Bosnia and Galicia it is uniting races long separated by artificial boundaries, is also drawing together the races and sects of all the countries engaged.

In Germany the socialists are in the fighting line with their greatest enemies, the militarists. In Russia revolutionists are fighting or returning home to fight for the emperor. Great Britain is receiving support from all sections of the empire and the Irish and Welsh have now decided to organize an army made up entirely of their nationals irrespective of the men who have joined Kitchener's armies.

JONES CASH STORE
124 WHITEHALL STREET
WE DELIVER

New York State Concord and Niagara Grapes, basket 15c
Bright, juicy Lemons, dozen 9c
Tokay Grapes, pound 6c
Pink Meat Cantaloupes, crate ... 75c
Cranberries, quart 10c
Nice White Celery, dozen 25c
No. 10 Snowdrift 89c
No. 10 Silver Leaf Lard $1.19
24-lb. bag Postell's Elegant Flour 94c
24-lb. bag Diamond Patent Flour 85c
24-lb. bag Monogram Flour 73c
24-lb. bag Best Self-Rising Flour ... 79c
Dove Brand Hams, pound ... 19¾c
Breakfast Bacon Sliced, pound 25c
Maxwell House Coffee, pound 30c
Governor's Cup Coffee, pound 25c

FOR SALE—One Van Berkel's Slicing Machine in good order.

GERMANS IN DESPAIR, SAYS SIR JOHN FRENCH

Continued From Page One.

tion after the operations of the 18th, 19th and 20th cannot be summarized better than expressed recently by a neighboring French commander to his corps: 'Having repulsed repeated and violent counter attacks made by the enemy, we have a feeling that we have been victorious.'

"So far as the British are concerned the course of events during these three days can be described in a few words. During the 18th artillery fire was kept up intermittently by both sides during daylight. At night the Germans counter-attacked, but the strokes were not delivered with great vigor and ceased about 2 a. m.

One German Line Cut.

"During the day's fighting an aircraft gun of the third army corps brought down a German aeroplane. News was received also that a body of French cavalry had demolished part of the railway to the north, cutting at least temporarily one line of communication of particular importance to the enemy.

"On Saturday, the 19th, the bombardment was resumed by the Germans at an early hour and continued intermittently under reply from our own guns. Some of their infantry advanced, apparently to attack, but on coming under fire they retired. Otherwise the day was uneventful except for the activity of the artillery.

"We brought down another hostile aeroplane and one of our fliers dropped several bombs over the German line, one falling with considerable effect on a transport park near La Fere. There was a strong wind, accompanied by a driving rain, which militated against the aerial reconnaissance.

"On Sunday, the 20th, nothing of importance occurred until the afternoon, when the Germans made several counter attacks against different points. These were repulsed with loss to the enemy, but our casualties were by no means light.

"The offensive against one or two points was renewed at dusk with no greater success. The brunt of the resistance has naturally fallen upon the infantry. In spite of the fact that they have been drenched to the skin for some days and their trenches have been deep in mud and water, and in spite of the incessant night alarms and the almost continuous bombardment to which they have been subjected, they have on every occasion been ready for the enemy's infantry, and have beaten them back with great loss. Indeed, the sight of the troops coming up has been a positive relief after long, trying hours of inaction under shell fire.

Germans Try to Scare.

"The object of the great proportion of artillery the Germans employ is to beat down the resistance of their enemy by concentrated and prolonged fire, to shatter their nerve with high explosives before the infantry attack is launched. They seem to have relied on doing this with us, but they have not done so, though it has taken them several costly experiments to discover this fact.

"From statements from prisoners it appears that they have been greatly disappointed by the moral effect produced by their heavy guns. The German artillery fire is excellent, but the British soldier is a difficult person to depress, even by immense shells filled with a high explosive, which detonate with terrific violence and form craters large enough to act as graves for five horses.

"The German howitzer shells are from eight to nine inches in calibre, and on impact they send up columns of greasy black smoke. On account of this they are dubbed 'coal boxes,' 'black marias' or 'Jack Johnsons' by the soldiers.

"Men who take things in this spirit are, it seems, likely to throw out the calculations based on the loss of morale so carefully framed by the German military philosophers.

"A considerable amount of information has been gleaned from the prisoners. It has been gathered that our bombardment on the 15th produced a great impression. The opinion is also reported that our infantry makes such good use of the ground that the German companies are decimated by our rifle fire before the British soldier can be seen.

Germans Confess Failure.

"From an official diary captured by the first army corps, it appears that one German corps contains an extraordinary mixture of units. If the composition of the other corps is similar, it may be assumed that the present efficiency of the enemy's forces is in no way comparable with what it was when the war commenced.

"The losses in officers are noted as having been especially severe. A brigade is stated to be commanded by a major; some companies of footguards by one-year volunteers, while after the battle of Montmirail one regiment lost 55 out of 60 officers.

"The prisoners recently captured appreciate the fact that the march on Paris has failed and that their forces are retreating, but state that the object of this movement is explained by the officers as being to withdraw into closer touch with supports which have stayed too far in the rear.

"The officers also are endeavoring to encourage the troops by telling them they will be at home by Christmas. A large number of the men believe they are beaten.

"Following is an extract from one document:

"'With the English troops we have great difficulties. They have a queer way of causing losses to the enemy. They make good trenches, in which they wait patiently; they carefully measure the ranges for their rifle fire and they open a truly hellish fire on the unsuspecting cavalry. This was the reason we had such heavy losses.

"'According to our officers the English striking forces are exhausted; the English people really never wanted war.'

"From another source: 'The English are brave and fight to the last man. One of our companies has lost 130 men out of 240.'

German Officer's Letter.

"The following letter, which refers to the fighting on the Aisne, has been printed and circulated to the troops:

"'Letter found on German officer of seventh reserve corps, Cerny, South of London, September 17, 1914.

"'My dear parents: Our corps has the task of holding the heights south of Cerny in all circumstances till the fourteenth corps on our left flank can grip the enemy's flank. On our right are other corps. We are fighting with the English guards, highlanders and

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Royal Brand Breakfast Bacon ..... 23¢
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Surgeons and Nurses Will Go to German, British, French Russian, Austrian Armies.

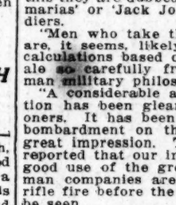
Falmouth, England, September 24.—Three days of rough weather failed to damped the enthusiasm of the American surgeons and nurses on the American hospital ship Red Cross, which dropped anchor here today after a twelve days' voyage from New York. Nurses in gray uniforms, their white caps bearing red crosses, and surgeons in khaki lined the rails of the Red Cross to answer the salute of British boats and cheer Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, U. S. N., retired, who has assumed direction of the party which soon will begin service in the war zone, as he came aboard.

Members of the hospital party immediately were granted shore liberty as the Red Cross will remain here several days pending completion of plans for sending the various units into the field.

The destination of the sixty nurses and surgeons which have been assigned to the British army has not yet been determined. The Russian unit will leave September 30 for Russia via Bergen and Stockholm. The Red Cross itself will sail September 30 for Pauillac, France, where the French contingent will be landed, and from Pauillac to Rotterdam, where the German and Austrian units will be disembarked about October 10. Since it is impossible to land the Austrian unit at Trieste, as requested by the dual monarchy, the party will proceed to Vienna via Rotterdam and Berlin.

Belgium has declined the services of nurses and surgeons, but has accepted gratefully medical supplies, forty tons of which will be sent from Rotterdam to any Belgian city designated. Two units, each consisting of three surgeons and twelve nurses, will be sent with each of the following armies German, British, French, Russian and Austrian. One unit already has been sent to Salonikl on a merchant ship to the Servian army. Each unit carries about twenty tons of medical supplies of a sort especially requested by the army medical officers of the country to which it is assigned.

Cash Gro. Co., 37 S. Broad St.



No. 10 Silver Leaf Lard
99c
With 2 lbs. Pure Coffee at 30c lb.
Guaranteed Country Eggs, dz. 25c

GRAPES N. Y. State Concords, basket .. 12½c
California Tokays, basket ... 24c
If there are any finer ones, ours is free. Why pay double price?
Extra fancy Cranberries, qt., 6½c

Germans Destroyed Cathedral Though Filled With Wounded

London, September 24.—(3:41 a. m.)—The correspondent of The Daily Mail at Rheims, under date of Monday, gives a story by the Abbe Camu of the scenes in the cathedral when it was set on fire. He said

"It was all over in an hour. There were two separate fires. We put out the first with four buckets of water, all we had in the place, but soon another shell struck the roof and the wind drove the flames along the rafters inside of the nave. We rushed up again, but it was flaming all along and we could do nothing.

"There were holes in the ceiling and sparks began to fall through into a great heap of straw the Germans had piled along the north aisle. We tried to catch the sparks in our hands and such of the German wounded as were able helped us.

Set It Blazing.

"But the first spark that fell on the pile set it blazing. There was time to think of nothing but getting out the wounded. They screamed horribly. We carried many of those unable to walk, while others dragged themselves painfully along. Those who had only hand and arm wounds helped their comrades. We got out all except thirteen, whose bodies lie here now.

"When at last I came out of the flaming building I found the whole body of wounded huddled together around the doors. Opposite them was a furiously hostile crowd of civilians and a number of soldiers with their rifles already leveled.

"I sprang forward. 'What are you doing!' I cried.

"'They shall all burn,' shouted the soldiers in answer. 'They shall go back and burn with the cathedral or we will shoot them here.'

"'You are mad!' I exclaimed in reply. 'Think of what this means! All the world will hear of the crime the Germans have committed here and if you shoot these men the world will know that France has been as criminal in her turn. Anyhow,' I said, 'you shall shoot me first for I will not move.'

Saving Wounded Germans.

"Unwillingly the soldiers lowered their rifles and I turned to six German officers who were among the wounded and asked if they would obey me and do everything I told them to. They said they would, and I asked them to tell their men to do the same. Then I made them up in a solid body, those who could walk unaided carrying or helping those who could not. I put myself at the head and we set off to the Hotel de Ville, which is only a few hundred yards away.

"Well, then, the crowd who were mad with grief and rage, set on us. I can't describe it. You have never seen anything so dreadful as that scene. They beat some of the Germans and some of them they got down.

"'Can't you help me,' I called to a French officer I caught sight of.

"'You will never get to the Hotel de Ville like this,' he replied. So I forced my wounded through the gateway of a private house and we managed to close the gates after us.

"They had been roughly treated, some of them, and they stayed there a day and a night before we could move them again."

Allied Attacks Are Repulsed According to Berlin Reports

London, September 24.—The correspondent of the Reuter Telegram company at Berlin in a dispatch reaching here by way of Amsterdam, transmits an official report given out at army headquarters. This announcement is dated September 23, evening, and is as follows:

"The right wing of the German west army, beyond the river Oise, has been engaged in battle with the French, who tried unsuccessfully to envelop it.

"Eastward, as far as the Argonne forest, there were no important engagements today.

"To the east of the Argonne region Varennes was captured in the course of the day and the attack is proceeding.

"German troops attacking the French forts south of Verdun victoriously repulsed a violent counter attack made from Verdun, Toul and across the river Meuse. The heavy artillery used against Tryon-Les-Paroches, Camp Des Romains and Luneville was visibly successful.

"In French Lorraine and on the Alsace frontier French advance guards have at some points been repulsed.

"There has been no decisive action at any point.

"No news has been received from either the Belgian or the eastern theaters of war."

Don't Mourn Destroyed Cathedrals! Germans Say They Can Build Better

Amsterdam, September 24.—(Via London.)—A copy of the Frankfurter Zeitung, published at Frankfort-on-Main, Germany, received here, contains the following:

"War, which destroys, also opens a way to new creators. At all times mankind has regained courage to create new works, stronger and more beautiful than those destroyed.

"If the German armies in their victorious advance have had to hunt the enemy not only from the fortresses but also from the ancient and sacred seats of civilization, we at least have the consolation that a victory bought so dearly eventually will produce greater and more beautiful works than medieval churches towering to the sky."

zouaves. The losses on both sides have been enormous. For the most part this is due to the too brilliant French artillery.

"The English are marvelously trained in making use of ground. One never sees them and one is constantly under fire. The French airmen perform wonderful feats. We cannot get rid of them. As soon as an airman has flown over us, ten minutes later we get their shrapnel fire in our position. We have little artillery in our corps; without it we cannot get forward.

"Three days ago our division took possession of these heights and dug itself in. Two days ago, early in the morning, we were attacked by immensely superior English forces—one brigade and two battalions—and were turned out of our positions. The fellows took five guns from us. It was a tremendous hand-to-hand fight. With the help of reinforcements and the artillery we drove the fellows out of the position again. Our machine guns did excellent work; the English fell in heaps.

"During the first two days of the battle I had only one piece of bread and no water. I spent the night in the rain without my great coat. War is terrible. We are all hoping a decisive battle will end the struggle. If we beat the English, the French resistance soon will be broken. Russia will be quickly dealt with; of this there is no doubt.

"We have received splendid help from the Austrian heavy artillery at Maubeuge. They bombarded Fort Cerfontaine in such a way that there was not ten meters of parapet which did not show enormous craters made by the shells. The armored turrets were found upside down."

Exploit of British Airmen.

"Amongst the items of news are the following:

"Recently a pilot and observer of the royal flying corps were forced by an accident to descend in the enemy's lines. They escaped into thick undergrowth. The enemy seized and smashed the machine, but did not search for our men with much zeal. The men hid till dark and then found their way to the Aisne, across which they swam, reaching camp in safety.

"Numerous floating bridges have been thrown across the Aisne and some permanent bridges had been repaired under fire. On the 20th Lieutenant (name deleted), of the Third Signal corps, royal engineers, was drowned while attempting to swim across the river with a cable.

"Espionage is still carried on by the enemy to a considerable extent. Recently the suspicions of French troops were aroused when they came across a farm from which the horses had been removed. They discovered a telephone connected by an underground cable with the German lines, and the owner of the farm paid the penalty in the usual way in war for his treachery.

"After some cases of village fighting earlier in the war some of our officers reported that the Germans had attempted to approach to close quarters by forcing prisoners to march in front of them. The Germans recently have repeated the same trick on a larger scale against the French, as is shown by the copy of an order given below. It is therein referred to as a ruse, but if that term can be accepted it is a distinctly illegal ruse.

Germans Use Prisoners as Shields.

"'During a recent night attack' (the order reads) 'the Germans drove a column of French prisoners in front of them. This action is to be brought to the notice of all our troops (1) in order to put them on their guard against such a dastardly ruse, (2) in order that every soldier may know how the Germans treat their prisoners. Our troops must not forget that if they allow themselves to be taken prisoners the Germans will not fail to expose them to French bullets.'

"Further evidence has been collected of the misuse of the white flag and other signs of surrender. During recent fighting some German ambulance wagons advanced to collect wounded. An order to cease fire was given to our guns. German battery commanders took advantage of the lull to climb up their observation ladders to locate our guns, which soon afterwards came under a far more accurate fire than any to which they had been subjected up to that time.

"A British officer, captured by the Germans, who later escaped, reports that while a prisoner he saw men who had been fighting, subsequently put on Red Cross brassards.

"That irregular use of the protection afforded by the Geneva convention is not uncommon is confirmed by the fact that on one occasion men in the uniform of combatant units have been captured wearing a Red Cross brassard. The excuse given has been they had been detailed after the fight to look after the wounded. A cavalry officer reports that the driver of a German motor car, with a machine gun mounted on it, wore a Red Cross.

Destruction of Rheims Cathedral.

"Full details of the actual damage done to the Cathedral of Rheims doubtless will have been cabled home, so that no description of it is necessary. The Germans bombarded the cathedral twice with their heavy artillery. One reason it caught fire so quickly was that on one side of it was some scaffolding erected for restoration work. Straw also had been laid on the floor for the German wounded. It is to the credit of the French that virtually all the German wounded were extricated from the burning building. There was no justification on military grounds for this act of vandalism, which seems to have been caused by exasperation born of failure—a sign of impotence rather than of strength. It is noteworthy that a well-known hotel not far from the cathedral, which was kept by a German, was not touched."

DEATH-DEALING BOAT ESCAPES UNINJURED

German Submarine U-9 Commanded by Officer Who Has Just Taken a Bride.

London, September 24.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Amsterdam says the German consul there, according to the newspaper Telegraf, has been advised by his government that submarine U-9, which is credited with blowing up the three British cruisers in the North sea early Tuesday morning, has returned to a German port uninjured.

Notwithstanding that the British and German naval authorities announced that one submarine was responsible for the destruction of three British cruisers Tuesday, Albert Dougherty, chief gunner of the Cressy, one of the cruisers sunk in the raid, as quoted by The Chronicle's Chatham correspondent, insists that he saw five submarines, one of which was sunk.

Submarine Chief a Bridegroom.

Berlin, September 24.—(Via The Hague to London.)—The death-dealing trip of the German submarine U-9, came shortly after the marriage of her commander, Lieutenant Weddingsen.

Lieutenant Weddingsen returned September 18 from a journey to the Shetland Islands and used the opportunity offered by repairs to his craft to wed a Miss Prete, of Hamburg. The following day he returned to his submarine.

Lieutenant Weddingsen was accompanied on his darjng exploit by a crew of twenty men.

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TODAY, SEPT. 25

"CORNFIELD" PIG HAMS
GEORGIA RAISED
18 3-4c lb.
7 to 9 lbs. (LIMIT ONE)

"HONEY DAY"
200 lbs. most delicious "COMB HONEY"
15c lb. Section
(LIMIT ONE)
"USE IN TOWN, HONEY," for your AUNT JEMIMA PANCAKE AND BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.
3 pkgs. either 25c.

"CELERY"
CRISP AND WHITE.
2 Stalks 13c
(LIMIT, TWO)

"SNOWDRIFT"
THE BEST FOR ALL COOKING.
No. 10 tin,
91c
(LIMIT, ONE)

CRANBERRIES
2 quarts 25c.

COFFEE
100 lbs. the famous "HY-GESTA" COFFEE—CAN DRINK without fear of indigestion. 40c lb. usually,
19c lb.
(LIMIT, ONE)

REAL GINGER "SNAPS"
FRESH BAKED, REAL GINGER. NO OLD BLACK PEPPER KIND,
2 lbs. 13c
(LIMIT, TWO)

"FISH"
3 big fat white MACKEREL 25c

BUTTER — Armour's Clover Bloom; sweet and delicious, lb. 35c
COFFEE, High's Special, lb. 19c
FLOUR, Our own "Home-Aid"—best for all baking—24-pound sack 90c
EGGS fresh from country, per dozen 30c
CHEESE—York State, pound 25c

THIS IS THE LIST
FOR YOU TO ORDER FROM TODAY SEPT. 25
JUST GET BUSY ON YOUR PHONES; OR, BETTER STILL, COME TO OUR GROCERY.

4 cans French Sardines 50c
4 cans fat, fresh Herring, in tomato sauce . 50c
6 cans No. 2 new pack Corn 50c
6 cans No. 2 Early June Peas ... 50c
6 cans No. 2 "Sunbeam Tomatoes" 50c
6 cans No. 2 Pork and Beans 50c
6 cans No. 3 Lye Hominy 50c
4 cans No. 3 Red Beets 50c
4 cans No. 3 Spinach 50c
4 cans No. 3 Pie Apples 50c
12 pkgs. 5c Crackers 50c
6 pkgs. 10c Crackers 50c
6 jars Prepared Mustard 50c
11 cans Potted Meats 50c
3 cans Tuna Fish 50c
3 cans ¼-size Deviled Ham 50c
4 cans Hawaiian Pineapple 50c
6 pkgs. Post Toasties 50c
6 quart bottles Dist. Vinegar 50c
6 lbs. best Head Rice 50c
2 bottles "High's" pure Olive Oil 50c
6 pkgs. Puffed Wheat 50c
4 pkgs. Puffed Rice 50c
6 pkgs. Quaker Yellow Corn Meal ... 50c
6 pkgs. Quaker Hominy Grits 50c
6 bots. Sour or Sweet Pickles 50c
6 glasses Pure Apple Jelly 50c
6 bots. Stuffed or Plain Olives 50c
2 "Giant" size Peanut Butter 50c
12 5c "Lighthouse Cleanser" 50c
6 Bon-Ami 50c
6 cakes "Sapolio" 50c
8 10c Rolls Toilet Paper 50c

C. J. HADEN PLEASED WITH MACON MEETING

Committee Will Meet Here Today to Work Out Details of "Lee County Plan."

Charles J. Haden, president of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce, returned from Macon last night and was highly pleased with the success of the meeting of the chamber there.

Mr. Haden expresses confidence in the "Lee county plan," as introduced at the meeting, for the curtailment of the cotton crop. A special committee will meet today in Atlanta to work out the details of the organization, which, in general, is as follows:

The cotton-growers of each county are to organize and incorporate themselves, pledging themselves not to grow more than ten acres of cotton to the plow. The pledge becomes binding when 75 per cent of the plows in the county have been entered in the agreement.

The county organization is to be governed by a board of directors selected one from each militia district, which board shall elect its own chairman. It shall be the duty of each director to see that the argreement of the organization is enforced in his militia district. Members of the corporation can be enjoined from planting more than ten acres to the plow. This feature was indorsed by the chamber because it eliminates the necessity of fines for enforcement of the agreement.

The state organization will be governed by an executive committee consisting of the chairman of the county boards of directors.

The size of the crop may be changed at any time by the will of the members of the organization, each member voting in his own county organization, the will of which organization shall serve as instructions for the vote of the county's director in a ballot of the state executive committee.

Any state having 75 per cent of its plows signed to such an agreement will be eligible to a proposed national organization.

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK BY MINE IN NORTH SEA

London, September 25.—A South Shields' dispatch to the Central News says the Norwegian steamer Hesvik has been destroyed by a mine in the North sea. The chief engineer and an assistant were killed, but the captain and crew of fourteen were rescued by a British warship and brought to South Shields.

GERMAN AFRICAN POST TAKEN BY THE BRITISH

London, September 25.—A Pretoria dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company says it is officially announced that the German post at Schuckmannsberg, near Zambezi, Southern Africa, surrendered, without opposition, September 21 to the Rhodesian police.

ORPHANS OF GEORGIA

The homes, both at Decatur and Hapeville, claim your attention. The one at Decatur, under the auspices of the Methodists, and the one at Hapeville, under the auspices of the Baptiste, in the aggregate, over four hundred children are to be provided for. Kindly bear in mind that Saturday, September 26th, is the day agreed upon as "Work Day," or the giving of the value of a day's work, to the institution nearest your heart, knowing no difference, all are one kinsfolk; and should be cared for. Everything is to be paid for; coal, food, clothes, board, teachers and matrons are to be cared for and paid.

"Now is the harvest time." Please get busy. Remember the **Orphans.** You will never regret what you may do for the dependent one. We are raising wives, teachers, possibly ministers, lawyers, etc. One of the best Baptist governors was raised and trained in an orphans' home. You do not, and cannot possibly know what we are doing, and what may come from our efforts and your contributions.

Please do not overlook Saturday, the 26th, as our day, "The Orphans' Day." Let your responses be liberal and prompt. This is your work, our work, your duty, our duty. Please give it your hearty approval. You know not what may be the results of our united efforts to care for and train and educate the children now dependent and likely to be dependent on your bounty. The training of a child in either institution is the moulding of a man or woman, and it is done on a high plane of intelligence. You never hear of a trained orphan going wrong, no more than you would the child of God-fearing and God-loving parents.

Kindly bear in mind that this is God's work, our work, and your work; and remember us in your efforts, contributions and prayers.

Please send the results of your effort through the regular channels of your church to J. J. Bennett, secretary-treasurer, 700 Walton Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Fraternally yours,
T. S. SCOGGINS,
General Manager.

—(Adv.)

Cincinnati and New York Are Planning to Purchase 200,000 Bales of Cotton

Cincinnati and New York city on Thursday began plans to sell in each city 100,000 bales of cotton at 10 cents a pound within the next few days, according to dispatches from the Associated Press received by The Constitution last night.

Systematic campaigns will be started in both cities to aid the south by boosting the cotton buying movement by a combined purchase of 200,000 bales. The two movements, however, are not connected with each other.

At a meeting held in the rooms of the Merchants' association, in New York, on Thursday 2,200 bales of cotton were sold in about twenty minutes.

Postal Buys Cotton.

With the view of helping along the good work that has already been accomplished in the south by the cotton movement, Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Postal Telegraph-Cable company, has authorized General Division Superintendent G. H. Usher, of the southern division of the company, to buy twenty bales of cotton in twenty towns throughout the cotton belt, at 10 cents per pound.

An order for a bale for Atlanta has been placed with H. Y. McCord, of the chamber of commerce.

More business houses and big companies in all parts of the country are daily buying cotton. Among other concerns which announced plans to buy on Thursday were the following:

The Olsen company, Atlanta, 200 bales; the Gulf Refining company, Pittsburg, 1,000 bales; the Acme Packing company, Chicago, 600 bales; the Myers-Miller Furniture company, Atlanta, 100 bales; the Aviston Milling company, Aviston, Ill., 100 bales; J. J. Hagedorn & Co., West Point, 500 bales.

Baltimore Proposition.

The Crown Cork and Seal company is the name of the Baltimore corporation mentioned in an Associated Press dispatch in The Constitution Thursday morning, which proposes to buy 12,000 bales of cotton, for delivery in September, October and November, which the Baltimore concern will ship to Spain for manufacture.

The Crown Cork and Seal company explains this deal as follows:

The United States government refugee ship from Spain, the "Infanta Isabel," recently landed in Brooklyn, and among her passengers was a prominent cotton broker, sent to this country by spinners in Spain, to confer especially with the Crown Cork and Seal company, with respect to the purchase and shipment for their account of southern cotton.

The agreement was reached that the Crown Cork and Seal company is willing to pay in each of the three months, September, October and November, on this side of the water, the sum of $200,000 against shipping documents, representing purchases of cotton bought for the account of the Spanish concern from ports located in the south, that is, from Galveston, New Orleans and Savannah by the direct neutral steamers of the Crown Cork and Seal company to Spain.

The Crown Cork and Seal company states in a circular that in carrying out this movement it is not only endeavoring to help the south in marketing the cotton crop, but is also establishing a merchant marine between this country and Europe for the interests of bottlers in all sections of the United States. In this way the company is endeavoring to carry sufficient gold and cotton to Spain to finance and keep in operation both the Spanish cotton spinners and its own disc plant and bring back to the United States suffcient cork to be manufactured into Crown corks for its American trade.

Payment for Goods.

The Constitution has received the following letter:

"Editor Constitution: Appreciating your movement to help the southern farmers by buying cotton at 10 cents and holding it from sale, we have decided to take 500 bales from the farmers of Harris and Troup counties, Georgia, and Chambers and Lee counties, Alabama, at 10 cents per pound, in payment of their account and for merchandise. We hope that every merchant in Georgia will join you in your good work, and thank you for this opportunity that you have given us. Yours very truly,

"J. J. HAGEDORN & CO.,
"Per Joe Herzford.

"West Point, Ga., September 23."

Pay for Creditors.

Frank L. Boud, of The Southern Ruralist, makes the suggestion that debtors, in paying up their indebtedness, request their creditors to take cotton in payment. This, says Mr. Boud, will allow many citizens who would like to buy cotton, but have not $50 to spare for the purpose, to see that their money is at least used to help relieve the situation.

Buys 100 Bales.

Columbus, Ga., September 24.—(Special.)—The Georgia Home Insurance company, a local concern, today authorized its president, Rhodes Browne, to purchase one hundred bales of cotton at 10 cents a pound from worthy farmers. Cotton declined ¼ of a cent today, the best being quoted at 8¾ cents.

Return From Washington.

L. G. Council, of Americus, president, and Haynes McFadden, of Atlanta, secretary of the Georgia Bankers' association, returned Thursday from Washington, where they held a consultation with members of the federal reserve board and secured the assurance from Comptroller John Skelton Williams that state banks will be admitted to the federal reserve system under the most favorable conditions possible.

The comptroller in a few days will make a formal ruling on the question of state banks becoming members of the reserve system, with special reference to the excessive loans and real estate loans.

Cotton for Machines.

Mobile, Ala., September 24.—Announcement was made by the local branch of a national adding machine company that until further notice the company would purchase a bale of cotton at 10 cents a pound for every machine sold. The company has set aside $50,000 for this purpose. Two hundred bales bought in Tennessee and Alabama will be stored here.

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With Each 25c Purchase or Over
Ivory Soap . . . . 2c cake
Octagon Soap . . . . 2c cake
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WADE S. DOBBINS DIES AFTER SHORT ILLNESS

Wade S. Dobbins, proprietor of the Dobbins restaurant, 54 Marietta street, died last night at 6 o'clock, at his residence, 257 Washington street. Mr. Dobbins had been in ill health for some time, but was only confined to bed the last three days. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. W. S. Dobbins; two sons, D. W. Dobbins and W. S. Dobbins, Jr., of Atlanta; three daughters, Miss Hattie Dobbins, Mrs. T. L. Dobbins, of Atlanta, and Mrs. J. G. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo. The body was carried to the undertaking parlor of Harry Poole.

Mr. Dobbins, who was 48 years old when he died, came to Atlanta from a farm near Marietta in 1890. He immediately joined the Atlanta police, serving the city in that capacity till 1904. Since that date Mr. Dobbins has been a proprietor of various restaurants in the city, having moved to his present position two years ago.

Mr. Dobbins has been a highly successful business man and has accumulated valuable property since his residence in Atlanta. He was a member of the Order of Odd Fellows and also belonged to the Police Relief association.

BARON VON EISENBACH KILLED BY A JAPANESE

Pekin, September 24.—A letter from a German in Tsing Tau says that Baron von Eisenbach, former second secretary of the German legation at Pekin, was killed by a Japanese patrol dressed in Chinese clothes.

A dispatch from Pekin, sent September 19, said Baron von Eisenbach had been killed before Tsing Tau, September 16, in a skirmish.

VILLA IS URGED TO MAKE PEACE

Continued From Page One.

the genuine welfare of his country and in furtherance of its complete pacification."

"It is apparent from the text of the following telegrams exchanged between Carranza and Villa that the latter had no real grounds for his position and that a peaceful arrangement between them will be found

"Mexico City, September 22, 1914.—Rafael Zubaran, Washington, D. C.: I transmit you herewith information obtained by me in a telegraphic conference with El Paso: When Obregon arrived in Chihuahua Villa was angry because Hills' troops had not left sooner and he asked Obregon to issue orders for the immediate withdrawal of these troops, Obregon replied that he would not do this unless Villa ordered Maytorena's troops be placed under the command of General Cabral. This Villa refused to do.

"When Obregon remained firm in his stand Villa became infuriated and ordered a guard to take Obregon out and shoot him. Obregon fearlessly told Villa that if it were necessary for him to give up his life to obtain the pacification of his country he would gladly do so. Obregon's secretary cried out to Villa, "How can you shoot a disarmed guest?" Raoul Madero added his entreaties and the execution did not take place.

"Obregon is to be kept in Chihuahua until Hill leaves Sonora with his troops. If Hill checks Maytorena Obregon will be shot. Julio Madero carries the order for the withdrawal of Hill's forces. Compliance with it is the only way that the life of Obregon can be saved.

"'V. CARRANZA."

Ordered Railroads Closed.

"Following the receipt of this intelligence, Carranza ordered the closing of the railroads north of Aguas Calientes. When Villa was informed of this move he sent the following telegram to Carranza:

"'Chihuahua, September 22, 1914: I have just been informed that following an order from headquarters the railroad traffic north of Aguas Calientes has been discontinued. This order is an act which shows hostility towards the division of the north, it is absolutely unjustifiable, and one for which I can find no reason. I am requesting you to give me an immediate explanation of this matter so I may know how to cat. The states and cities through which the railroad passes will suffer considerable damage by this order, it is necessary to remedy this condition as soon as possible. I am awaiting your immediate reply.

"'FRANCISCO VILLA.'

"To this communication Carranza replied as follows:

"'Mexico City, September 22, 1914: Before answering your message which I have just received, I desire an explanation of your conduct towards General Obregon in Chihuahua.

"'V. CARRANZA.'

"Villa sent the following telegram to this request:

"'Chihuahua, September 22, 1914—In answer to your message I hereby inform you that General Obregon and other generals of this division left last night for the capital with the purpose of taking up important matters in connection with the general situation of the republic. But in view of the course you have taken which shows an avowed desire to place obstacles in the way of reaching a satisfactory arrangement of all difficulties and to hinder the obtainment of the peace we all so much desire, I have given orders for them to discontnue their trip and to halt at Torreon.

"'Consequently, I inform you that this division will not take part in the convention which you have called and I also inform you that the division of the north no longer recognizes you as the first chief of the republic. and I liberty to pursue any course that may please you.

"'FRANCISCO VILLA.'"

CARBAJAL AND DIAZ ON WAY TO EL PASO.

El Paso, Texas, September 24.—Francisco Carbajal, provisional president of Mexico from the time of Huerta's resignation until General Carranza assumed the place, and Felix Diaz, the first revolutionist against the Madero government, are on their way to El Paso to confer with officers of General Villa, who yesterday announced his independence of the Carranza central government. This was announced today by Carranza officers on advices from agents at New Orleans and San Antonio.

Carranza supporters declared that the financial backing of the old Diaz political party was being allied by the new Villa revolt.

General Alvaro Oregon did not arrive today as had been announced in a telegram from General Villa. It was declared Obregon remained a prisoner of Villa, who, it is reported here, has established headquarters at Chihuahua.

Telegraphic and railroad traffic south of Juarez was suspended today, and the movement of Villa's troops were unknown.

REFUGEES PROTECTED BY CRUISER SALEM.

Havana, September .—The Ward line steamer Esperanz arrived here today from Vera Cruz with a number of Mexican refugees on board. Captain Curtis, of the liner, told how Mexican police agents tried to take sixteen of the refugees off his vessel at Progreso and how the attempt was frustrated by the American scout cruiser Salem.

On reaching Progreso Monday, Cap- Progreso and how the attempt was boarded by Mexican police agents, who demanded the surrender of civil and military officers who had served under President Huerta. Captain Curtis refused to comply, and, after quickly landing passengers destined for Pregreso, put to sea, with his wireless operator calling for the assistance of an American warship. The Salem heard the call, and met the Esperanza 50 miles off Progreso and took aboard her Mexican passengers.

The liner then returned to Progreso, convoyed by the Salem. The police agents made no further efforts to interfer with the ship. After discharging and taking on cargo the Esperanza put to sea, where she met the Salem and relieved the warship of her passengers.

VERA CRUZ ISOLATED FROM MEXICO CITY.

Vera Cruz, September 24.—All the telegraph and telephone wires and the one railroad line linking the capital and Vera Cruz were cut today.

Brigadier General Funston, in command of the United States forces here, and W. W. Canada, the American consul, have been unable to ascertain the reason for the severing of communications or what is transpiring in Mexico City.

A force of men under Higenio Aguilar, a former federal general, began tearing out the railroad north of Esperanza, about 100 miles west of Vera Cruz today and at the same time cut the land wires. The first intimation that these things were being done came from the railroad agent at Esperanza, who sent a messeage to Orizaba, to the south, saying "people are burning the bridges and tearing out the rails." A few minutes later communication ceased. The agent at the station to the east of Esperanza said it was understood there that the work of destruction was being done by Aguilar's men.

A train which left the capital early today was unable to pass a cut and was compelled to return to Mexico City. The train that left here for the capital is returning from Orizaba.

On account of the situation Consul Canada has recommended to the state department the advisability of retaining American troops in Vera Cruz until conditions are more normal. Seven American transports are loading army supplies in anticipation of the evacuation.

It is stated that one of General Villa's agents in Vera Cruz recently canvassed the fugitives here and promised them that if they joined Villa their old ranks would be recognized.

It is said that Higenio Aguilar has about 6,000 men in his force, the greater part of them old army men whose officers have held them together. Associated with Aguilar are Generals Benjamin Argumedo and Andrew Almazan.

It is reported here that General Villa recently attempted to buy ammunition in the United States but failed to contract for more than 2,000,000 rounds.

EFFORTS ARE MADE TO PATCH BREAK.

Mexico City, September 24.—Efforts are being made to patch up the break between Carranza and Villa.

Efforts were made to conceal the break, but it leaked out in certain circles, causing a sensation among military men, and was regarded as most serious. General Pablo Gonzales, chief of the army of the east, has telegraphed Villa an appeal which gives eight reasons why Villa should reconsider his action and remain friendly with Carranza.

These reasons summarized are:

"First: A breach now would bring 'the common enemy, who is the foreigner.'

"Second: The ideals of the revolution now are almost accomplished.

"Third: To retard the peace movement because of personal questions would nullify the good already accomplished.

"Fourth: Your prestige would suffer in public opinion at home and abroad, and your acts be compared with those of Pascual Orozco, whose treason obstructed the labor of rehabilitation during previous revolutions.

"Fifth: You would bring sorrow to the nation.

"Sixth: Gonzales requests Villa now to constitute himself a judge

"Seventh: Gonzales suggests that if Villa's action is inspired by elevation to power of persons whom Villa opposes, a settlement probably can be arranged, if Villa will present the grounds of his objection."

Gonzales then adds:

"Eighth: I believe in grand national problems, not in personalities and I believe there yet is time for the country to encounter in you a true factor of benefit, not an element of discord. I appeal to your patriotism by asking you to remember that the entire constitutionalist army should be undivisible and ever ready to sustain the nation's honor."

HARRISON JONES HEADS LOCAL GEORGIA ALUMNI

The election of officers, enthusiastic speeches pledging support to their alma mater and the beginning of a movement to establish an alumni bureau at Athens, marked the annual meeting of the Atlanta Alumni association of the University of Georgia, held at the University club last night.

The college has long felt the need of a more thorough system of keeping in touch with the boys who have once been students at Athens, and it is believed that by making arrangements for an alumni secretary at the university, the institution will be greatly helped. It will be the duty of this official to issue directories from time to time, to make trips over the state organizing alumni associations, and in every other way possible to keep alive the interest of the graduates.

The following officers were elected:

President—Harrison Jones, '07.

Vice Presidents—First, Judge Marcus Beck, '81; second, Judge Joseph H. Lumpkin, '75; third, Harry Dodd, '97; fourth, Lee Worsham, '07.

Secretary and Treasurer—Thomas W. Connally, '04.

Advisory Board—Walter G. Cooper, '80; Burton Smith, '82; Eugene M. Mitchell, '85; John D. Little, '88; Ben J. Conyers, '84; Edwin C. Stewart, '89; E. E. Dougherty, '95; F. K. Boland, '97; Dan Sage, '05; Phinizy Calhoun, 1900; Harold Hirsch, '01; James K. Jordan, '02; J. Calhoun MacDougall, '08; Sidney O. Smith, '08; George Hurt, '96; Hugh N. Fuller, '13, and Elliott Cheatham '07.

Excellent addresses were made during the evening by Judge Marcus Beck and by Burton Smith and others.

GEORGE BRANHAM DIES IN LOCAL SANITARIUM

George Harlan Branham, the son of Judge and Mrs. Junius W. Branham, of Oxford, Ga., and the nephew of Judge H. E. W. Palmer, of Atlanta, died yesterday afternoon at a local sanitarium of typhoid fever.

Mr. Branham was 23 years old. He was a member of the class of 1912 at Emory, and was a member of the Chi Phi fraternity. When he came to Atlanta to make it his home, he secured a position with the Beck & Gregg Hardware company. At the time of his death he was connected with the Southern Tool and Equipment company.

He is survived by his father and his mother, one sister, Miss Sarah Branham, of Decatur, and three brothers, Rev. Will Branham, a member of the M. E. conference, Rev. Bolling Branham, a medical missionary, and Flournoy Branham, of Oxford.

The body will be taken to Oxford this afternoon for interment, Rev. H. B. Mays, pastor of the Druid Hills Methodist church, of which he was a member, conducting the services there.

MAKE TWO ATTEMPTS TO ROB SAME HOUSE

Twice in the course of twenty minutes was the residence of T. J. Ware, 72 Washington street, entered last night by burglars. About 10 o'clock, Mr. Ware investigated a noise in the rear of the house and found two negroes standing in the door of one of the rooms. Upon his appearance, they slipped out of a window.

Mr. Ware sat down in the room and within a short while, to his surprise, the same two negroes entered the door again. He sprang to his feet and as he did one of the negroes fired at him, the bullet missing and lodging in the wall. The two escaped their second time.

MORE BRITISH OFFICERS DIE FOR THE EMPIRE

London, September 24.—These names appear in the official casualty list issued tonight: Lieutenant Colonel A. Grant-Duff, of the Black Watch, killed in action; Lieutenant Colonel C. Dalton and Lieutenant Colonel I. G. Hogg died in hospital of wounds; Brigadier General Richard C. B. Haking, wounded. Of nine officers killed, five deid of wounds in hospitals and one was drowned.

The list includes eleven wounded, among them Lieutenant G. M. Naylor-Leyland, of the Royal Horse Guards, second son of the late Sir Herbert S. Naylor-Leyland, whose wife was Miss Selah Chamberlain, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Lieutenant Colonel A. Grant-Duff was the third son of the late Right Hon. Sir Mounttuart Grant-Duff, and served in Indian and South Africa. At one time he was assistant secretary of the committee of imperial defense.

Lieutenant Colonel Ian Graham Hogg served in South and West Africa, where he rendered distinguished services.

Brigadier General Haking won the queen's medal in South Africa.

$35

How would you like to select your Fall Suit from 150 rich and exclusive patterns; all at $35.00 each?

Our tailors are Atlanta citizens and paid weekly with Atlanta money.

Jack & Bob HAYES BROS. 9 PEACHTREE STREET Jack & Bob

$35

THERE'S GENUINE PLEASURE
IN WEARING
ADLER'S COLLEGIAN CLOTHES



Because they're Styled, Tailored and Patterned so wonderfully well.

---And the Values

They're better than ever—and that's saying a lot.

You're going to get New Fall Clothes sooner or later—why not now, while stocks are full?

$15 $18
$20 $25

BLACKSTOCK, HALE & MORGAN
Distinctive Clothiers and Furnishers
50-52 Marietta Street

A Tooth Fixed in Time Saves Health



Dr. E. G. Griffin's
Gate City Dental Rooms
24½ Whitehall—Over Brown & Allen's
Phone M. 1708—Lady Attendant
Crown and Bridge Work $4 Teeth Filled 50c Up
$5
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

A Suit of Your Own
—Is a Muse "Exclusive"
—One of a Kind



Ingenious style ideas skilfully developed usually determine the popularity and the price of a suit. The usual fabric is a detail—though certainly an important one.

MUSE one-of-a-kind suits combine the most perfect type of fashioning, of tailoring, of cloth.

The cloth is the subject of today's talk. We purchased these exclusive materials in suit patterns—no two alike. They are English cloths of latest importation.

By way of testing the very excellent idea of such an assortment, come in and look through this most interesting suit collection.

Patterns are as distinctive as they are different—small plaids of brown and green, gray and black, large English overplaids and handsome stripes—the unusual in Scotch mixtures.

English models, with all latest improved finishings, including double-breasted waistcoats.

Select one of these one-of-a-kind suits for YOURS.

$40

LATEST HAT MODES—BEST SHOE STYLES

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
ATLANTA NEW YORK PARIS

One Hundred Women's and Misses' $4.00 Guaranteed Raincoats to Sell at $2.98

A raincoat at $2.98 guaranteed to shed water and **to keep on shedding it.** A new one for that one which by any chance should fail!

This is, perhaps, the most extraordinary, **dependable** announcement of raincoats that has been made in Atlanta.

The coats are by all rules of merchandising $4.00 values; we can and therefore we will sell them at $2.98.

Of rubberized gloria cloth, made in **full** length and **full** size, all sizes for women and misses, shades of tan and mode; splendidly made.

To get one now means a full season's wear and a saving.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Society

Reception for Dr. and Mrs. Lyons.

The members of the First Presbyterian church will entertain at a reception Tuesday evening, September 29, for Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Lyons.

The reception will be held in the Sunday school rooms of the church, and all members of the congregation are invited to attend.

For Miss Dillingham.

Miss Josephine Stoney was hostess at a bridge party yesterday afternoon at her home on Peachtree street for Miss Charlotte Dillingham, of Charleston, S. C., who is visiting Miss Katherine Walker. Quantities of pink zinnias decorated the rooms. The prizes were a silver thimble, a hair ornament and a cut glass sachet holder.

Miss Stoney wore a gown of white taffeta trimmed in black velvet. The guests included members of Miss Stoney's bridge club and one extra table.

Matinee Party.

Mrs. Maurice Hallahan entertained at a matinee party Wednesday afternoon at the Forsyth in compliment to Mrs. William Caffee, of Charleston S. C., the guest of Mrs. B. D. Watkins. The guests were Mrs. W. C. Warren, Mrs. R. B. Ridley, Mrs. Watkins, Mrs. Guy Mitchell and Mrs. R. N. R. Bardwell.

Druid Hills Golf Club.

There will be a tea dansante at the Druid Hills Golf club tomorrow afternoon between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock. The members are urged to make their reservations as early as possible.

Tea will be served on the terrace, and dancing will be in the open.

For Miss Nita Black.

Mrs. Charles S. Northen entertained at bridge yesterday afternoon at her home on Fifth street for Miss Nita Black, whose marriage will take place next week. The guests were Miss Black, Mrs. Thomas P. Hinman, Mrs. John Glenn, Mrs. H. F. West, Mrs. W. C. Jarnagin, Mrs. George Forrester, Mrs. G. Oglesby, Jr., Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, Mrs. Claude Buchanan, Miss Ada Alexander, Miss Louise Black, Miss Mildred Cabaniss, Mrs. Hugh Inman Battey.

Clubs Entertained.

Miss Augusta Gardien and Mr. Roger Gardien will entertain the members of the Vesper club Monday evening at their home on Juniper street. On Tuesday of the following week they will entertain the Hyperion club.

Miss Moore's Luncheon.

Miss Bertha Moore was hostess yesterday at a bridge luncheon, the second of a series of beautiful parties she is giving at her home on Myrtle street. Autumn leaves, brown-eyed Susans and golden rod formed effective decorations through the apartments, and the score cards were hand-painted in autumn leaves. The prizes were silk stockings. Miss Moore received her guests wearing a gown of white charmeuse and black net. The guests were: Miss Margaret Traylor, Miss Josephine Mobley, Miss Virginia Lipscomb, Miss Elizabeth Blanc, Miss Dorothy Harmon, Miss Mignon McCarty, Miss Dorothy High, Miss Corrie Hoyt Brown, Miss Lyda Nash, Miss Mary Peabody, Miss Mary Rice, Miss Lucille Kuhrt, Miss Ferol Humphries, Miss Aline Fielder, Miss Louise Parker, Miss Mae Crichton, Miss Fay Dobbs, Miss Amelia Smith, Miss Nell Walker, Miss Elise Hansell, Miss Marie Dinkins, Miss Evelyn Greene, Miss Mary King, Miss Helen Hawkins, Miss Mary Hawkins, Miss Mary Bowen, Miss Jessie Thompson, Miss Harriet Broyles, Miss Alice Parks, Miss Marie Pappenheimer, Miss Gladys Dunson, Miss Anne Patterson, Miss Kate Cooper, Miss Mamie O'Keefe Kirkpatrick, Miss Christine Cooper, Miss Lawson Hines, Mrs. Warren Holliday and Mrs. James D. Palmer.

For Bridal Party.

Miss Aimee Hunnicutt will entertain at a buffet supper on Wednesday evening, October 14, at her home on Peachtree road for Miss Nellie Kiser Stewart and Mr. Ewing Dean, after the rehearsal for their wedding. The guests will include the members of the wedding party.

To Miss McMillan.

Misses Irene and Lucy Young will entertain at a card party and miscellaneous shower on Saturday afternoon in honor of Miss Elizabeth McMillan, whose marriage to Mr. DeWitt Billingsley will take place October 1st.

Capital City Club Dance.

The dance at the Capital City club tonight will take place on the roof if the weather permits, otherwise, dinner will be served in the ladies' cafe, and the dancing will take place in the adjoining hall.

The informality of these dances has popularized them, and they are always the occasion of an assemblage of one hundred and fifty guests.

For Miss Parker.

Miss Mary King will entertain at a luncheon next Wednesday in honor of Miss Louise Parker and Miss Isoline Campbell, both popular debutantes of the season.

W. C. T. U. Conference.

The Atlanta Frances Willard, Atlanta Patterson, Atlanta Piedmont and the College Park W. C. T. U. will hold a joint conference Friday afternoon, September 26th, at 3 o'clock, in the Sunday school room of Trinity church to arrange for the coming conventions of the state and national W. C. T. U.

Mrs. T. E. Patterson, state president, will be present. Important committees will be formed, and every one who is a member or has been, all honorary members are cordially invited to be present on that occasion.

Capital City Country Club.

The dinner-dance at the Capital City Country club last night was the occasion of a bright assemblage of the club members and their guests.

Covers were laid for seventy-five on prettily appointed tables having as a center decoration French baskets filled with pink and white roses. Dinner was served in the east hall, and the dancing was in the main hall of the club.

Among the hosts and hostesses of the evening were Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Speer, Mr. E. F. Lewis, Mr. Park Dallas, Mr. Walter C. Hill, Mr. J. M. Moore, and Mr. William Dickey, who had as his guests Miss Virginia Lipscomb, Miss Lucile Kuhrt, Miss Adgate Ellis, Miss Louise Broyles, Miss Bertha Moore, Miss Adelaide Davis, Miss Helen McCarthy, Miss Miriam Atchison, Miss Ellen O'Keefe, Miss Dorothy Harmon, Miss Rosalie Davis, Mr. Robert Forrester, Mr. Ewell Gay, Mr. William McKenzie, Mr. Winter Alfriend, Mr. Willard McBurney, Mr. Norman Coledge, Mr. William Manley, Mr. John Hightower, Mr. Howard Conway and Mr. Perrin Nicolson.

Among others present were Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Gentry, Mr. and Mrs. John Woodside, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Luther Rosser, Jr., Miss Nina Gentry, Mr. and Mrs. Macon Martin, Miss Willie Calhoun, Mr. and Mrs. Beaumont Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wessells, Miss Adelaide Singleton, Dr. Hodge, Mr. and Mrs. John Kiser, Mr. and Mrs. John Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Hatcher, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Dodd, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Daniels, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Spalding, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Raine, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Lee Crew, Dr. E. G. Ballenger, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Meador, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Small, Mr. and Mrs. James Williams and others.

Broom Sale.

The ladies of the Wesley Memorial Sunday school will have a broom sale at the Park-Chambers-Hardwick Co. on Saturday for the benefit of the Methodist Orphans' home at Decatur.

Everyone is urged to buy a broom.

Dance at Segadlo's.

There will be a dance tonight at Segadlo's given by the Equal Suffrage League which will be a bright assemblage of the smart set. Wurm's orchestra will furnish the music and tickets are on sale at Jacobs and Brown & Allen's, or can be bought at the door of the hall.

The tickets are a dollar, and include a couple. The public is cordially invited.

Stewart-Dean.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dilworth Stewart have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Nellie Kiser, to Mr. Henry Ewing Dean, on Thursday evening, October the fifteenth, at nine o'clock, one hundred and seventy-seven Juniper street, in the city of Atlanta.

Entertains Friends.

Miss Margaret Gill entertained a number of her friends Wednesday afternoon at her home, 290 Washington street. Toasted marshmallows were served, each guest toasting his or her own over the coals in the fireplace. Those receiving were Mrs. R. L. Harper and her daughters, Misses Joe, Addie and Lillian Harper. Punch was served by Mrs. C. C. Wayne and Mrs. Robert Garland. Mrs. Mary E. Shi, of Macon, was guest of honor. Rook was played, score cards being kept by Miss Julia Ellen Wayne and Master Robert Garland, Ja.

U. D. C. Meeting.

In spite of the inclement weather Thursday afternoon an unusually large number attended the meeting of the Atlanta chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, in the parlors of Hotel Winecoff.

Mrs. T. T. Stephens, vice president, presided. Matters of business were dispatched before the regular program was given. Delegates to the state U. D. C. convention, to be held at Eastman, Ga., were elected, the names to be announced at the next meeting.

A letter of greetings from the president, Mrs. William McCarthy, who is still in Florida, was read by Mrs. J. N. Bedell, corresponding secretary.

Mrs. Howard McCall, state registrar, spoke of a letter she had received from Mrs. Trox Bankston, chairman of the state educational committee, expressing appreciation of the $100 sent by the Atlanta chapter through the Helen Plane educational fund.

Mrs. Wedell, treasurer, read a letter from Mrs. Rebecca Nesbitt acknowledging receipt of check from Atlanta chapter to Georgia room, Confederate museum, at Richmond.

A musical number followed. Mrs. Frances Stevenson and Miss Hazel Stevenson gave a duet for piano and mandolin, which was unusually sweet.

A delightful feature of the program was the "Travel Talk" by Mrs. A. McD. Wilson, who has only recently returned from Europe. Her talk was replete with amusing incidents and thrilling experiences in their efforts to leave the war-stricken country and secure passage to America. Especially interesting were Mrs. Wilson's comments on the women and children left at home while husbands and fathers marched to the front. Her appeal to our women to be conservative and economical during the times that try men's souls was particularly beautiful.

Miss Victoria Copeland sang two solos, accompanied by Miss T. L'lene Thrower. The old song, "Silver Threads Among the Gold," was especially appealing, showing a voice of rare sweetness and purity.

The chapter adjourned with the singing of "Dixie" in concert.

MEETINGS

The Domino circle will meet with Mrs. H. O. Reese, on Virginia avenue, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Take Highland avenue car to Virginia avenue. All members are requested to be present, as there will be an election of officers.

The Inman Park Students' club will meet Friday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. J. N. Bell, 683 Highland avenue.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. Bun Wylie, who have been spending the summer in the mountains of Virginia, have returned home.

***

Mrs. H. E. Gallup, who has been the guest of Mrs. E. L. Wight, Jr., and Mrs. Millner LaHatte, has returned to her home in Birmingham.

***

The Misses Baber Blackshear, of Macon, are the guests of Mrs. W. S Yeates, at her home, 322 West Peachtree street.

***

Mr. Carroll Lattimer is quite ill at his home on Fifteenth street.

***

Mrs. Willshire Riley entertains at bridge this afternoon at her home in the Ponce de Leon for Miss Mary Bowen, a debutante.

***

Mrs. Milton Dargan and Miss Helen Dargan will leave Saturday for New York.

***

Miss Aylette Lapsley returns Sunday to New York after visiting friends in the city for several weeks.

***

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Wardlaw and children have returned from Nacoochee valley.

***

Mrs. William Caffee, of Charleston, S. C., returned home yesterday after a visit to her sister, Mrs. B. D. Watkins.

***

Miss Jan Robinson will leave next week for Washington, D. C., where she will take a course in journalism. While in Washington she will be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. W. N. Anderson.

***

Miss Mildred Powell returned to her home in Newnan yesterday after a visit of two weeks to Mrs. J. G. Earnest.

***

Mrs. John Woodson Rice entertains at a tea this afternoon at her home for her guest, Mrs. Frank L. Dennis, of Colorado Springs.

***

Mrs. Ameda Cregar, of St. Petersburg, Fla., is the guest of Mrs. Frank M. Givin.

***

Mr. R. W. Tidwell and family, Mr. and Mrs. Howard McCall and Mr. and Mrs. George Ober, Jr., will close their summer homes on the Williams Mill road Otcober 1 and open their homes in town.

***

Mrs. W. B. Crouch leaves next Wednesday for a visit to New York.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Watkins and Miss Ruth Barry have taken possession of their home in Ansley Park.

***

Mrs. K. H. Wootten and Miss Katherine Wootten are visiting in Nashville.

***

Dr. Floyd McRae, Jr., who has spent the summer abroad, will return to Atlanta today.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Cam Dorsey announce the birth of a son who has been named Rufus Thomas Dorsey II., for his paternal grandfather, the late Judge Dorsey.

LIBRARY WILL HOLD EXHIBIT OF POSTERS

The Carnegie library will hold an exhibit of posters, placards, signs, etc., by local people, beginning Saturday, September 26. The exhibit is intended to call attention to the library's splendid collection of books along these lines of work, including all kinds of lettering, sign making and window dressing. John Samelson, who has recently come to Atlanta from the art institute of Cincinnati, has co-operated with the library in arranging the exhibit, which will be open to the public until 9:30 o'clock every evening.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY HAS SCHOOL TEACHERS' ROOM

Realizing that school teachers need a quiet place to make their notes and to plan much of their work, Carnegie library has now opened a reference reading room for teachers, and here will be found grouped together the books requested by teachers for immediate school work. Pencils and paper for note-taking will be provided, and the room will be open every day until 9:30 o'clock in the evening. For the present the private office of the librarian connecting with the main reference room is being used for the teachers' reference room.

HANKY PANKY GIRLS GIVE CONCERT TODAY

Principals and chorus of the "Hanky Panky" company, which opens at the Atlanta tonight, will give an open hour performance at Five Points this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The proceeds of the collection which will be taken will be given to the Humane Society.

The concert will consist of songs by the principals and chorus of the company. A piano will be used and the concert will be one of the first of its kind ever given in Atlanta.

SHORTER COLLEGE GIRLS JOIN BUY-A-BALE MOVE

Rome, Ga., September 24.—(Special.) Shorter college girls showed their interest in the buy-a-bale-of-cotton movement today when, after a speech by Dr. Van Hoose, the two literary societies decided to buy two bales of cotton and hold them until they bring 12 cents in the open market.

The young ladies were very enthusiastic in doing this, and the attitude of the Atlanta papers was warmly praised. In one of the most prominent places about the college will be seen in a day or two four bales of cotton with the placard, "We have bought our bale, have you bought yours?"

Walter Strauss Drops Dead.

Miami, Fla., September 24.—Walter Strauss, a New York traveling salesman, was found dead in a hotel here this morning. He was stricken with heart failure in his sample room and fell in his trunk.

JORDAN ISSUES CALL TO DISCUSS COTTON

Conference of Farmers, Merchants, Etc., Will Be Held in New Orleans.

Harvie Jordan, president of the Southern Cotton association, has issued a call for farmers, merchants and others to meet in New Orleans, September 29, to form plans for holding and warehousing the cotton crop. The call follows:

"Farmers, bankers, merchants, editors warehousemen, cotton and fertilizer dealers, boards of trade, clearing house associations, cotton oil millers, ginners and other interests are notified that a cotton conference will be held at New Orleans in the auditorium of the Association of Commerce, on Tuesday, September 29, at 10 o'clock a. m.

"Representatives of the Farmers' union, Southern Cotton congress and affiliated organizations are most cordially requested to be fully represented. This meeting is called under the auspices of the Southern Cotton association by authority of the cotton conference held at New Orleans, August 27-28.

"Definite and systematic plans for holding, warehousing, financing, marketing, minimum price and cutting the cotton acreage for 1915, will be adopted for securing uniform action all over the cotton belt.

"Practically all of the leading railway lines operating throughout the cotton states have granted reduced rates for this meeting.

"The south must depend largely upon its own resources and effective co-operation to solve the present crisis in the cotton situation.

"The federal government will render what financial aid it can only through the national banking system. This has been practically settled.

"The time for definite and concrete action is upon us, and we must meet the situation with all the combined resources at our command.

"Let us gather at New Orleans as we did in January, 1905, and put into motion once more all the vital forces of the south collectively, and as far as possible get relief from the present critical situation. Very truly,

"HARVIE JORDAN,

"President Southern Cotton association."

Christian Endeavorers Will Hold Big Jubilee and Rally At Moore Memorial Church

The Christian Endeavor societies of nearly a score of churches in Atlanta and suburbs will hold a big jubilee and rally at Moore Memorial church at Luckie and Latimer streets, Friday night at 8 o'clock. The public is invited.

The program is as follows

Theme—"Endeavor Pledge."

"Why a Pledge?"—Mr. Charles R. Cunningham.

(Followed by open discussion.)

"The Value of Daily Bible Reading"—Mrs. D. G. Dumas.

"How Can We Support Our Church as the Pledge Requires?"—Mr. R. W. Crenshaw.

Special music.

Popular debate.

"Resolved, That the United States in the interest of peace, should maintain a large army and navy." Fifteen minutes' open discussion, one minute being allowed each speaker.

Special music.

Peace prayer—Dr. A. R. Holderby.

MANY BOYS ARE COMING TO BROTHERHOOD MEET

An usually large attendance of boys, probably 200 or 300 of them, junior members of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, will come to Atlanta for the twenty-ninth annual convention of this organization in October.

A special camp will be set up on the large vacant lot opposite the state capitol and adjacent to St. Philip's cathedral for them, and the boys will live in tents during their week's stay in the city.

Arrangements for taking care of these boys are in charge of W. E. Hannum, chairman of the committee on junior members, and a number of well-known Atlanta citizens will stay in camp with the boys while they are here to see that they are well taken care of.

All of the passenger associations in the territory east of the Mississippi, both north and south of the Ohio river, have made specially attractive rates for the brotherhood convention. With slight exception, due to particular conditions, these rates will be on the basis of 3 cents a mile plus 25 cents for the round trip. The privilege of extending the tickets to November 15 will be allowed upon the payment of $1 here.

CURTIS BEING TRIED ON MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE

P. A. Curtis, the driver of an automobile which ran over and killed Samuel Goldstein during August of last year, is now on trial in Fulton superior court on the charge of manslaughter. His trial began Thursday. The accident occurred August 29, 1913, near the dead man's home at Washington and Crumley streets. Curtis was released under bond of $5,000. The prosecution charges that the driver was neglectful and careless in driving his machine over the victim and that the accident could have been avoided. Both the wife and daughter of Mr. Goldstein were in court throughout the trial.

MAJOR GEORGE MARTIN NOW SAFE IN GERMANY

A letter to Dr. A. L. Fowler from Major George W. Martin, who has so long been stationed at Fort McPherson with the Seventeenth infantry, tells that the major has been placed upon relief work in Munich, Germany, in co-operation with the secretary of war, to assist stranded Americans.

Major Martin and his wife were traveling in Europe while he was away on sick leave. He writes that he will return home as early as possible. His friends throughout the state will be glad to learn that he and Mrs. Martin are safe.

JAS. E. WILLIAMS DIES; WAS FORMER ATLANTAN

James E. Williams, a native of Atlanta and fourth son of the late ex-Mayor James E. Williams, died Thursday morning in Louisville. About three weeks ago he entered a private sanitarium following a mild attack of nervous prostration. He was thought to be improving, but an attack of heart failure caused the sad ending.

His brothers and sisters surviving him are all residents of Atlanta; they are William F., Thomas H., Samuel C., Misses Martha and Elizabeth Williams, Mrs. Claude Williams and Mrs. E. A. Bancker, Jr.

Mr. Williams attained national prominence as a life insurance man. Arrangements for the funeral have not been completed.

CITY BUYS LAND STRIPS TO EXTEND SPRING ST.

Purchase Is Part of Plan for Extensive Improvements of Thoroughfare.

The city Thursday closed a deal with the estate of A. G. Rhodes for the acquisition of two small strips of land on Spring street for $4,500, and the deeds are now being made over to the city. The land was purchased by the city for the purpose of extending Spring street from Fourteenth to Brookwood which will be preliminary to a scheme to extend, widen and pave the street from Marietta street to the Brookwood bridge to connect with Peachtree road.

Recently, the city council appropriated $6,000 for the purchase of part of the Rhodes property and also a small piece of land in the rear of the governor's mansion. The land has already been acquired from the state, and when the deeds to the Rhodes property are turned over to the city property owners on Spring street will be able to proceed without hindrance with the plans.

Councilman A. W. Farlinger says that the plans for making Spring street a continuous boulevard from the center of the city to Brookwood have been perfected and work has already started opening the street from Fourteenth north.

DODDS LEAVE ATLANTA

Salvation Army Workers Are Transferred to Birmingham.

Major and Mrs. Horace Dodd, who have been in charge of the Atlanta headquarters of the Salvation Army, have been transferred to Birmingham, Ala., where they will have supervision of the Salvation Army social institutions throughout Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.

After taking charge of the Atlanta division of the army, Mr. and Mrs. Dodd had the quarters moved from 127½ Decatur street to 158 Whitehall, where the institution has flourished under their progressive management. They have done much for the local division. In view of the scarcity of work, the Salvation Army has been not only a haven of refuge for the big body of unemployed in Atlanta, but has been the invaluable medium through which hundreds have obtained employment.

Major French, of Birmingham, will take charge of the work in Atlanta.

ANTI-TRUST MEASURE INDORSED BY WILSON

Washington, September 24.—President Wilson let it be known today that he indorsed the Clayton anti-trust bill as agreed to in the conference report, which probably will be taken up tomorrow for disposition in the senate. The president, it became known, does not agree with some opponents of the report that the conferees "took the teeth out of the bill," and regards it as a measure that will respond adequately to the demand for regulation of monopolies in suplementing the Sherman act.

Administration leaders tonight were agreed that the president's approval of the bill would go a long way toward limiting opposition to the conference report. Republicans, led by Senators Nelson and Clark, of Wyoming, will be aided in their opposition by Senator Reed, democratic member of the judiciary committee, who insists that the conferees erred in striking some specific penalties from the bill in the sections to prohibit price discrimination and exclusive contracts. He also decries the action of the committee in killing his amendment authorizing the courts to dispose of property of convicted corporations.

Democratic leaders do not expect the debate on the report of the senate to occupy more than two or three days, at the most.

In the house little opposition is anticipated.

By the end of next week the trust legislative program, it is expected, will be on the statute books, the president having decided to sign the federal trade commission bill before Saturday without waiting for the Clayton bill to reach him.

COTTON CONFERENCE HERE IS CALLED OFF

There Will Be No Meeting of Southern Governors in Atlanta Today.

The conference of governors, which was to have been held in Atlanta today and tomorrow to consider the cotton situation and to devise, if possible, some plans for the relief of the farmers of the south, has been called off so far as this city is concerned.

The conference of governors to be held in Washington next week will take the place of the meeting which was to have been held in this city.

Wednesday afternoon Governor Slaton received a telegram from Governor O'Neal, of Alabama, stating that he would be unable to attend the Atlanta meeting. Governor Slaton immediately wired him, suggesting that he inform the other governors he could not be present, in view of the fact that it was he who called the meeting.

Governor Slaton said:

"I do not see what the governors can accomplish by a conference. The constitutions of the several southern states have different provisions. The matter is one for each state to take up separately and independently. have examined the constitution of Georgia, and there is nothing this state can do by calling an extra session of the legislature."

SENTENCE OF TEN YEARS IS GIVEN J. D. HENSON

J. D. Henson, the former employee of the Exposition Cotton mills, who has been on trial for the murder of Will Lawson in a barber shop at 730 Chestnut street, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary Thursday morning. His plea was that he slew Lawson in self-defense.

Sacred Harp Singing.

The regular fourth Sunday Sacred Harp singing will take place at the Soldiers' home Sunday evening. The public is cordially invited.

Bad Complexions Are Now Easily Discarded

Every woman has it in her own hands to possess a beautiful and youthful complexion. No matter how soiled, faded or coarse the cuticle, ordinary mercolized wax will actually remove it, and Nature will substitute a skin as soft, clear and lovely as a child's. The action of the wax is not drastic, but gentle and agreeable. Minute particles of scarf skin come off day by day, yet no evidence of the treatment is discernible, other than the gradual complexional improvement. One ounce of mercolized wax, procurable at any drug store, suffices for most cases. It is put on at bedtime like cold cream and taken off in the morning with warm water. It is a certain method of discarding freckles, liver spots, moth patches, blackheads and pimples.

Wrinkles can be treated with benefit by bathing the face in a lotion prepared by dissolving 1 ounce powdered saxolite in ½ pint witch hazel. Instantaneous results are secured.—(Adv.)





The Secret of Every Beautiful Figure—

R&G RUSTLESS CORSETS

YOU will have a figure—lithe, supple, buoyant as youth itself if you wear R&G Corsets. They are designed on the right lines to produce the most fashionable effects without sacrificing one atom of comfort.

In the latest models of R&G Corsets—just as in the first models made 35 years ago—perfect ease and stylish grace are synonymous. Perfection of workmanship and exquisite materials—at reasonable prices—make R&G Corsets the choice of discriminating women everywhere.

Go to your favorite store today and see the latest R&G Models. Find the particular model suited to your figure, whether tall, short, slim, plump, dainty or stately. Ask especially to see the new Laced-front R&G. It produces the flat-back effect that fashion demands. The soft little dancing models will also interest you. Fitted with elastic sections, tricot back and all the latest devices, R&G Corsets give you unknown comfort and beautiful figure lines.

The New Rex Beach Novel

THE AUCTION BLOCK

Rex Beach's new novel has just been published and is for sale at your booksellers

The story is written with all the author's well-known virility of style, and has more humor than any other of Beach's books.

HARPER & BROTHERS

GRAY & HALEY

Latest Creations In WALL PAPER

Twenty-four Luckie Street

Bell Ivy 736 Atlanta 322

Every Monday Is Our Bargain Day In Used PIANOS

Our immense business in Player-Pianos, covering the entire South, throws upon our Home Office, here, about one hundred used instruments per month. These are received from our customers throughout the South in part payment on new Player-Pianos and are shipped to our central repair shop in Atlanta where they are refinished, repaired or rebuilt as occasion requires.

We sacrifice them on Monday of each week at prices ranging from $75.00 upwards, and on terms that move them quickly. Some are slightly used, all are in first-class playing condition. The values are phenomenal. Full credit for the price paid will be allowed later in exchange for a new instrument if desired.

Our Monday Bargain Sale of Used Pianos has become famous in Atlanta and throughout the South. Call Monday and look them over, or write today for special list reserved for our out-of-town customers.

LUDDEN & BATES SOUTHERN MUSIC HOUSE

80 North Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Oldest Piano House in Southeast



IT WILL HAPPEN ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th

(WATCH THIS SPACE TOMORROW.)

GARRULOUS TURK ORDERED TO LEAVE

A. Rustem Bey Stands by "Lynching" Interview and Will Retire—German Diplomat Disavows Remarks Credited to Him.

Washington, September 24.—President Wilson today manifested to callers his displeasure over recent utterances of some of the diplomats accredited to the United States from belligerent governments. He mentioned no names and told newspaper men he would make no comment, preferring that the discussion be conducted through the regular channels of the state department.

Three published interviews in particular have given the American government offense, one by the Turkish ambassador, A. Rustem Bey; another by Sir Lionel Carden, British minister to Mexico, and a third attributed to Baron Von Schoen, formerly secretary of the German embassy at Tokio, but formally repudiated by him.

Whether other interviews have been taken up officially have not been divulged. The Turkish ambassador, given an opportunity to withdraw his remarks, informed the president he did not care to change his views and would leave the United States soon on leave of absence. His interview compared lynchings in the United States and "water cures" in the Philippines to acts the Turkish people had committed in religious uprisings.

An explanation of the remarks of Sir Lionel Carden, who criticised President Wilson's Mexican policy, is expected to be forwarded by the British foreign office.

Baron Von Schoen called on Acting Secretary Lancing, of the state department, and personally repudiated an interview in which he was represented as saying that war between the United States and Japan was inevitable. The German secretary's explanation was accepted by Mr. Lansing, who said afterward that Baron Von Schoen mentioned it voluntarily while discussing other matters.

The deduction official Washington has drawn from these occurrences is that President Wilson looks with emphatic disfavor on the circulation of propaganda by the diplomatic representatives of any of the belligerents or governments if that propaganda is calculated to play on the patriotism or feelings of the American people in a way that might involve the neutrality of the United States.

ROOSEVELT'S DAUGHTER TO NURSE THE WOUNDED

New York, September 24.—Theodore Roosevelt's youngest daughter, Ethel, wife of Dr. Richard Derby, will nurse the wounded in the hospitals of Paris and her husband will be a surgeon in the French city. The two will sail Saturday. Richard Derby, Jr., their 6-months-old baby, will be taken care of at Colonel Roosevelt's home in Oyster Bay.

Dr. Derby will go abroad in response to the call issued by Dr. Joseph A. Blake, head of the American Ambulance corps in Paris, for six surgeons and a pathologist.

Bankrupt Sale

Stock of General Merchandise, Groceries, Fixtures and Accounts

Georgia, Fulton county:—Pursuant to an order granted by the Honorable Percy H. Adams, referee in bankruptcy, in the matter of Moore Grocery company, 70 West Linden avenue, Atlanta, Georgia, I offer for sale the stock of merchandise invoicing as follows: Furnishings and notions, $1,005.85; dry goods, $632.27; hats, $110.16; shoes, $1,060.62; groceries, $362.32; drugs, $102.43. Total, $3,273.65. Fixtures, $1,602.75. Accounts, $2,129.29.

Sale will be at public outcry in the office of the referee, 513 Grant building, Atlanta, Ga., on Wednesday, September 30th, at 11 a. m. Terms cash. All bids subject to the approval of the referee. For inspection of stock, fixtures, accounts and inventory, inquire of the undersigned.

H. A. FERRIS, Receiver.
305 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.
Dillon, Burruss, Westbrook & Cobach, Attorneys for Receiver.

GOLD POOL FORMED FOR $100,000,000

United States Banks to Raise Sum to Pay Foreign Debts in Cash—Banks in Atlanta and Savannah to Contribute.

Washington September 24.—Final steps were taken today by the federal reserve board to aid the banks of the United States in raising a $100,000,000 gold pool to meet the nation's foreign obligations in cash. Assurances were received from bankers in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and St. Louis that the major part of the fund will be subscribed by them on pledge of other cities to take a due proportion.

Following the receipt of this word, the board sent out to the chief officers of the Clearing House associations in the reserve and central reserve cities circulars telling of the plan and setting forth the amount each particular city has been assessed. It enclosed also the report made by the bankers' committee which recommended the pool plan.

"The board," the circular says "has carefully considered the committee's report and concurs in its conclusion and recommendations. The board is convinced of the necessity of an adequate plan of national co-operation to meet a situation which is of national dimensions, and it has no hesitation, therefore, in giving its approval to the plan proposed by your committee, and recommends your earnest co-operation.

Far-Reaching Effect.

"The board shares the committee's belief that the creation of a large gold fund at this juncture will have a far-reaching effect for good, and will prove an effective factor in restoring confidence, in bringing relief, in protecting and strengthening the country's credit and in facilitating the exportation of our products."

The bankers' report recommended that the fund be handled by a resident committee in New York and suggested Albert H. Wiggin, William Woodward, J. S. Alexander, Francis L. Hine, Benjamin Strong, Jr., and F. A. Vanderlip. This committee, the board in turn, approved.

Each clearing house association is asked to appoint a committee of its own to secure the pledges for the quota to be raised from the national and state banks in its territory. In accord with the bankers' recommendations, only $25,000,000 of the total is to be paid down at present, but the whole amount is to be pledged. To facilitate the transfer of gold or gold certificates to New York by contributing banks, they are to be permitted to deposit their contributions with the nearest subtreasury. The New York committee will have authority to call for installments of the total after the first 25 per cent is paid.

To Continue High Credit.

The bankers' committee had this to say in its report:

"This committee is of the opinion that the continuance of the high credit of this country abroad will be demonstrated, and that normal conditions of the foreign exchange market will best be re-established by the prompt creation of a large gold fund for export if necessary, as suggested in our former report. We propose to arrange the details of the plan of administration with the New York committee so that the requirements of all parts of the United States for foreign exchange will be fairly and impartially dealt with, and we suggest, in the event of any complaint on the part of any contributor to the fund in connection with the distribution or use thereof, your board shall appoint a committee of bankers to pass upon any such question, whose decision, under such rules and regulations as you may prescribe, shall be final."

The board did not make public the amount assessed against any particular clearing house association. It announced, however, that any sums pledged in excess of the $100,000,000 deemed necessary would be applied to a prorata reduction of all subscriptions.

Atlanta Named in Circular.

The circular was sent to the following cities:

Brooklyn, New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, St. Louis, Atlanta, Baltimore, Cedar Rapids, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dallas, Denver, Des Moines, Detroit, Dubuque, Fort Worth, Galveston, Houston, Indianapolis, Kansas City, Mo. Kansas City, Kan.; Lincoln, Los Angeles, Louisville, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, Muskogee, New Orleans, Oklahoma City, Omaha, Pittsburg, Portland, Ore.; Pueblo, Richmond, Salt Lake City, San Antonio, San Francisco, Savannah, Seattle, Sioux City, South Omaha, Spokane, St. Paul, Tacoma, Topeka, Waco, Texas; Washington, D. C., and Wichita, Kan.

The original plan was for the deposit of the $25,000,000 in the branch of the Bank of England in Ottawa, but the present intention is to keep the fund in New York and have the committee there conduct the exchange transactions either direct or through Ottawa.

FUMES OF NITRIC ACID CAUSE THEIR COLLAPSE

Acid Was Spilled in Jersey City Station During a Rush of Commuters.

Jersey City, N. J., September 24.—Ten gallons of nitric acid, spilled from a carboy to the floor of the Erie railroad station during the cummuters rush hour today, gave off fumes which choked scores of persons to unconsciousness, made hundreds ill, stopped traffic on the Hudson tunnels for an hour and packed the station with thousands who verged on panic till a strong force of police quieted them.

Not one of the throng sweeping through the station was touched by the acid as it bubbled and boiled over the stone flooring, giving off clouds of fumes. Two or three persons collapsed immediately, but in most of the many cases of unconsciousness the poison acted as a slow agent. In some cases women were stricken in ferry boats half an hour after they had inhaled the fumes. In perhaps forty instances persons into whose lungs the fumes had not been inhaled for several minutes, suddenly fell over unconscious.

Four men and women aboard ferryboats on which were packed hundreds of hysterical passengers to all appearances became as dead. Their heart beats were no longer audible. Physicians revived them by artificial respiration.

Six persons were taken to hospitals. It was believed they would recover. Three of this number were taken to New York hospitals from ferryboats upon their arrival there. One ferryboat had aboard more than 200 persons made ill by the fumes. Most of these recovered within an hour or so.

"DOWN WITH KAISER" ON WALLS OF BERLIN

Peace Posters Put Up Despite Vigilance of Authorities. Newspaper Suppressed.

London, September 24.—Despite the watchfulness of the German authorities, says a dispatch from Copenhagen to The London Evening News, posters proclaiming, "We want peace; down with the kaiser!" are appearing on the walls of buildings in Berlin.

Travelers driving through the city between railway stations are ordered to keep the blinds of their vehicles drawn so that the posters may not be seen.

Berlin Paper Suppressed.

Amsterdam, September 24.—(Via London.)—The Nieus Van Den Dag says that The Berlin Vorwaerts, which yesterday was ordered suspended for three days, was suppressed for stating in an article that the German advance was in reality a retreat.

MORTUARY

(All funeral notices appear on last page.)

William P. Ragsdale.

William P. Ragsdale, age 76 years, died at a local sanitarium Thursday morning at 3 o'clock. Until lately he was connected with the construction department of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, but gave up his position on account of advanced age and came to Atlanta to live with his daughter, Mrs. Mary F. Stovall. He was well known over the state, his former home being Fairburn, Ga. Besides Mrs. Stovall he is survived by one son, Will Ragsdale; one brother, Hugh M. Ragsdale; a sister, Mrs. Fannie Horton; six grandchildren, Mrs. John H. Hennies, Mrs. W. R. Tuggle, Mrs. Jett C. Henson, Mrs. Ida Coleman, Mrs. Claude Arnold and Miss Mary Stovall, and by four great-grandchildren.

James E. Williams.

James E. Williams, former Atlantan, died Thursday morning at his home in Louisville, Ky., after a three weeks' illness. He was state manager for the Mutual Life Insurance company in Kentucky, and son of the late James E. Williams, who was several times mayor of Atlanta. Surviving him are three brothers, Thomas H., William F. and Samuel C. Williams, and three sisters, Mrs. E. Aa Bancker, Jr., and Misses Martha and Elizabeth Williams, of Atlanta.

Mrs. Adele Hucks.

Mrs. Adele Hucks, aged 27 years, died at a private sanitarium Thursday morning. She is survived by her husband, J. O. Hucks; her father, S. M. Kilgore; by two brothers and four sisters. The body is at Greenberg & Bond's chapel, and will be taken to Woodruff, Ga., for burial.

Howard Allford.

Howard Allford, 7-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. S. I. Allford, died Thursday morning at 8 o'clock at the residence, 46 Almo street. The body is at Poole's chapel.

GREAT STEAMER LINE PASSES ITS INTEREST

New York, September 24.—The International Mercantile Marine, controlling the White Star, Red Star, American and Atlantic Transport lines, today announced that it had decided to defer for the present payment of the semi-annual interest on its 4½ per cent bonds due October 1. Loss of business because of the war in Europe was given as the reason.

The International Mercantile Marine company, which was organized and financed by a syndicate of English and American capitalists, headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., has a capitalization of $101,662,706. The 4½ per cent bonds are known as mortgage and collateral trust, and $52,744,000 are outstanding. They are due in October, 1922, and are subject to call at 105.

The International Mercantile Marine operates a fleet of more than 120 steamships, with a total gross tonnage of over 1,100,000. The company has paid no dividends, and the unpaid accumulated dividends on its 6 per cent preferred stock now amount to 69 per cent.

M'ADOO WHACKING MONEY HOARDERS

Secretary After State Banks as Well as National—He Says Their Hoarding Is Hurtful to Business.

Washington, September 24.—The anti-money-hoarding campaign launched by Secretary McAdoo against national banks, particularly those which have received federal crop-moving money, or which have taken out emergency currency, was broadened today to take in state institutions. Mr. McAdoo sent a telegram to superintendents of banking in each state announcing the restriction of credits by national banks and the high interest rates charged and appealing for all available information regarding state banks and trust companies. He declared that if banks will be persuaded to use resources intelligently the present situation will be greatly relieved.

This was the secretary's second move today in the campaign. Earlier he made public a statement in which he announced that if the state of Tennessee continues to find bankers unwilling to renew a $1,400,000 loan, he himself will take up the task of finding banks who will make such a loan. It was understood that a list of banks which are piling up reserves or hoarding money will be made public tomorrow and that, as announced last night, the practice will be kept up as long as there is occasion for it.

After the State Banks.

Mr. McAdoo's telegram to the state banking superintendents follows:

"Reports now being received by the comptroller of the currency from national banks throughout the country indicate that a money scarcity is being occasioned in large measure because of the hoarding of funds by many national banks, which are carrying reserve, in some cases, two or three times as great as required by law, and also that credits are being restricted and excessive rates of interest are being charged to customers. There is at this time more currency in the country than at any time in its previous history, there having been issued through the treasury department since Agust 4 more than $300,000,000 of additional national bank currency, which, together with the relaxation in business, should create an abundance of loanable funds. This department will withdraw government deposits from banks found to be hoarding money and charging excessive rates of interest, and will redeposit them with banks whose funds are being loaned at reasonable rates to meet the legitimate demands of business and for moving the crops.

"This department would like very much to have your co-operation in its efforts to remedy these unsatisfactory conditions, and respectfully asks if it would not be possible for you to secure from all state banks and trust companies in your state statements which will show their cash reserves as of a recent date, the rates of interest which they are charging on existing loans, and the rates which they are demanding for new accommodations, and give this department the benefit of the information disclosed by these reports It is confidently believed that if all banks can be persuaded to use their resources intelligently and considerately and at reasonable rates of interest to meet the legitimate demands in their respective communities, the whole situation can be greatly relieved and business restored to a satisfactory, if not an entirely normal, basis. Kindly answer."

Extraordinary Hoarding.

Reports to the comptroller of the currency, Secretary McAdoo declared in a statement, indicated an extraordinary hoarding of money by banks throughout the country which he characterized as "indefensible." It was his intention, he announced, to call the attention of the country to guilty banks by issuing a daily list of those with excessive reserves.

In connection with the alleged refusal of national banks to extend credits, Secretary McAdoo today issued this statement:

"Senator Lea, of Tennessee, informs me that the state of Tennessee has $1,600,000 of short term notes maturing October 1st; that the state desires to renew or extend $1,400,000 of these notes; that a commission representing the state has been in New York for sometime trying to effect this loan, but without success.

"It is preposterous that one of the great states of the Union should find it impossible to procure from the banks such a comparatively small amount of money. Senator Lea informs me that he was going to New York last night for the purpose of joining the commission in its efforts to secure the needed loan.

"If Senator Lea and his associates are unable to procure from banks in the city of New York or elsewhere today and upon reasonable terms the desired loan I will myself see if banks cannot be found to take up this loan for the state of Tennessee on the first of October, next, upon reasonable terms and at a reasonable rate of interest."

GERMAN GEN. VON BUSSE KILLED BY THE FRENCH

Berlin, September 24.—(Via The Hague to London.)—The announcement was made here today that Lieutenant General Von Busse was killed in action September 8.

Thus far 38,000 persons have been decorated with the Iron Cross.

GOLD CROWNS AND BRIDGE WORK
$3.00
BEST SET OF TEETH THAT MONEY CAN BUY
$5.00



ALL WORK GUARANTEED
ATLANTA DENTAL PARLORS
Corner Peachtree and Decatur Sts.
Entrance 19½ Peachtree St.

FOWNES GLOVES
at peace prices

ANNOUNCEMENT
by Fownes Brothers & Co. London & New York

The fact that we *personally* manufacture practically every pair of gloves we sell, puts us in an enviable position before the buying public.

On account of our storage supply of the best raw materials on hand, we have not been obliged to increase our prices on *American* or *English* goods. These consist of

Capes and Mochas

unlined, silk-lined, wool-lined and fur-lined, —for men, women and children.

With the supply of light-weight gloves from the European Continent cut off, this should be good news to all who desire good gloves: Fownes quality, Fownes style and Fownes durability at

no increase in price.

Visit your retailer now and supply your fall and winter needs in gloves. If you will insist on Fownes, you will secure *quality*—at peace prices.

"It's a FOWNES—that's all you need to know about a glove."

FOWNES BROTHERS & CO.
119 West 40th St., New York

(This announcement does not include goods made on the Continent of Europe, which consist of light weight kid gloves.)

Hart Schaffner & Marx Model 54
for stylish young men

MODEL 54; one of the best models for a young man ever designed; you can get it of any retailer who sells our clothes; it's worth asking for.

The illustration merely shows the general lines; you need to see the suit; put it on and stand before a mirror; that's the only way to get the exact idea of it.

A three-button, 30-inch coat; single-breasted; wide lapels. A six-button waistcoat, without collar. Notice the trousers especially; straight hang, turn-up, tunnel belt loops.

Tell the salesman to show you Model 54.

At $25 many very choice weaves; tartans, chalklines, serges.



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

DANIEL BROS. CO.
Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Good Clothes



"ATTERBURY SYSTEM" FIFTH AVENUE CLOTHES

WE have never assembled a line of fine clothing with more real enthusiasm than we view this collection of Atterbury System Clothes which fills our cabinets today,

The handsome fabrics and beautiful patterns embraced in this collection are well adapted to the fine needlework, the artistic lines and the very superior fit of these garments; and in bidding you here to look them over it is with the belief that you, too, will absorb what has filled us with such genuine satisfaction.

$20 to $35
Other Makes at $15 and $18
Cloud-Stanford Co.
The Shop of Quality 61 Peachtree Street

AMUSEMENTS

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MAKING THE BANKS THE GOVERNMENT'S "GOATS."

The Constitution is quite sure the federal treasury department does not mean to indict all the national banks in the south when it charges them with hoarding their reserves and withholding aid from the farmer.

We are equally sure there is no deliberate intention to make of a few heedless banks "goats" for failure of Washington to fulfill its pledge of help for the south's cotton problem.

But we respectfully submit that the circumstances under which and the phraseology whereby the department's statement is issued may lead to unwarranted criticism of the national banks of the south as a class; and that the department itself may unjustly be subject to criticism for seeming attempt to shift responsibility, or, in other words, to "pass the buck" on to other sources.

For instance, the national banks of Atlanta, and of the state as a whole, have fully met their obligation. The men at their head guarantee that! In Atlanta the names of these men are synonyms for civic conscientiousness; they are found in every movement making for or essential to the civic or business welfare of city and state.

Blanket indictments are unfair, unfounded and discouraging!

Unintentionally, also, the department places itself in the attitude of seeking a "goat" for the failure of congress to meet the requirements of the situation.

That is probably farthest from the department's purpose. But the effect is the same.

The south was told two months ago to rest secure and unworried in the strong arms of the national government.

Congress would do everything necessary to relieve the situation. Plentiful precedents of help to other sections and projects, not a fraction so well secured, were cited.

Then ensued a period of talk, palaver, futile, fruitless!

Then a gradual shying off and standing from under.

Then the frank avowal that congress could do nothing; that the southern states must pull themselves out of a hole in the making of which they had no part, and the menace from which affected the entire nation; suggestions as to how the states might help themselves were prolific; concrete federal aid dwindled to the vanishing point.

Now, all of the banks in the cotton belt may not have done their full duty, but undoubtedly most of them have, and it is not just to subject the latter to a sweeping blanket indictment which is both unjust and undeserving. If any bank is manifestly taking advantage of the peculiar stress of conditions for its own benefit, then it should be dealt with in specific terms.

In this connection it is worthy of note that the secretary of the treasury in the dispatches published this morning specifically mentions banks of Tennessee, as those of Texas and Arkansas were mentioned yesterday. It is at least gratifying that so far the banks of Georgia have not been subjected to even indirect criticism; and as for the banks of Atlanta they have not only met local demands, but the records show that they are performing their functions not only to their immediate clientele, but to the whole state.

So, whatever may be said of the shortcomings of the banks elsewhere, those of Atlanta cannot be made the "goats" for the failure of congress to measure up to the requirements of the situation.

ATLANTA'S HEALTH FIRST, HER SCHOOLS NEXT!

The Constitution presents elsewhere on this page an exceedingly interesting communication from Major R. J, Guinn, member of the board of education, and prominent in all business and civic enterprises of the city.

As one of the most active members of the board, Major Guinn makes a clear presentation of the situation that confronts those who are charged with the responsibility of adminstering the affairs of the public schools of the city affecting more than 25,000 children, and of interest to every household in the city.

From the manner in which Major Guinn presents the case it will be apparent to every one that the city is now squarely up against the proposition—

Are Atlanta's schools to go backward or forward?

An unequivocal affirmative or negative must be found for the question!

Upon the ability of council to find the sum necessary to end the abominable menace of double sessions in the schools will depend whether the answer is **backward or forward.**

There can be no compromise; situations of this sort do not mark time; they grow better or worse; the double session is **already the first symptom of going to worse;** delay or evasion will only aggravate it.

These are the simple factors in the equation. Everything is to be lost, nothing gained, by blinking any one of them.

It is axiomatic that the only municipal factor that takes right of way in importance to Atlanta's schools is Atlanta's health.

Delay in the matter of schools and the notorious double sessions means disaster; a perhaps permanent impairment of efficiency! Children and teachers already are feeling the unnatural strain of these conditions. That strain will increase in geometrical ratio for each week it is uncorrected. The reasons The Constitution has already specified. They are obvious. They defy contradiction.

The Constitution is sure council will see these facts as they are here stripped. There is encouragement in the statement of Chairman Humphrey, of the finance committee, that he will exhaust his influence to correct conditions. Already his services have been of notable benefit to the city. Solution of this problem will furnish his constructive career with a climax that will lay all Atlanta under obligations to him.

Only a few thousand dollars is needed to end this disgrace, injustice and danger.

A city with the wonderful wealth of Atlanta, with a credit reservoir of more than $6,000,000, can easily find this sum.

THE NATIONS "SIT IN."

The man who is pessimistic regarding the prospects of peace in Europe at a comparatively early date has missed the significance of the huge poker game in which all, or virtually all, the belligerent nations are beginning to participate, the United States being the dealer of the cards, or the supervisor of the game, if you prefer that title.

It is known that upon several occasions President Wilson has tendered the good offices of this government looking toward mediation in Europe.

If the issue had not been so terribly tragic, the manner in which the various nations have nibbled at the bait would present a certain species of humor. At the "first dash out of the box" asseverations were violent and reiterated that never would the smallest or weakest of them, much less the stronger, even entertain proposals looking to peace. Until the respective enemy had been "crushed" there could be no talk of terms upon which hostilities would be suspended.

The latest reply to the American overtures, both from London and Berlin, indirectly by the way, present a curious and somewhat amusing change. The German chancellor has let it be known that he wants first to ascertain upon what basis the allies will discuss peace. Sir Edward Grey, British secretary of foreign affairs, took almost the identical stand when approached by the American ambassador.

In other words, developments justify us in assuming that each contending nation, being now fully aware of the tragic gravity of the war, is anxious to know what its opponent has up its sleeve; there has been no outright refusal, in so many words, to discuss a basis of mediation; but one after another they bluff and fill and jockey to see which shall gain the advantage in the event that fighting is held up long enough to discuss a settlement.

Germany does not want the onus or the humiliation of initiating peace negotiations, even through a friendly mediator. And England, which confessedly speaks for the allies, is equally averse to any policy that might be construed as confessing that the allies do not know how to let go the tail of the bull, so to speak.

The mere fact that all the nations are secretly considering the tenders of the United States is distinctly encouraging. Nothing may come of it. The war may drag interminably. But at least the belligerents have reached that stage where they are stripped of illusions and face facts. That is progress.

Sign for foreign capitals: "This is Our Moving Day."

Widows, orphans and ruins will be the European war exhibit.

American Magazine Pays Tribute to S. J. Coogler, City's Probation Officer

Under the title, "A Cop With Plenary Powers," The American Magazine carries the following interesting story of S. J. Coogler, Atlanta's probation officer:

"The Lord," we are told, "makes the wrath of man to praise Him," which explains S. J. Coogler, the Atlanta cop.

It wasn't Coogler's wrath that started the thing, but another man's. Coogler was on his way home one afternoon twenty years ago when he heard a woman's scream. He turned quickly in the direction of the scream, and entering a tenement room found a rough-looking individual standing over the crumpled form of a woman, his hand raised to strike. The blow was never delivered. Coogler, who had not then acquired the policely dimensions of his later years, landed upon the assailant with one spring and rolled him on the floor. Before that fermented individual knew what had occurred he was standing by Coogler's side at the nearest patrol box. There at length consciousness returned to his misted mind with a rush.

"Let me go, Mr. Officer," he sobbed. "Let me go, and I swear 'fore God I'll never touch a drop again."

Coogler's hand never so much as hesitated in its progress toward the box; he had heard that plea, in almost those precise words, too many times before. Just at that instant, when the key turned in the door, however, he felt a quick tug on his coat and turning found a sobbing little girl looking out of wet eyes into his.

"Please, Mr. Policeman, don't lock Papa up again. Mama doesn't want you to."

Now Coogler has little girls of his own; no little girl has ever tugged at his coat tail without getting exactly what she wanted. He looked around at the poor fellow drooping at his side, then down at the little one, and back at the father again.

"Look here, you," he said, with all the gruffness he could put into his tone, "I'm going to give you one chance to make good. In a minute you'll be free; but listen—I pass this corner at 7 o'clock every night. Every Friday night, rain or shine, you're going to be here with your wife. As long as you keep sober I won't trouble you; but the first time you aren't there, or your wife has a kick coming, I'm going to have you over to court the next morning. And it won't be any ten-day outing, either. You'll get yours and you'll get it good—understand?"

The fellow said he did, and with a quick glance up the street to see that no sergeant was in sight Coogler turned his back and walked away.

The little girl who cried that night is a mother now. Coogler showed me her picture, taken in a family group.

"See the fine-looking old feller holding the kid?" he asked me. "That's the old man. Never missed a Friday night, and ain't had a drink in twenty years."

The "fine-looking old feller" is one of scores. After Coogler discovered how well his system worked, he began letting somebody go almost every week, sneaking around into an alley to do it and holding his breath for fear somebody would find him out. He became the representative of the law in his district in all its majesty: policeman, judge, prosecutor and jury.

"You're guilty of being a worthless loafer around here that ain't worked for six weeks," he'd say to a young scapegrace. "I have a mind to give you ten days. What's that? You'll go to work tomorrow if I'll let you off? Not a bit of work you'll do. How's that? You really mean it?—I tell you what, young feller, I'll give you a six weeks' trial. Meet me every Thursday night at 8 o'clock; as long as you work, all right; the minute you quit the job it's sixty days for yours out at the stockade." Coogler had discovered that he could make men reform by holding his club over their heads, better than by beating them with it.

Two years ago Atlanta took him off the beat and gave him some rooms over a saloon down on Decatur street and made him a sort of city custodian of "bums." If a citizen is approached by a panhandler he hands out a card with Coogler's name and address on it. Coogler provides food and room and a job, if the man is worthy; a board bunk at the stockade if he is not. If the police judge finds a first offender who can't be discharged but deserves another chance, Coogler is there to be a father to him until he gets on his feet again.

He's built on the regulation cop lines—square at the jaw and the toes of the shoes, rounding in between. But there's a mixture of sympathy and force in his face that marks him a handler of men. The highbrows who visit his Haven for Bums occasionally claim that he is the inventor, patentee and first practical operator of adult probation in the country.

But to the other crowd, the height of whose brows cannot be discerned because of the crust of dirt, he's known affectionately as Coogler the Cop.

The Dumdum Myth.

(From The Medical Record.)

The German emperor recently sent a note to President Wilson complaining that the French and English were using dumdum bullets, a practice condemned by all civilized nations as inhuman. President Poincaire and Sir Edward Grey have officially and catagorically denied the charge, and there can be no doubt whatever that the emperor was mistaken. The allies have made the same accusation against Germans, and, of course, are equally mistaken. The explanation of the error on both sides is not far to seek. In an editorial comment on Colonel La Garde's recent work on "Gunshot Injuries" in The Medical Record of May 2, we prophesied that there would be a return to inhumanity in the next war because of the use of the spitz bullet recently introduced by Germany and adopted by several other armies, that of Great Britain and the United States among them. This bullet is quite short, of conical shape, and tapers so gradually that the center of gravity is thrown back near the base; consequently, in spite of its great initial velocity and flat projectory, it has a tendency to turn sideways upon meeting any obstacle, although it will go through the soft parts making a small, clean-cut channel, and do little or no injury unless it hits a vital organ. In the article on "Gunshot Wounds" in the fourth volume of the Reference Handbook of the Medical Sciences, Colonel La Garde says of this bullet: "The least resistance upsets it and in turning at great velocity the wounds it inflicts are very much lacerated and otherwise attended with destructive effects which are not unlike the wounds inflicted by dumdum bullets. For this reason, the new pointed bullet is a great disappointment to military surgeons. In experiments which we conducted two years ago, we found the resistance encountered in the hip-joint, chest, and abdomen of cadavers sufficient to cause the bullet to turn and the resulting wounds were like those of an expanding or metal-patch bullet. Colonel Roosevelt, in his 'African Game Trails,' refers to the wounds of the pointed bullet as having a slashing effect against large game. At 280 and again at 180 yards he brought down two bulls each with one shot, the bullet making 'a terrific rending compared with the heavier ordinary shaped bullet of the same composition.'"

In all probability these spitz-bullet wounds have been mistaken for the explosive lesions of the dumdum bullets, and the accusation of the German emperor was therefore made in good faith, but in curious ignorance of the effects of the missiles used by his own army. Nevertheless the dumdum or a similar bullet has been occasionally used in this war, but by civilians. East Prussia, for instance, is a game country and the hunters there use the dumdum-type of bullet in the chase. The Russian invaders of that country have been frequently attacked by "snipers" who used their hunting rifles loaded with dumdums. It is possible that the civilian hunters in eastern France did the same, and so an occasional dumdum may have been found in the bodies of the German wounded, but that the armies of any of the nations now at war are using this bullet is altogether improbable. They have no occasion to use it, for the spitz bullet is almost as destructive and its employment is just as brutal.

The Loudest Speaker.

(From The New York World.)

Mr. Pinchot has a voice that is easily heard, but in progressive circles the money of George W. Perkins speaks louder.

The Efficiency of School System At Stake, Says Major Guinn

Editor Constitution: For several years it has been apparent that a reconstruction of the system of public education in Atlanta was necessary if the schools were to keep pace with the progress of the city in other lines. Early this year, after thorough consideration of the subject, the board of education determined to reform and reconstruct the entire system.

The first steps in the program of developing an efficient system of public schools have already been taken, with the result that today Atlanta has an entirely new course of study based on progressive ideas in education. The course is comprehensive, and while cultural is also eminently practical, having for its central aim the fitting of the children of this city to meet the actual problems of life and to better discharge their duties and obligations as citizens. This the board of education believes to be the fundamental object of all public education.

Seven-Grade System.

In order that the system might be maintained with as little expense as possible consistent with a high degree of efficiency, the board determined that the necessary instruction properly included in the grammar schools could be given in seven years, without taxing the capacity of the children or the strength of the teachers. Hence, after the fullest consideration, the grades were reduced from eight to seven. This is one of the most economical and sensible pieces of work done by the board. It eliminates the unnecessary work which has heretofore been required in the grammar schools. By shortening the course it encourages more children to stay in school until they have at least finished the grammar school course; it saves one whole year in the educational life of each child in the city; it also saves an entire teacher in each of the schools, and it also means the saving in every school of an entire grade room. Of course for this year, on account of the fact that the seventh grade children under the old system were not ready for the high school, it was necessary to maintain for this year only an "A" and "B" section in the seventh grade, which in some schools amounts this year to two separate grades. But principals and teachers have heartily entered into the program of eliminating the sectioning of the seventh grade, so that next year there will be the straight seven grades.

Reducing Number in Grades.

The adoption of the modern course of study and the reduction of the grammar school course by one year, in fairness to the children and to the teachers, required that there should be a reasonable limit placed upon the number we would undertake to instruct in one grade room. After fully considering the maximum of work each one teacher should be required to do, and considering in connection therewith the right to individual, personal instruction that every child is entitled to, the board reached its conclusion that not more than forty-five children could be successfully taught by only one teacher, and hence adopted a rule to that effect, to which it will adhere. In this position the board is backed by the overwhelming, if not unanimous, opinion of every educator of repute in America. Before this year is out the parents of this city will have a full appreciation of the value of this regulation.

Necessarily the limited facilities in the way of school buildings required that many transfers should be made in order that this regulation be put into effect; though the board, with the assistance of the superintendent's office, have used every care to see that no unnecessary inconvenience should be placed on any child. Personally I do not believe that any child in this city is required to walk more than a mile and a half at the very outside, and cases where as much as a mile is required are very rare. Even with the wisest possible system of transferring, all the children could not be accommodated in the buildings at our disposal. Hence, as a final resort, we were driven either to the double session or to the abandonment of the principle of a maximum in each grade. The effect of the latter action would have been to modify the instruction of not only the overflow but of the entire grade as well.

The public fully understands that there has not been a double session established where it was possible to avoid it. **The public also understands that the board will be exceedingly gratified when facilities are provided whereby double sessions can be abandoned.** The principals and teachers of the system fully appreciate the dilemma of the board—and, be it said to their credit, have without murmur heroically entered upon the task of doing double duty where the same is necessary. This manifestation of loyalty, sympathy and co-operation upon the part of Atlanta teachers is greatly appreciated by the board of education, and by the people as well, I am sure.

The only immediate relief for double sessions can come in the way of the renting of temporary rooms, as has been suggested by The Constitution, and the only permanent relief is to be had through the construction of more schoolhouses for the grammar grades.

Unit System for High Schools.

Another important step in the program of reconstructing the system is that of placing the high schools on the unit system, which means promotion by subjects rather than by grades, and which contemplates the unhampered progress of boys and girls who are willing to work hard in order to fully accomplish the high school course in the shortest possible time.

I notice very little has been said with regard to high school facilities. As a matter of fact, the congestion in both the boys' and girls' high schools produces very unsatisfactory conditions in both these institutions. Next year when both the "A" and "B" classes of the seventh grade grammar schools qualify for high school work, unless some remedy is promptly provided, our high schools will be taxed far beyond their capacity. And unless some provision is made in advance to meet the emergency, which is sure to come, **there will be necessity for double sessions for some of the grades in the high schools at the opening of the session in 1915. Either that must be done or else some of our boys and girls who are entitled to high school instruction must be denied the opportunity of attending these schools.**

The Big Question.

Atlanta is simply face to face with the problem of whether she is going to have a real system of schools, doing really high-class work, or whether she will surrender in this crisis, and be relegated to the rear in the matter of public education. I am satisfied that the people are going to give the board of education the most cordial backing in their work of reforming the public school system, and I am equally as well satisfied that the board of education is going to prove itself faithful to the trust and measure up to the serious responsibility that rests upon it in such manner as will develop a school system that will be a source of pride as well as of satisfaction to every citizen in this community.

R. J. GUINN,
Of the School Board.

Atlanta, Ga., September 24, 1914.

Callaway Proposes Measure To Finance 1914-15 Cotton Crop

Eugene C. Callaway, president of the Fulton County Home Builders' association and a prominent Atlanta business man, in a communication to The Constitution, points out that it is of the most vital importance that the buy-a-bale movement be backed by measures to completely finance the 15,000,000-bale crop of 1914-15.

Mr. Callaway has for many years been in touch with financial conditions in the south and his observations on the present cotton situation will be of general interest. He outlines his plan as follows:

The Callaway Plan.

"Editor Constitution: The buy-a-bale movement has been a wonderful method to steady the cotton market that threatened at one time to go to pieces.

"And yet it is apparent that further measures should be taken to completely finance the 15,000,000-bale cotton crop of 1914-15. Now that congress has failed in this supreme duty, it is necessary to develop a south-wide movement sufficient to finance the crop for the next twelve months.

"I submit a plan with that end in view.

"A corporation should at once be formed with an authorized capital of $250,000,000 to withdraw 5,000,000 bales averaging 500 pounds to a bale, at a basis of 10 cents a pound. The amount of capital actually issued against this authorization would be measured by the number of bales received daily in exchange for this stock. The shares of the corporation should be at a par value of $25 each, so that against each bale of 500 pounds should be issued two shares of stock. This would necessitate a minimum bale of 500 pounds, any excess over this amount in each bale being paid to the owner of such bale at the time of exchange, to avoid complications of bookkeeping.

"Against each 500-pound bale should be issued to the seller of such bale one share of preferred stock, of the par value of $25, and one share of common stock, of the par value of $25—thereby paying the owner of the bale 10 cents per pound for his minimum of 500 pounds, and against which is issued this common and preferred stock.

"The genius of this plan is to invest this preferred stock with the value of an exchange medium. It is not necessary to remind students of political economy of the various commodities used in times past for the purpose of a circulating medium. Tobacco, wheat, corn and various other things in colonial times supplemented the scarcity of coin. If each share of preferred stock, with a par value of $25, issued against each bale of cotton received and properly bonded and stored, was surrounded with proper safeguards, there would be no reason for its not answering every purpose of gold itself as a circulating medium of exchange.

First Step Necessary.

"The first step necessary to invest this preferred stock with the supreme confidence of the public would be an agreement recited on the face of such stock that every share of preferred stock in the corporation would be retired in full before a single share of the common stock would receive any returns. In other words, if 1,000,000 bales were received by such a corporation at 10 cents per pound, against which would be issued $50,000,000 of stock, one-half of this amount, or $25,000,000, would be in preferred stock, which would have to be paid in full before the remaining $25,000,000 of common stock was liquidated. This would simply mean that the preferred stock was predicated on middling cotton at 5 cents per pound and would be the real basis of endowing such preferred stock with the necessary intrinsic value to make it a circulating medium. There would hardly be anyone in the south, or elsewhere, to question the value of cotton at 5 cents per pound as adequate security for the final redemption of this stock. It might be true that government issue of paper money, redeemable in gold or acceptable in payment of import and excise duties, would have higher standing; and yet it is doubtful if such paper money would intrinsically have any better security behind it than this preferred stock.

"This preferred stock would, of course, recite on its face a redeemable clause. It would be non-dividend bearing, and any profit the corporation might make, or any loss that it might sustain, and any expense its operation might entail, would come out of the common stock at its final liquidation. The simple and sole object of the preferred stock would be to make it a circulating medium with a fixed redemption value at par, and with fixed dates of redemption in series. The first series to be redeemed would probably be not earlier than twelve months, nor longer than a period that could be fixed by the corporation when organized. The object of this preferred stock would be to circulate just as greenbacks would. The owner of greenbacks would not expect interest on them, nor would the owner of this preferred stock expect interest or dividends thereon. As previously stated, all the profits, or losses or expenses would be finally prorated when the common stock was liquidated and the emergency corporation wound up its assets and went out of business.

Answer Purpose of Money.

"The preferred certificates would be the size of greenbacks to facilitate handling. Merchants would take them in payment of debts owing them, and would, in turn, remit such preferred stock to others in payment of their own debts, etc., just as they would real paper money. In other words, it would be a circulating or exchange medium representing actual value behind it, just the same as paper money. It would answer every need of money and, in fact, would be money.

"If the whole 5,000,000 bales were sold to such an organization for its preferred and common stock, it would have this effect on the market: The remaining 10,000,000 bales would bring a good price—more than perhaps the entire 15,000,000 bales would have brought had there been no European war. In addition to this, one-half the $250,000,000 capitalization of the 5,000,000 bales would be in preferred stock, circulating just as other money would.

"In other words, there would be no reason for conditions in the south not being actually better, under this plan, than they would have been had there not been any European war and the 15,000,000 bales been dumped on the market in the course of ordinary business; because the knowledge that only 10,000,000 bales would be available for consumption during the cotton season of 1914-15 would, of itself, make the 10,000,000 bales bring an average total of what an ordinary 12,000,000 or 13,000,000-bale crop would bring; and, in addition thereto, there would be $125,000,000 of preferred stock certificates—thereby actually increasing the amount of money in circulation for the next twelve months.

"This buy-a-bale movement will be a feeder for this great proposed holding corporation. Let everyone buy the number of bales for cash that he can afford. Then, in turn, let him sell such purchase of cotton to the corporation and have issued against it 50 per cent of preferred stock, in order to increase the circulating medium. Therefore, each buyer of a bale, at a cost of $50, would, in turn, get back half his investment in this preferred certificate, which would have the effect of reducing his actual investment one-half—or which would be the same thing as increasing his purchasing power to buy more cotton.

"Instead, therefore, of 1,000,000, 2,000,000, 3,000,000, 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 bales being withdrawn and held by individual buyers investing that much of their money without increasing our medium of exchange, it will enable these same buyers of cotton to reduce their investment 50 per cent and add it to the volume of currency in the south.

"The purchase of stock would be entirely by cotton, and the seller of such cotton could have his stock issued in denominations to suit himself in multiples of $25. If he sold four bales and wanted one certificate of preferred stock representing four shares, that certificate would of course be $100, or forty bales would be ten times as much, and could be issued in one certificate preferred of $1,000, if the holder so wished. If would not be wise to later break up such certificates in smaller denominations, but they could be exchanged for smaller denominations of cash or certificates—just the same way that a $100 bill would not have to be recalled by the government and canceled, and have new issues of smaller denominations made against it. The holder of such bill would simply have it changed at any corner grocery. It would not be necessary to have smaller denominations than the $25 certificate, as the ordinary channels of business would have enough United States currency for such smaller denominations. The larger the face value of the certificates the better, as they could then be changed from hand to hand with larger dealers in the liquidation of debts or the purchase of commodities. It would finally be redeemed by the holder and not necessarily by the original party to whom issued.

Not for Private Gain.

"The most necessary condition to the organization of this great corporation would be the character of men heading the movement. It must be organized along beneficent lines and operated purely and simply in the interest of the public good, and not for private or personal gain. The ultimate proceeds of the concern would, of course, accrue to the common stockholders—after the payment of necessary expenses of storage and clerical help; but the whole movement should be conceived and executed by its projectors and executives without personal emolument, and entirely in the interest of the public welfare. It would have to be fathered primarily by some of the great newspapers. It should be taken hold of by some strong chambers of commerce in the southern states, or by a group of bankers. It is unnecessary to say that the great daily papers of Atlanta, or the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, or the Atlanta bankers heading such a movement would not only instantly attract the attention and confidence of the south, but of the whole nation as well. And outside of these agencies there are other citizens of Atlanta whose names would instantly occur to the public as being admirably qualified to fill these requirements. A combination of these four forces issuing an immediate call would find a hearty response from the entire south, and would quickly gather together representatives from various parts of this state, and of other cotton-growing states, from which body an executive board could be selected.

It might be urged that the time is too short for the perfection of such an oraganization, but with a little thought this idea would be found erroneous. First, a local body that would get together and head such a movement should apply for a charter, and pending the thirty days necessary to secure it, all details of the organization could be perfected. A large part of the machinery has already been put in motion, such as bonded warehouses, etc. Cotton buyers are already in every location, and the necessary clerical force could be quickly gathered together.

"Nor would it be necessary to hesitate organizing such a movement on the grounds that perhaps the entire 5,000,000 bales could not be withdrawn. It could; but even if it should not, the movement is wholesome, and to the extent of the number of bales that were received, the circulating medium would be increased that much. The withdrawal of the 5,000,000 bales would depend absolutely on the character of the men, or organization, that promoted the movement—depending altogether upon the supreme confidence that the public would have in the various men in each state, who would get together and put over the organization.

"Finally, the company would be liquidated immediately that the need of the movement no longer existed. It would be a temporary expedient, and the trustees would dispose of the cotton just as soon as conditions warranted. If the crop should be cut down next year to one-third or one-half of this year's crop, the disposal of this holding cotton would be an exceedingly profitable venture, in addition to having performed its primary function of financing the cotton crop of 1914-15 under the prevailing unusual conditions.

E. C. CALLAWAY.

"Atlanta, Ga., September 24, 1914."

Legal Enforcement of Acreage Reduction The Only Salvation

Editor Constitution: In my last communication I appealed to The Constitution to get behind this question of reducing the acreage in cotton, and I thank you in behalf of the whole country for your editorial Sunday entitled, "Relief for Distrussed Cotton Futile Unless 1915 Crop Is Curtailed." I am also glad that Messrs. Frank Hawkins and Robert F. Maddox state clearly that acreage reduction one-half will bring prosperity. I am also glad to see so many counties in the state in mass meetings declaring for legislation to cut the acreage.

You have made it unanswerable that without a reduction the cotton growers will face disaster. It is no use to discuss that. It is no longer an open question. And it is admitted everywhere by every impartial person that acreage reduction is the keynote of the situation. I have shown in a former communication that we cannot depend on the farmers to reduce acreage by pledges or resolutions. A unanimous resoluting and pledging increased the acreage in the nineties with cotton at five cents a pound. This way is not worth a shuck. It must be forced by legislation, either state or federal.

Some say it is unconstitutional without ever seeing the bill that may be presented. It is not known yet whether the bill will be a law for the state legislatures or the national congress. Now, whenever anybody else flies into the prints to say it is unconstitutional let him say wherein it is unconstitutional; let him point out what part of that instrument it violates, and perhaps he will be shown decisions of the supreme court of the United States to the contrary. Governor Joseph E. Brown was chief justice of the supreme court of Georgia, and while governor he recommended such a law, approved it and enforced it. A committee of lawyers composed of United States senators and representatives have reported that the decisions of the supreme court of the United States furnish ample authority for such legislation. There is a marked difference in ad valorem taxation and occupation taxation.

The law will be for the public good, the general welfare, and for the protection of the people of the government. Good lawyers thought the liquor laws were unconstitutional, that they violated the liberty clause of the constitution, etc. Yet the supreme court of the United States did not agree with them. Good lawyers thought it was taking away property without due process of law and denying one the equal protection of the laws not to allow him to shoot partridges on his own land that had fattened on his own grain, but they were mistaken.

And just a few years ago the supreme court of the United States had before them a case from Texas in which good lawyers claimed that the state had no right to place an occupation tax on wholesale dealers in oil, without placing the same tax on all other wholesale dealers in other articles; that this was a violation of the federal constitution, offending the due process clause and the equal protection clause as well. But the supreme court did not so hold and the judgment was affirmed. See U. S. Supreme Court Reports, 54 Lawyers' Edition, 688.

It does not and should not matter whether this necessary legislation comes from congress or from the legislatures of the cotton-raising states. It should come and come quickly from one or the other. It would be more effective from congress and could be enacted quicker, probably. One thing is certain. Everybody ought to be patriotic enough to try to get it from the most available source and not prevent it by trying to shift responsibility for political purposes. In our distress and calamity let us get this legislation and ignore politics and politicians.

Just as soon as this legislation is secured and it is known that the acreage of 1915 will be cut 50 per cent, you will see as great a demand for cotton as you have ever seen this season of the year and ten cents a pound will soon look cheap. Farmers of the south, watch your governors and congressmen and hold them responsible unless they aid this effort to save you and your families from five-cent cotton.

JOSEPH H. FELKER.

Monroe, September 21, 1914.

An Export Duty on Cotton.

Editor Constitution: How will this do for a solution of the cotton problem? Let congress place an export duty of, say three cents per pound on cotton, law to take effect April 1, 1915, and to remain in force eighteen months?

I venture to suggest that the result would be that foreign mills would purchase all the American cotton before April, 1915, that they would expect to use for the next twelve or eighteen months, thus absorbing at a fair price the bulk of the present crop. That after the law went into effect it would operate as a protective duty and stimulus to American mills, and a source of revenue to the government to the extent of what little would be exported under the law thereafter; and, finally, if it could be beat into the farmers' heads that practically the only demand for the 1915 crop under this law would be the home market, they might decide to plant something else next year.

The 1916 crop would be liberated, by expiration of the law, to foreign demand, October 1, of that year.

M. H. LUCAS.

Atlanta, Ga., September 24, 1914.

BARRETT ADDRESSES GA. MANUFACTURERS

Companies in Thirty-Eight Cities Pledge Support to Organization Which Will Be Formally Constituted Today.

Macon, Ga., September 24.—(Special.) Featured by an address at the city auditorium tonight by John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American union, who came here especially for that purpose, the two days' convention of the manufacturers of Georgia got underway here this afternoon with a hundred or more of the most prominent manufacturers of the state and many visitors from adjoining states in attendance.

That a premanent organization will be perfected is now assured, a committee with J. T. Ross, of Atlanta, as chairman, having been designated this afternoon to draw up a constitution and by-laws and submit a slate of officers to be elected at tomorrow's meeting.

To Find New Markets.

Manufacturers in thirty-eight cities of Georgia have pledged their support to the organization, the aim of which will be to further the interests of the manufacturers by finding new markets at home and abroad for their products. Telegrams from manufacturers' associations in other states, President Fairfax Harrison, of the Southern railway; Governor Slaton and many others, expressing best wishes for the new organization were received during the day and read before the convention.

When the association convened this afternoon J. F. Culpepper, vice president of the Benson Clothing company, made a brief address of welcome to the visitors in behalf of the business men of Macon.

J. T. Ross, publisher of "Cotton," the big trade journal, of Atlanta, responded on behalf of the manufacturers. He said that never before was there a time when there was a greater need for co-operation among the manufacturers of Georgia than now, because of the great possibilities ahead of them. He declared a new era has dawned in the manufacturing business, and that higher ideals rule manufacturers today than five years ago. He declared that graft and extortion among the manufacturers is a thing of the past.

Must Meet Conditions.

"We can accomplish good things en masse that we cannot bring about as individuals, and the manufacturers ought to realize this," said Mr. Ross.

"We are going to be confronted with serious conditions within the next twelve months, and we must be able to cope with them through the means of a manufacturers' association."

Secretary E. H. Hyman, of the Macon Chamber of Commerce, made an address stating the reasons why a manufacturers' association should be formed and telling why he called the convention. Manufacturers from 38 cities in Georgia, Mr. Hyman reported, had pledged to support the institution. President Chase, of Monterey, Mex., made an interesting talk of business possibilities in Mexico, and urged the manufacturers to get some of this business.

W. A. Graham Clark, of the United States bureau of commerce, made a most interesting and instructive address on the value of the bureau to the manufacturer, and pledged the support of the bureau to any undertaking of this nature.

Among the visitors to the convention from other states is the delegation from Jacksonville Fla., which will discuss with the visitors the proposition of opening new markets in South America. This question will be discussed at length tomorrow morning. Those in the party are W. N. Conoley secretary of the Jacksonville Board of Trade; Telfair Stockton of the Real Estate exchange, and W. B. Denham, who represent the port commissioners of Jacksonville.

ASK FREE TEXT BOOKS FOR COLORED CHILDREN

E. R. Holmes, head of the Holmes institute, a free school for negroes, appeared before the school board Thursday and appealed for aid in securing school books for negro children whose parents are unable to buy them. Holmes made a splendid appeal to the board, and he impressed the members with the importance of the work he is doing among the children of his race along educational lines.

His talk brought up the discussion which originated in the board sessions last year relating to night schools in all the negro schools. Commissioner James L. Key said that the board would be doing a great work by having night schools in all the negro schools.

Commissioner Guinn also made a strong appeal for bettering the facilities for educating the negro.

As to free school books, the board informed him that there was no money for that purpose, and that nothing could be done at present.

FIVE BUSINESS FIRMS FLEECED BY A NEGRO

Two negroes, Joe Walton and Owen Head, were bound over in the recorder's court yesterday afternoon charged with manipulations of checks in getrich-quick schemes.

Joe Walton was placed under a bond of $2,000 as a common cheat and swindler. According to numerous witnesses for five complaining negro business firms, Joe had successfully fleeced them time and again by giving an order over the phone and asking for change for a $2 bill, always giving the address of a white resident. After meeting the delivery boy he would press upon the guileless delivery boy a worthless check, it is said.

Owen Head will answer to the state courts on three charges of forgery. His bond was fixed at $1,000.

A Good Time to Buy Diamonds

All diamond cutting establishments—both abroad and in this country—are closed down because they cannot get any "rough" diamonds to cut.

This will naturally cause a scarcity, and prices will eventually go up.

The supply is decreasing steadily, and the demand is constantly increasing.

Diamonds are gilt-edge investments.

We send selections by express prepaid on approval.

Convenient monthly payments allowed to those who prefer to buy that way.

Call or write for booklet, "Facts About Diamonds," and 160-page illustrated catalogue.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Diamond Merchants
31 Whitehall Street
Established 1887

Wants to Swap Apples For Cotton Receipts

The apple orchardists of Virginia are facing a situation fully as critical in its way as that of cotton growers. They have an over-supply of apples this year but no market for them. The export trade has been cut off to a large extent, and the apples will not keep. In this they are worse off than the cotton farmers, for cotton will keep indefinitely.

In this predicament, G. C. Starcher, assistant horticulturist of the state of Virginia, has evolved a plan which he thinks will be mutually beneficial. He wants to trade apples for cotton receipts.

He offers to trade Virginia apples at $2.50 to $3 per barrel, for cotton receipts, and says he can supply as many as 50,000 bushels.

Moore Plans Clearing House For Georgia Farm Products

Macon, Ga., September 24.—(Special.) John T. Moore, former mayor of Macon, and one of the most successful farmers in this section of the state, who long ago adopted the plan of diversification of crops, has outlined a plan which he believes is the solution of the problem now confronting the southern farmers and there is a possibility that his plan may be adopted in Macon for the benefit of the Macon trade territory.

A great central clearing house for farm products is the proposition favored by Mr. Moore. He proposes the clearing house shall consist of a grain elevator, flour mill, collecting depot for potatoes, peas, hay, oats and other products and a packing house and refrigeration plant for the preserving or packing of meats.

Mr. Moore declares that the stock man does not use Georgia-raised oats when he can help it for the reason that they are not cleaned and clipped and that the farmer does not raise meat for the reason that he can only kill it in cold weather. The undertaking he proposes, he says, is not near so stupendous as it looks on the face of it. The financing, he declares, can be accomplished by the trading by each farmer of one or more bales of cotton at 10 cents a pound for its equivalent in stock in the association. He figures that there should be 10,000 farmers in Georgia who could buy a share with cotton and this would give a capitalization of a half million dollars. Such action would have the further effect of removing 10,000 bales of cotton from the market.

"It is easy to see what an impetus such a clearing house as this would give to diversified farming," says Mr. Moore, "and what a stimulating effect it would have on the small farmer to utilize his land for the growing of crops other than cotton and his farm for the raising of cattle."

Mr. Moore volunteers to give ten bales of cotton and he has been told by the local brick concerns that they will give a million and a half brick to start the project off. He says he has assurances the city of Macon will give a suitable site for the purpose.

STOPS MACON GAS CO. FROM INCREASING STOCK

S. J. Dannenberg, Small Stock Owner, Secures Injunction in Superior Court.

Macon, Ga., September 24.—(Special.) Judge H. A. Mathews in the Bibb superior court today granted a permanent injunction against the Macon Gas company to keep that company from increasing its capital stock above $500,000. The company some time ago petitioned the railroad commission for authority to issue $200,000 additional common stock.

S. J. Dannenberg, owner of a small block of stock, objected and filed suit in the superior court to prevent the increase, alleging that it was detrimental to his interests as a stockholder.

The company contended in its ahswer that Mr. Dannenberg had purchased his stock holdings for the purpose of embarrassing the company and eventually force it to pay him a large sum for his stock.

In granting the injunction Judge Mathews stated that the supreme court had held repeatedly that where the limit of the capital stock of a corporation is definitely fixed in the charter the objection of a single stockholder is sufficient to prevent the capital being increased, the influence or the motive that causes the stock holder to object making no difference whatever.

The gas company will carry the case to the supreme court.

SIX-INCH SPLINTER FATALLY INJURES SAW MILL WORKER

Waycross, Ga., September 24.—(Special.)—While working in a small sawmill 6 miles east of Waycross today, N. L. Roberson received a fatal injury when a splinter 6 inches long, thrown from a board being trimmed by a circular saw, entered his head through his left eye. Late today the young man was still alive, but physicians hold out no hope for him.

He only recently married, and was in his twenty-third year. His parents are Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Roberson, of Wayne county.

The splinter was wedged into Roberson's head so that the combined efforts of two men were required to extract it.

CASE AGAINST LAWYER IN BERRIEN POSTPONED

Nashville, Ga., September 24.—(Special.)—Judge W. E. Thomas convened the regular session of Berrien superior court on Monday, and has been busy disposing of the civil business on the docket since that time. A number of very important civil cases will be tried during the present week, and next week will be devoted exclusively to the trial of criminal business. There are four murder cases to be tried at this session of court.

A case that has attracted a great deal of attention all over south Georgia is that of the state, on the information of S. F. Guthrie v. R. A. Hendricks, which is a petition brought to disbar Colonel Hendricks, who is one of the most prominent and widely known attorneys in this section of the state. This case was originally set for trial on September 30, but has, by consent of counsel for the plaintiff and the defendant, been continued until October 29, at which time Judge Thomas will call a special session of the superior court to try this case.

S. F. Guthrie, one of the most prominent citizens of Berrien county, is the plaintiff in the proceeding to disbar Colonel Hendricks. He is represented in the matter by Attorney H. J. Quincey, of Ocilla, who filed the petition a few days ago. The charges against Attorney Hendricks are numerous, and the language of the petition is extremely caustic.

PROBLEMS IN CASTING DISCUSSED BY DENTISTS

The Atlanta Society of Dental Surgeons gave a dinner last night at the Piedmont hotel, and discussed phases of a paper read by Dr. T. P. Hinman, on "Technique for Some Problems in Casting."

About seventy-five members were present, among whom were the following officers of the society: Dr. Claude N. Hughes, president; Dr. C. Edward Buchanan, vice president; Dr. Thad Morrison, secretary; Dr. DeLos Hill, treasurer, and Dr. Samuel Silverman, librarian.

THIEF CAUGHT NAPPING IN RANSACKED STORE

Athens, Ga., September 24.—(Special.)—The King-Hodgsnon company's store was last night entered from a basemen door with a skelton key and the cash drawer attempted, an overcoat of the bookkeeper stolen and $40 worth of small articles. Searching for the place of ingress of the burglar this morning about 10 o'clock, Mr. Comer, the bookkeeper, found a negro asleep in the seedroom of the basement with his missing overcoat for a pillow and the missing goods piled around him.

YOUTH NEARS DEATH FROM CHLOROFORM

Police Believe Roy South, 15-Year-Old Schoolboy, Made Suicide Attempt.

Overcome by chloroform, Roy South, 15 years old, a fourth grade pupil of the Ashby Street school, was found just in time by his mother, Mrs. O. W. South, last evening near 8 o'clock. The police patrol was summoned to the house, 6 Lena street, and hastened the unconscious youth to the Grady hospital. The police believe the case one of attempted suicide.

"Roy has always been a good boy, and never given the least trouble till now," his father told a reporter for The Constitution last night. "It is an absolute mystery to me why he made this attempt. The boy has been working during the summer and must have obtained the chloroform at a near-by drug store with his own money.

"The boy went to bed particularly early last evening. He had been in good spirits, and nothing has crossed him, so far as I know. However, it is possible that he may have bought the drug to keep away mosquitoes, of which he has been complaining considerably lately."

It is stated that the boy was unconscious when his mother reached the bedside. A chloroform bridge was fastened over his nose, it was learned, and an empty bottle was found on the floor nearby. At the Grady hospital it is believed that Roy will recover.

J. D. M'CARTY, JR., FINED

Reckless Driving of Automobile Is Alleged.

J. D. McCarty, Jr., of 685 Piedmont avenue, was fined $25 and costs at police station Thursday on the charge of recklessly driving an automobile Sunday evening, August 16, which resulted in the injury of two of its occupants and the ruin of the machine.

McCarty's car, it is alleged by a witness, was traveling 40 miles an hour, when it ran into the machine of Rev. L. E. Barton in front of the latter's residence, 210 St. Charles avenue. Dixon McCarty and Curry Moon, occupants of the McCarty machine, were thrown out and severely injured. McCarty declared his car was making only 25 miles.

PHYSICIANS WITNESS CORSET DEMONSTRATION

Athens, Ga., September 24.—(Special.) The Eighth District Medical association held its annual meeting here today with a good attendance from thirteen counties of the district. The usual exercises of welcome, etc., occurred, and a splendid array of papers on medical, surgical and clinical lines were read. Visitors delivering papers were Dr. E. C. Thrash and Dr. Bernard Wolf, of Atlanta, and W. B. Hardman, of Commerce. A feature of the meet was a demonstration and lecture by Miss Mabel Lott on "Corsetry From the Medical Standpoint."

A delightful occasion socially was the meeting of the doctors, a big barbecue being served to them this afternoon.

Dr. Dan H. Dupree, of Athens, was elected president of the association, succeeding Dr. W. J. Mathews, Elberton; Dr. Stewart Brown, Royston, vice president, succeeding Dr. J. P. Proctor; Dr. E. M. Coleman, secretary. The association meets next at Franklin Springs.

COUNTY SCHOOLS CLOSED THROUGH LACK OF FUNDS

Tifton, Ga., September 24.—(Special.) County Superintendent of Schools R. F. Kersey and the Tift county board of education have set Monday, October 26, as the date for opening the public schools of that county for the usual term of seven months.

Several neighboring counties have announced that they will be unable to open their public schools this fall on account of the money stringency.

The late opening in Tift has the further advantage of giving the farmers a chance to gather their cotton, and the schools should open with a full attendance. There are about thirty schools in the county, employing about forty teachers.

FARMERS NEAR ATHENS ARE HOLDING COTTON

Athens, Ga., September 24.—(Special.)—Farmers of this immediate section of the state are holding their cotton—most of it at home. A road tourist this morning passed twenty-one houses on the road into Oglethorpe county, and found at eighteen places cotton piled in bales on the premises, with seed cotton also piled up at many. From two to twenty bales was the report for each of the eighteen farm houses in 12 miles.

Between four and five hundred bales of cotton have been bought by individuals, firms and through the "buy-a-bale" association—all of this distress cotton. Many of the stores have bales of cotton in their show windows.

WAR REVENUE MEASURE GOES THROUGH TODAY

Underwood Says Country Is Suffering More Than Since War Between States.

Washington, September 24.—Debate on the war revenue bill was in full swing when the house adjourned tonight, with passage assured tomorrow by an overwhelming majority. The measure was taken up under a special rule limiting debate to seven hours and barring amendment, over vigorous opposition from republicans and progressives, supported by thirty democrats.

Democratic Leader Underwood and Representative Payne, of New York, ranking republican member of the ways and means committee, opened the discussion after the fight over the rule.

Mr. Underwood said the country was facing a world-wide disturbance of business conditions and was "suffering in a business way more than we ever have suffered since the war between the states." He said the pending bill was necessary to meet an exigency over which the government had no control, and that ordinarily the present tariff law would be adequate for expenses.

"Of the $75,000,000 in government money deposited in the banks today $60,000,000 was put there by the preceding republican administration," Mr. Underwood said, "and the additional $15,000,000 had been deposited because of the closing of the stock exchange, the change of foreign nations to a paper basis, the dumping of foreign stocks and other reasons.

"If we had not gone to the rescue," he added, "the result would have shaken the financial world from center to circumference."

Mr. Underwood said the democrats had followed the Spanish war taxes of the republicans with a few exceptions, and reminded minority leaders that they approved the plan in 1898.

Representative Payne declared the trade balance against the United States in the first thirteen months of the democratic tariff law exceeded $200,000,000, and that responsibility for financial troubles now lay at the door of the democratic tariff. He asserted that in 1916 there would be no revenue from sugar and asked where the democrats would get the $40,000,000 to counteract that loss.

Mr. Payne reminded Mr. Underwood that he and other democrats opposed the republican Spanish war tax.

During the fight over the special rule Representative Hobson, of Alabama, protested against the provision against amendments.

JOSIAH CARTER WILL BE BURIED TODAY

His Funeral Will Take Place at Powder Springs This Morning.

Washington, September 24.—The funeral of Josiah Carter, secretary to Senator Hoke Smith, who died in Washington Wednesday, will be held at Powder Springs, Ga., this morning. The body, accompanied by A. H. Ulm, left Washington at 10:40 o'clock this morning.

The death of Mr. Carter has caused great sorrow in Washington, where he was extremely popular. Among the newspaper fraternity, with whom he was constantly thrown, he had many friends.

The cause of his illness was never definitely determined.

Mr. Carter was fifty-six years old, and was born in Green county, Ga. His father was J. A. Carter, for many years a well known physician. He is survived by his widow and four children, Mrs. A. Hardy Ulm, Josiah Carter, Jr., of Marietta; Robert Carter, of Washington, and Richard Carter, of Marietta.

Naval Stores Captured In German Merchantmen Held for Their Owners

Savannah, Ga., September 24.—Several cargoes of naval stores, seized in German bottoms and held as contraband of war by the British government, have been saved for their owners, according to an announcement by the Columbia Naval Stores company here this afternoon.

It was said that a representative of the company, sent to London after the seizures, had established the consignees' rights to the stores to the satisfaction of the British court of claims. The amount involved was large.

LOVERS FOUND DEAD LOCKED IN EMBRACE

Chicago, September 24.—Clasped in each other's arms, a big bridal rose pinned to the breast of each, Arthur Roch, a prominent young music teacher, and his fiancee, Miss Katherine Seymour, were found asphyxiated in a closet of Roch's room here today.

They left letters asking that they be buried together. Roch in his letter said that Miss Seymour's health was so poor that her life would be merely a living death. Roch was prosperous and healthy but friends of the young woman said that her illness seemed chronic and that at times both were despondent about it. They felt that marriage with this handicap offered little happiness, but they did not care to face the future separately.

SAFETY APPLIANCES AND TRANSFER TRAINS

Washington, September 24.—In the name of the traveling public and the railroad employes operating on "transfer" trains, the department of justice today filed with the supreme court an application for a review of the decision of the federal courts at St. Louis to the effect that the safety appliance laws are not applicable to "transfer" trains. These trains consist of cars being moved from one breaking up freight yard in a big commercial city, to another.

The government contends that inasmuch as these trains use in most cases the main tracks it is important to the public that they be equipped with safety appliances so as to avoid wrecks. In Chicago the federal courts have held the laws applicable to such traffic, while in New York the courts have held that they were not, as was the case in St. Louis. A review of the St. Louis decision would establish a rule for all the cities interested in such traffic.

ODD FELLOWS REFUSE TO DECLARE FOR PEACE

Atlantic City, N. J., September 24.—The sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows, at its session here today, declined to adopt a resolution declaring for restoration of peace in Europe. Those opposing the resolution held that foreign members of the order might misunderstand the proposed action.

$150,000 Loss by Fire.

Louisville, Ky., September 24.—Fire starting in the basement from an unknown cause tonight virtually destroyed the new manufacturing plant of the Grocers' Biscuit company here, entailing a loss of $150,000.

AT THE THEATERS.

Griffith Masterpiece.

(At The Grand.)

Having created a desire among Atlanta movie lovers for the offerings of the noted David W. Griffith, the Grand Theater yesterday presented for the first time Griffith's greatest picture, "The Avenging Conscience."

Lovers of artistic productions will recall this magnificent picture for months to come. It will be difficult to outclass. It is based on Edgar Allan Poe's "Tell Tale Heart," and is the weird and uncanny drama of a youth terrified by the hideous shapes born of a conscience depressed by the memory of murder.

Such stars as Henry Walthall, Spottiswood Aitken and Blanche Sweet are included in the cast. Walthall, in the role of the conscience-stricken nephew is highly artistic, and so is Miss Sweet. The story is a splendid drama, shot through with keen heart-interest. The "Avenging Conscience" will be shown at the Grand for the remainder of the week.

"Hanky Panky."

(At the Atlanta.)

Tonight patrons of the Atlanta will witness the first presentation of a jolly musical show, "Hanky Panky," which has a record of two years in the big cities. "Hanky Panky" is a jumble of jollification and is made to bring laughter and joy to all. It is a musical production of the review type and is complete in its list of principals, chorus, augmented orchestra and all that makes for the success of a musical entertainment. It is sure to attract a big audience. The chorus is one of the largest and prettiest seen south since "The Follies," while the list of principals is made up of prominent players. The engagement includes a matinee and night performance Saturday.

"Oh, Oh, Delphine."

(At the Atlanta.)

Seats are now selling for the engagement of the big Klaw & Erlanger production of "Oh, Oh, Delphine," which comes Monday and Tuesday with a Tuesday matinee. This is a musical play by the authors of "The Pink Lady" and "The Little Cafe," and is one of the most pleasing ever produced. It remained at the New Amsterdam a full year and has been seen only in a few of the larger cities. A company up to the highest standard maintained by Klaw & Erlanger is on the road and the performances are certain to please. In fact, the critics of the south have been heaping praises upon the players and play and it is pronounced the best seen on tour in a long, long time.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Forsyth.)

When people turn out and pack a theater at matinee and night on a day as wretched as was Thursday, there must be an attraction in the playhouse that has magnetism. The Forsyth record on Thursday was practically a sell-out at both the matinee and night performances. The bill is indeed an excellent one. There are seven feature acts—comedy, novelty and music. The bill for the week that starts with matinee on next Monday afternoon promises to hold to the swift pace that has been set. The star headliner will be Bryand Cheerbert's Marvelous Manchurians, a quintet of wonderful Chinese who are surely the greatest of all living sensational gymnasts. These men are the most perfect specimens of physical superiority on the stage. A great musical treat will be the offering of the Five Salon Singers and a comedy treat will be offered by Smith, Cook and Marie Brandon.

Extravaganza.

(At the Lyric.)

"The Trans-Atlantics" are clinching the hit that extravaganza has scored at the Lyric. Despite strong and popular counter attractions and some weather that is not calculated to help theater attendance, the cozy theater has been well filled with representative people at the six performances that have been recorded, and there is a most encouraging advance sale for tonight and the matinee and night on Saturday. For next week the attraction will be "The Gay Morning Glories," and right here it might as well be known again that every company coming to the Lyric comes direct from Birmingham and that every show at the Lyric goes on to Nashville. There is a new company, new principals, new chorus, new costumes and scenery and everything every week. The two one-act comedies were written by Ben Welch, one of the most popular comedians known to local theatergoers.

Jewell Kelley Co.

(At the Bijou.)

The Jewell Kelley company is drawing well-pleased audiences to the Bijou this week with the English melodrama, "Snug Harbor." In the staging of the play and in the story told the offering is one of the most enjoyable of the stock season and theatergoers who have visited the Bijou this week have freely expressed their satisfaction at the splendid manner in which the play has been produced. Indications point to a good week's business. The stock company has in preparation for next week two plays which will give theatergoers an opportunity to choose their favorite, for at the daily matinees beginning Monday afternoon the old favorite, "East Lynne," will be offered and at the night performances the western comedy drama entitled "Kit Carson" is announced.

GORE PROPOSES PROBE OF STANDARD OIL TRUST

Washington, September 24.—An exhaustive investigation of the Standard Oil company was proposed as the first duty to be imposed upon the newly-created federal trade commission in a resolution introduced today by Senator Gore, of Oklahoma. Action was delayed until tomorrow.

The resolution calls for a probe of the relations between the various branches of the company as dissolved by the supreme court and of the methods employed by their respective refining and transportation agencies toward independent producers. Attention also is called to alleged efforts to control the price of crude oil on the part of these companies, and the commission would be instructed to make a comparison of the capital and dividends of the company for three years prior to dissolution with those of the independent concerns.

NEW EXPRESS RATES TO AID TRUCK RAISERS

Tifton, Ga., September 24.—(Special.) The Southern Express company has new rates under consideration for points in this section to the nroth and east which will do much to promote the truck industry here and mean a big saving to the growers. The rates under consideration have been submitted to the interstate commerce commission, and, if approved, will go into effect November 1. They embrace practically all basing points in the east and middle west, and in nearly every instance give reductions to and from south Georgia points.

PANAMA CANAL SHOW WON'T BE POSTPONED

Secretary Bryan Says Exposition Will Be Held at San Francisco Despite War.

Washington, September 24.—Secretary Bryan today announced formally that the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco would not be postponed because of the European war. No foreign nation, he said, had given notice of its intention to withdraw from participation because of the conflict.

Mr. Bryan's statement said, in part:

"The Panama-Pacific International exposition will open February 20, 1915, according to the original plan. The government has received official notice from thirty-seven foreign governments of their intentions to participate. No foreign nation has given notice of its intention to withdraw on account of the war.

"The exposition also has received assurances from committees in four nations that the people of those nations would participate. Among these committees were two formed in Great Britain and Germany. Neither has given notice of governmental participation.

"France and Italy have given notice that they will proceed with their plans for participation, notwithstanding disturbed conditions in Europe.

"The European nations which have given notice of participation are France, Italy, Austria-Hungary, Portugal, Sweden, The Netherlands, Denmark, Greece, Norway and Turkey. Spain recently advised this government it intends to participate.

"Twenty-nine other nations in Latin-America, the Orient and Australasia have given notice of participation, and many are at work on their buildings.

"Forty-six states have arranged for participation in the exposition. The other states are at work on plans for taking part.

"One South American government has increased its appropriation since the war began and all are alive to the opportunity of extending their commerce with the United States through the exposition.

CLARKE COUNTY RIFLES WILL BE REORGANIZED

Athens, Ga., September 24.—(Special.)—With W. F. Dobbs and C. E. Martin, experienced young military men, at the head of the movement, the Clarke County Rifles will be reorganized, and Athens, without a company of the national guard for two years or more, hopes to get back into the ranks with a bigger and better company than ever.

BOTTLED REST LATEST FEAT OF SCIENTISTS

Modern scientists claim that there is no reason why people should not live to be one hundred years old. When asked what is the golden formula to attain this great age, they all reply, "take plenty of rest and exercise."

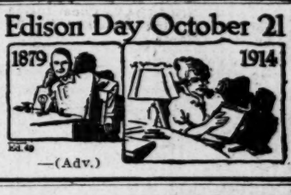
It sounds very simple, but is it really as simple as it sounds? The advantages of modern civilization must be paid for by unremitting toil. The wife in her home and the husband in his workshop both feel the extra strain that is being put upon them. But there is no rest. Even one's pleasures and amusements are so strenuous that they tax the body and brain as much as the working hours do.

But, "other times, other ways," for rest can now be taken in bottle form. Tona Vita, the new tonic, acts on the body like sunshine acts on the earth. It brings fresh vitality, insures a hearty, healthy appetite and at the end of the day's work induces a peaceful, natural sleep.

Thousands of old people, and others who have felt prematurely old, have taken a new lease on life by the use of Tona Vita, and they all claim that this tonic should be in every home.

Tona Vita can be obtained in Atlanta at any of the large drug stores. Tona Vita Medicine Co., Dayton, Ohio.—(Adv.)

Edison Day October 21



—(Adv.)

Eiseman Bros. INC.

Boys' and Children's Department Entire 2nd Floor

Youths' Long Pants Suits--

The "first long trousers" is an epochal milestone in every lad's life, a memorable date, too, for fond mothers, who see in the transition the first decisive step towards manhood.

Youths from 15 to 18 years old, conscious of ethics of style, and pretty keen, too, for snappy, good-looking clothes, will be delighted with these models; and we want to say right here that the strictly "mannish" effects in the clothes we are showing for youths this fall are making a hit with the boys; and the suits surpass for excellence of material, variety of fabric, and remarkable merit of workmanship, anything we have been able to offer at previous seasons. Really very smart styles; the typically English cut effects, straight lines, narrow and snug-fitting.

These suits are cut and tailored by specialists in youths' and young men's clothing. Made of beautiful mixtures in fancy effects, and of the popular and attractive Tartan plaids.

$12.50 to $22.50

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The Largest Stock--

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The "Thames" Last English of Course

This cut is an absolute likeness of the above last which we are showing in one of BANISTER'S Fine Fall and Winter Shoes.

It's the Young Man's Popular English—a bal model in Dark Mahogany and Black Russia Calf—blind eyelets—and the price is $7.00—

The BANISTER SHOE stands pre-eminent—we're **Atlanta's Sole Agents**—

Parks-Chambers-Hardwick COMPANY
37-39 Peachtree Atlanta, Ga.

Sports

Braves Open Gap Further

Edited By Dick Jemison

ATLANTA BOY AIDS BRAVES IN FIGHT

Red Smith's Big Bat Has Proven Formidable in Recent Games.

Atlanta fans have had just cause to be interested and to pull for the Braves in their fight to win the National League pennant, a feat that they have just about accomplished.

In the first place, like all Americans, they were for the underdog and when the Braves started their spurt from last place they pulled and pulled hard.

Then George Stallings, being a Georgian, caught the sentimental members of the fan colony.

But the main reason that local fans like the Braves, is that a native son, an Atlanta born and reared boy, is playing third base for them, J. Carlisle "Red" Smith, known all over the south, first with the Auburn nine and later with Nashville and Brooklyn.

His recent trade to the Braves was just the tonic Red needed. Since then, J. Carlisle has been murdering the baseball and his big bat has been figuring in the recent vitcories of Stallings' men.

Red's bat won Wednesday's game and it was prominent in the first game of the double-header Thursday. With Red on third, the Braves now have a splendid infield, with every one of the quartet, a fighter, oozing pep all the time.

STANDING OF CLUBS

American League. CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.	National League. CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Phila	92	49	.653	Boston	82	56	.594
Boston	86	54	.614	New York	76	64	.543
Washing'n.	77	68	.531	St. Louis	76	66	.535
Detroit	75	69	.521	Chicago	75	68	.525
Chicago	67	76	.469	Phila	69	74	.483
New York.	64	77	.454	Brooklyn	68	74	.479
St. Louis.	62	78	.447	Pittsburg	62	78	.443
Cleveland.	51	98	.342	Cincinnati.	57	85	.401

Federal League. CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Ind'lis	79	62	.560	Brooklyn	71	71	.500
Chicago	79	62	.560	Kan. City.	66	74	.471
Baltimore.	73	64	.533	St. Louis	61	79	.436
Buffalo	72	65	.525	Pittsburg	55	80	.407

TODAY'S GAMES

American League.
Phila'phia in Chicago. Boston in St. Louis.
New York in Detroit. Wash'ton in Cleve'nd.

National League.
Cincin'ti in Boston. Pitts'rg in Brooklyn.
St. Louis in New York. Chicago in Phila'hia

Federal League.
Indian'lis in Pitts'g. St. Louis in Balt're.
Chicago in Brooklyn. K. City in Buffalo.

KIRCHER WILL START ACT IN GAINESVILLE

George Kircher, the man who made such a hit with Gainesvillians here last Friday, wants to come to Gainesville to start their theatrical career, of which he and George Browning, another member of the Atlanta team, are to stage for the winter season. Right now we don't think of anyone who would attract a larger crowd here than would he and Browning.—Gainesville News.

There are 500 golf clubs within 25 miles of London, with an aggregate membership of 100,000.

Boston Club to Sell Big Series Tickets Today

First Official Act in Belief That Braves Have Won the National League Flag Over the Giants.

Boston, Mass., September 24.—Official notice of the progress of Boston toward capturing the National League pennant and participating in the world series was taken today by the management of the local club.

Secretary Herman Nickerson announced that applications for seats for world series games that may be played here would be tabulated beginning tomorrow and reservations made in the order of receipt.

Arrangements are being made, according to Secretary Nickerson, by which it is hoped to circumvent schemes of speculators to secure blocks of tickets.

The first applications reached the local headquarters more than a month ago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Senators Win Two.

Cleveland Ohio, September 24.—Defeating Cleveland twice, 5 to 2 and 5 to 0, Washington moved into third place today. Pitcher Shaw was entitled to both victories, as he relieved Engle with the bases filled and only one out in the eighth inning of the first game, and blanked the Naps in the second, allowing only four hits, all of which were secured in the last four innings.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Cleveland. . . . .200 000 000—2 7 0
Washington. . . .000 040 001—5 7 0

Batteries—W. Mitchell, Bowman and O'Neill; **Egan, Ayres, Harper,** Engle, Shaw and Henry. Umpires, Dineen and Egan.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Cleveland. . . . .000 000 000—0 4 4
Washington. . . .200 002 100—5 9 2

Batteries—Bowman, Tedrow, Hagerman, Benn and Bassler; Shaw and Ainsmith. Umpires, Dineen and Egan.

Athletic 6, Cubs 4.

Chicago, September 24.—Philadelphia started its last series of the season against Chicago here today by defeating the locals, 6 to 4. Chicago played in hard luck, two of its men called out on account of being hit by batted balls when the rallies were at their height.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Philadelphia. . . .040 010 010—6 12 0
Chicago. . . . .010 001 020—4 14 4

Batteries—Plank, Wyckoff Bressler and Schang; Faber, Cicotte and Schalk. Umpires, Evans and Sheridan.

Red Sox 5, Browns 1.

St. Louis, September 24.—Boston, by a combination of hits and errors, won the opening game of the series from St. Louis today, 5 to 1.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Boston. . . . .101 120 000—5 12 1
St. Louis. . . .000 100 000—1 10 5

Batteries—Foster and Carrigan; James, Hamilton, Baumgardner and Agnew. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Chill.

New York-Detroit, rain.

California products, consisting of canned fruit, dried fruit, wine, etc., are now arriving in the eastern markets via the Panama canal, the first vessel having reached New York last week.

Ther are 46,143 registered automobiles in Missouri.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cards 4, Giants 3.

New York, September 24.—New York lost its fifth straight game today when it fell before St. Louis in a close contest, 4 to 3. Dolan put St. Louis ahead in the seventh when he tripled and scored on Magee's sacrifice fly. After New York tied the score in the eighth Dolan drove Beck home with a double in the ninth for St. Louis' winning run. He handled eight fly balls. A catch of Burns in the seventh was especially meritorious.

The Box Score.

ST. LOUIS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Dolan, lf	5	1	2	8	0	0
Huggins, 2b	5	1	1	3	2	0
Magee, cf., 1b.	4	1	2	2	0	0
J. Miller, 1b	4	0	1	6	0	0
Cruise, cf	0	0	0	1	0	0
Wilson, rf	3	0	1	0	0	0
Wingo, c	4	0	1	4	1	0
Butler, ss	4	0	0	2	0	0
Beck, 3b	4	1	3	1	3	1
Perdue, p	3	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	36	4	12	27	7	1

NEW YORK—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Bescher, lf	4	1	2	3	0	0
Doyle, 2b	5	0	4	1	4	0
Burns, rf	5	0	2	2	0	0
Fletcher, ss	5	0	0	6	2	0
Snodgrass, cf	4	1	1	4	0	0
Grant, 3b	2	1	1	0	2	0
Merkle, 1b	3	0	1	8	0	0
Meyers, c	3	0	0	3	1	0
Demaree, p	3	0	0	0	1	0
xRobertson	1	0	0	0	0	0
Mathewson, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	35	3	11	27	11	0

xBatted for Demaree in the ninth.

Score by innings: R.
St. Louis . . . . . .200 000 101—4
New York . . . . . .100 100 010—3

Summary—First base on errors, New York 1; two-base hits, J. Miller, Beck, Magee, Dolan; three-base hit, Dolan; sacrifice hits, Grant 2, Merkle, Perdue; sacrifice fly, Magee; stolen bases, Dolan, Beck; left on bases, New York 11, St. Louis 8; base on balls, off Demaree 1, off Perdue 2; struck out, by Demaree 3, by Perdue 1; hit by pitcher, by Perdue 1(Snodgrass); passed ball, Wingo; hits, off Demaree 10 in 8 innings, off Mathewson 2 in 1 inning. Time 1:53. Umpires, Klem and Emslie.

Braves Win and Tie.

Boston, September 24.—Today's double-header resulted in Boston shutting out Cincinnati, 5 to 0 in the first game and a 2-to-2 tie in the second, darkness causing a suspension of the last contest at the close of the eighth inning. As New York lost to St. Louis, the home team increased its lead in the pennant race to seven games.

Timely hitting and Rudolph's good pitching gave the locals the opening game. Both teams scored on errors in the first inning of the second contest. The tying run came when Groh singled, took second on a throw-in to the plate which put out Daniels, and scored on Niehoff's hit.

The Box Scores.
FIRST GAME.

CINCINNATI—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Daniels, cf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Killifer, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Groh, 2b	3	0	1	5	4	0
Niehoff, 3b	4	0	1	2	1	2
Twombly, lf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Holden, lf	3	0	1	0	0	0
Gonzales, c	1	0	0	1	0	0
Glockson, c	1	0	0	1	0	0
Berghammer, ss	2	0	0	3	5	0
Graham, 1b	3	0	1	8	0	0
Benton, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Fittery, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	29	0	5	24	13	2

BOSTON—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Mann, rf	5	1	1	1	0	0
Evers, 2b	4	1	0	1	4	1
Cather, lf	4	1	2	3	0	0
Whitted, cf	3	1	1	2	0	0
Schmidt, 1b	4	1	1	9	2	0
Smith, 3b	4	0	3	1	3	0
Maranville, ss	2	0	1	2	0	0
Gowdy, c	3	0	0	7	0	0
Rudolph, p	4	0	1	0	6	0
Totals	33	5	10x	26	15	1

xGlockson hit by batted ball.

Score by innings: R.
Cincinnati. . . . . .000 000 000—0
Boston . . . . . .010 030 10x—5

Summary—Two-base hits, Killifer, Groh, Graham, Smith; hits off Benton 7 in 5 innings, off Fittery 5 in 3 innings; sacrifice hit, Gonzales; stolen bases, Berghammer; double plays, Groh to Graham, Berghammer, Groh to Graham, Berghammer to Graham; left on bases, Cincinnati 6, Boston 9; first base on balls, off Benton 4, off Fittery, 1, off Rudolph 2; first base on errors, Cincinnati 1, Boston 1; struck out, by Benton 1, by Fittery 1, by Rudolph 7; passed ball, Glockson. Time 1:50. Umpires, Quigley and Eason.

SECOND GAME.

CINCINNATI—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Daniels, cf	2	1	0	1	0	0
Killifer, rf	2	0	1	0	0	0
Groh, 2b	3	1	1	1	3	0
Niehoff, 3b	4	0	1	1	1	0
Holden, lf	2	0	1	4	1	0
Twombly, lf	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gonzales, c	4	0	1	7	3	1
Berghammer, ss	3	0	2	1	1	0
Graham, 1b	3	0	0	9	0	0
Schneider, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
xMiller	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	26	2	7	24	12	1

x—Batted for Holden in eighth.

BOSTON—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Moran, rf	4	2	4	2	1	0
Evers, 2b	3	0	1	3	3	0
Connolly, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Whitted, cf	4	0	1	2	2	0
Schmidt, 1b	3	0	1	8	1	0
Smith, 3b	3	0	0	3	2	0

Athletics and Braves Are Safe Bets for the Flags

The Philadelphia Athletics and the Boston Braves will be the contending teams in the world's series.

They have not cinched the pennants, whereby if they lost all the remaining games of their schedule they would still win, but they are so far ahead as to make the feat of the second team a miracle if they caught them.

The Braves lead the Giants by seven games, with but eleven more games to be played, exclusive of double-headers. In other words, the Giants have got to win all their remaining games, while the Braves are doing considerably worse than breaking even.

At the rate they are traveling, the Giants will be lucky if they break even. If between now and next Wednesday the Giants can gain two games in the standing, the five-game series with the Braves would be their only chance. But even then the Giants would have to win all five to tie the Miracle Man's crew. Messrs. Tyler, Rudolph and James will probably object.

The Athletics lead the Red Sox by five and a half games, with but twelve games remaining, exclusive of double-headers. But the Red Sox and the Athletics do not meet any more, so Carrigan's men have not even the hopeless chance that the Giants have with the Braves.

Maranville, ss	3	0	0	1	4	1
Gowdy, c	3	0	1	4	0	0
Crutcher, p	3	0	1	0	3	0
Totals	30	2	9	24	16	1

Score by innings: R.
Cincinnati . . . . . 100 000 01—2
Boston . . . . . 101 000 00—2

(Called end eighth, darkness.)

Summary—Two-base hit, Gowdy; three-base hit, Moran; sacrifice hits, Killifer, Evers; stolen bases, Whitted, Killifer; double play, Maranville, Evers and Schmidt; left on bases, Cincinnati 7, Boston 5; first base on balls, off Crutcher 6; struck out, by Schneider 7, by Crutcher 3. Time, 1:30. Umpires, Eason and Quigley.

CUBS 6, PHILLIES 3;
PHILLIES 9, CUBS 2

Philadelphia, September 24.—Chicago got an even break here today, the visitors winning the first game, 6 to 3, and Philadelphia the second, 6 to 2. In the opening contest the home team could not make much headway against Humphries' pitching. Lobert had a finger of his left hand dislocated by a drive off Bresnahan's bat.

In the second game Leach made two thrilling one-hand catches and Magee one bare-hand catch of a drive off Zimmerman's bat, each of these plays probably preventing a home run.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Chicago . . . . . 031 100 010—6 10 0
Philadelphia . . . . 000 201 000—3 8 0

Batteries—Humphries and Bresnahan; Rixey, Mattison and Killifer. Umpires, Rigler and Hart.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Chicago . . . . . 200 000 000—2 7 1
Philadelphia . . . . 040 010 10x—6 7 1

Batteries—Pierce, Sabel and Archer; Mayer and Burns. Umpires, Hart and Rigler.

Dodgers 3, Pirates 2.

Brooklyn, N. Y., September 24.—Brooklyn won its ninth straight game today, beating Pittsburg 3 to 2. Cutshaw's triple in the ninth, followed by Getz' single, decided the issue. It was the tenth straight defeat for Pittsburg. Manager Clarke, of Pittsburg, was put out of the game in the eighth and Egan was banished in the same inning. Ragan and Kantlehner pitched well, but were removed to make way for pinch hitters.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Pittsburg . . . . . 100 000 100—2 7 2
Brooklyn . . . . . 101 000 001—3 8 2

Batteries—Kantlehner, McQuillan and Schang; Ragan, Aitchison and McCarty. Umpires, Byron and O'Connor.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Chicago 8, Baltimore 5.

Baltimore, September 24.—Chicago easily won the last game of the series with Baltimore today, 8 to 5. The game was stopped by rain at the beginning of the eighth inning.

Score by innings R. H. E.
Chicago . . . . . .300 120 2—8 14 4
Baltimore . . . . . .000 110 3—5 6 2

Batteries—Hendrix and Wilson; Quinn, Conley, Wilhelm, Smith and Jacklitsch.

Brooklyn 3, Kansas City 2.

Brooklyn, N. Y., September 24.—Brooklyn won the final game here from Kansas City today, 3 to 2, outbatting the visitors.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Kansas City . . . .000 100 100—2 6 0
Brooklyn . . . . .001 110 00x—3 11 1

Batteries—Henning and Easterly; Chappelle, LaFitte and Watson.

Buffalo 1, Indianapolis 0.

Buffalo, September 24.—A wild throw ended a 14-inning game between Indianapolis and Buffalo in favor of the home team today, 1 to 0. Hal Chase was trapped between third and home while trying to score on a short grounder, but in the attempt to run him down Catcher Rariden made a wild throw and the winning run was scored. The second game went but three innings when it was called on account of darkness, neither side scoring.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Buffalo . . .000 000 000 000 01—1 11 1
Ind'lis . . .000 000 000 000 00—0 5 2

Batteries—Ford, Schulz and Blair; Falkenberg and Rariden.

Pittsburg-St. Louis—Rain.

PACER WILLIAM WINS BIG RACE

Grand Rapids, Mich, September 24.—William, the sensational pacer, this afternoon won his $6,000 match race with Directum I. in three straight heats. Best time 2:01 1-4.

SMITH'S HOMER CAUSES HERZOG'S SUSPENSION

Boston, September 24.—Manager Herzog, of the Cincinnati Nationals, was notified today he had been suspended for three days because of his objections in the first game yesterday when Smith, of Boston, was allowed a home run on a ball which had been touched by a boy in the centerfield bleachers.

PECKINPAUGH MAY LAND CHANCE'S JOB

Detroit, September 24.—Roger Peckinpaugh has started his career as manager of the Yankees in the right way. His showing thus far has put confidence into his players, and it is quite possible that he will be able to keep the men going at their accustomed pace for the balance of the season. It might be a possible thing that Roger would be made permanent manager, and if he can show enough ability this fall he may be the logical man for the job next year.

In case he should be able to win his way into sixth place President Farrell could do much worse than to appoint the energetic shortstop to the job for good. He has certainly played a wonderful game this year for the team. His work has braced the infield so that it is one of the fastest infields in the league.

GOOCH'S RETURN ALARMS ELEVENS VIRGINIA PLAYS

The return of Bobby Gooch, the great quarterback of the University of Virginia football team, is alarming news to the opponents of the old Virginia eleven.

Gooch qualified for entrance as a Rhodes scholar, but the war in Europe has caused the football star to postpone his visit to the famous English school. He'll be back at Virginia this season.

CRACKERS MADE RECORD OF TIES FOR ONE SEASON

The Crackers established one record during the past season. They played in more tie games than any team in the Southern league for any season during the history of the league.

Chicago has about 600 moving picture theaters, with a daily attendance of 500,000 persons.

The Philippines yearly import twenty million pounds of salt.



"NORMAN"
The NEWEST
ARROW COLLAR
2 for 25 cents
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc. Makers



GEO. CURRY
ex-Governor, New Mexico
"Tuxedo appeals to me strongly on account of its cool, mild, pleasant flavor. Therein lies its superiority to all other tobaccos."
Geo Curry



STANTON WARBURTON
Congressman, State of Washington
"My own experience leads me to believe that every desirable quality is present in Tuxedo Tobacco. It is the best smoke I ever had."
S. Warburton



IRVIN S. COBB
humorist and novelist
"I can't think of any reason why I shouldn't say I like Tuxedo—because I do like it, very much."
Irvin S. Cobb

Why Should I Smoke TUXEDO?

TUXEDO is the logical smoke for *millionaires* because it is impossible to buy a *better* tobacco.

Tuxedo is the logical smoke for the economical man because there are 40 pipefuls in a ten-cent tin—making the *average cost per pipeful only one-fourth of a cent!*

To buy cheaper tobacco means to get less pleasure out of smoking, because it is impossible to *make* a tobacco as good as Tuxedo at less than the Tuxedo *price!*

Tuxedo
The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

Tuxedo is made of only the finest, choicest selected leaves of perfectly aged Burley tobacco. It is made by the *original* Tuxedo process which takes all the *un*pleasantness *out* of tobacco and leaves all the pleasantness *in!*

Tuxedo has a deliciously mild, fragrant aroma that is pleasant to all. It is the *only* tobacco you can smoke in a room full of lace curtains without leaving even a trace of an odor.

A trial will convince you that Tuxedo is superior to every other tobacco you have ever smoked. Buy a tin—today.

YOU CAN BUY TUXEDO EVERYWHERE

Famous green tin with gold lettering, curved to fit the pocket 10c
Convenient pouch, *inner-lined* with moisture-proof paper . . 5c
In Glass Humidors 50c and 90c

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY





John Ruskin CIGAR 5¢

To get full satisfaction and your money's worth, buy JOHN RUSKINS

JOHN RUSKINS have won their popularity and tremendous success on merit. QUALITY through and through—FRAGRANT and MILD regardless of color—HAND MADE, assuring free and even burning and the HAVANA TOBACCO used is the choicest grown. There are none the equal of JOHN RUSKINS at 5c—none better at 10c.

I. LEWIS CIGAR MFG. CO., NEWARK, N. J.
The Largest Independent Cigar Factory in the World

J. N. HIRSCH — E. L. ADAMS & CO.
Distributors - - Atlanta, Ga.

"THEY COULD BE SMALLER BUT NOT BETTER"

A Full-Page, Four-Color Portrait of Lord Kitchener

WILL APPEAR IN SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION

THIS STRIKING PICTURE of the central, the overshadowing figure among the Allies' great leaders will be a feature of the war pictures which will appear in The Constitution Sunday. The portrait, done beautifully in colors, will be suitable for preserving, or for hanging up in home or office.

It is accompanied by a striking, complete and authentic sketch of the **Career of Lord Kitchener,** declared to be the greatest general in the world, and the man to whom the Allies are looking to lead them to victory in the world's greatest war.

The Constitution Sunday, as usual, will present the most complete, the most accurate account of the **Events of the Titanic Struggle,** and, in addition, will present the most interesting features, the most graphic sidelights on the European situation, including another installment of the sensational **Series of Articles Written by the Kaiser's Personal Spy, Dr. Graves.**

YOU CANNOT KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES IF YOU DO NOT READ THE CONSTITUTION.

ARE YOU FOLLOWING
IN THE PATH OF NAPOLEON?

ARE YOU READING
Col. Roosevelt's Adventures in South America?

SPORTS CONTINUED

WELCHONCE THANKS FANS FOR BENEFIT

Constitution Receives Long Letter of Thanks From the Cracker Captain.

Captain Harry Welchonce of the Crackers has received his draft of $1,009.10 from Manager Bill Smith, the proceeds of the benefit arranged for him.

Captain Harry is deeply grateful to every one for the benefit and desires to thank one and all for their part in the benefit. The following letter received by the sporting editor of The Constitution speaks for itself:

"I am at loss just how to start this, but I am just in receipt of Billy Smith's letter enclosing draft for money raised for my benefit by the good people of Atlanta through different sources, since the beginning of my illness some two months ago.

"While I was aware of the benefit, I had no idea of ever receiving such a large amount, and if money will help, I certainly have the people of Atlanta to thank for the return of my health.

"I want to thank you personally for the great aid and publicity you gave the matter through The Constitution and you can rest assured your kindness will never be forgotten by both myself and Mrs. Welchonce in this crisis.

"If you find space, I wish you would please thank the fans of Atlanta, every man, woman and child who contributed to my cause and tell them words cannot express my gratitude for what they have done for me at the time I needed it most.

"I am afraid if I had been playing in any other city or for any other baseball association than Atlanta, under the conditions that arose, I would have been left out in the cold.

"But not so with Atlanta. Messrs. Callaway, Ryan, Nunnally and Smith, of the baseball association, came to my aid nobly. They not only sympathized with me but aided me financially and saw that I received the best of medical attention and to top the thing off, arranged this monster benefit which the fans contributed to so generously.

"I owe Atlanta an everlasting debt which I am afraid I will never be able to pay. Since coming here I have not done so well, but I didn't realize just how serious my condition was until I had a couple of setbacks.

"The doctors say that my condition is nothing critical if I just be careful. Rest is the most essential thing right now. Absolute quiet and no exercise. The doctors say, if I follow out their instructions, they will put me on my feet in good shape, but it is going to take some time.

"At present I don't get out of the house, only to sit on the porch. That's been the program for two weeks and I can see myself improving. Am taking on flesh fast. The doctors are afraid I will take it on too fast and may cut down my eating. Don't want me to gain over 2 pounds a week.

"I have a great appetite and feel fine apparently. Have gained 6 pounds since coming here and that without any special effort, so you see that the climate is agreeing with me alright.

"Don't know how long I will stay here, possibly the winter or maybe not. The doctors say I will be in good shape in two or three months. That is, in good shape to leave here and take things easy elsewhere for some time to come after that.

"I have two of the best physicians here and they sure lay the rules down to you. I am taking the tuberculin and it seems to work alright on me.

"Again thanking you and the fans.

"I am yours most truly.

(Signed.) "HARRY WELCHONCE."

MORE AND WILLIAMS WILL BE RELEASED

Nashville Veterans to Be Cast Adrift by Bill Schwartz.

Nashville, Tenn., September 24.—(Special.)—Forest More and Otto Williams, veteran pitcher and second baseman, respectively, of the Nashville Volunteers, will not be members of the team next season. The Vols have asked waivers on them, and if granted will sell them to the highest bidder.

ATHLETICS ARE NOT WORRYING A BIT

Chicago, September 24.—Members of the Philadelphia Americans are not worrying as to the outcome of the American League pennant race, Connie Mack, manager of the world's champions, asserted here today.

"Worry never will win baseball games," he explained.

Asked if he thought the Philadelphia club, which is leading Boston, its closest rival, by five and one-half games, would win the flag, Mack said:

"We expect to be in at the finish."

OTHER RESULTS

International League.

Prov'ce 4, Balt're 2; New'k 5, Jer. City 4. Toronto 6, Riches'r 5; Mont.-Buffalo rain.

American Association.

Louis'lle 3, Ind'lis 2; Louis'lle 3, Ind'lis 0. Kan. City 8, St. P. 5; Kan. City 8, St. P. 3. Col'bus 5 Clevl'd 4; Milw'ke 10, Minn. 0.

QUERIES ANSWERED

(Under this head the sporting editor will endeavor to answer all questions pertaining to all branches of sports.)

1. When did the American and National league close last year? 2. Is that Calhoun that played left field for Boston Tuesday the same one that played for Mobile? 3. What date did the world's series start last year? F. T. C.

1. October 5. 2. No. 3. October 7.

1. Will Bill Smith give Fillingim and Bankston another try-out next spring? 2. Do you think Welchonce's condition is serious? 3. What do you think has been the cause of Dent's ineffectiveness this season? C. B. W.

1. No. 2. No. 3. Poor support.

What is Johnny Evers' batting average? A. F. P.

.285.

1. Did Joe Jackson ever play in the South Atlantic league; if so, who with? 2. Is Wilson Collins still a member of the Boston Braves? 3. Did Red Harris return to Auburn this year? H. C. K.

1. Yes, with Savannah. 2. Yes. 3. Yes.

Please give a short description of Kircher's auto and crap-shooting stunts. J. C. N.

He cranks up an imaginary car until it backfires and kicks him on the ground. He crawls under it with a kit of tools. He puts on a new tire. Tries to hug his girl while going at full speed and is thrown out. Ambulance comes and gets him. In his crap shooting he rolls imaginary dice with imaginary partners and finally makes his "point," diving for the proceeds and then gets into a fight with his opponents.

EVANS IS NAMED HEAD OF BANKING INSTITUTE

Dallas, Texas, September 24.—William S. Evans, of Philadelphia, was elected president, and San Francisco chosen as the next place of meeting by the American Institute of Banking, which concluded its twelfth annual convention here today. Thomas H. West, of Portland, Ore., was elected vice president, and the following were made members of the executive council:

R. S. Hecht, New Orleans; F. C. Ball, St. Louis; J. W. Rubicamp, Chicago; F. C. Devereaux Washington, and H. J. Dreher, Milwaukee, retiring president, who became ex-officio member.

The convention voted to abolish the offices of secretary and treasurer, turning that work over to the educational directors.

COTTON EXPORTS ON THE INCREASE

But Quotations From South Show Slight Loss in Prices. Heavy Rains in the Cotton Belt—Liquidating Sales.

New York, September 24.—Reports that offerings of spot cotton were a shade easier from certain sections of the belt were confirmed to some extent today by the showing of the markets which are now publishing many quotations and created an impression here that the demand from spot shorts for September shipments had been pretty well supplied. Exports are increasing slightly, however, and nearly all southern advices indicate that farmers are still holding the greater part of their crops.

Rather heavy rains were reported in central sections of the belt, and further precipitation was predicted east of the river, but it seems most generally expected that the government report on October 2 will reflect generally favorable conditions during the month.

The conference committee reported the liquidation of 200 bales of December through the ballot late yesterday at 9:50 for that position.

RADIOGRAMS BARRED TO MARCONI WIRELESS

United States Orders the Siasconset Station Closed for Disobeying Regulations.

Washington, September 24.—Secretary Daniels today ordered the Marconi wireless station at Siasconset, Mass., closed at noon tomorrow, in consequence of the failure of the company to give assurance that it would comply with naval censorship regulations.

Secretary Daniels' order was addressed to Ensign E. B. Nixon and a copy was also sent to the Marconi company in New York. The order follows:

"You will at noon on Friday, September 25, convey by word of mouth and in writing to persons in employ of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America, in charge of the Siasconset radio station, the information that until further orders no messages of any character will be permitted to be sent or received through the Siasconset radio station, in other words, that the Siasconset station is closed to the transmission of radiograms of whatever character.

"You will further keep a close watch on the station and immediately report to the secretary of the navy any attempt on the part of any employee of the Marconi company to send or receive any message to or from ships at sea or to or from another radio station."

Marconi Concern to Fight.

New York, September 24.—John W. Griggs, president of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company of America, issued the following statement late today:

"A bill has been filed for an injunction to restrain the secretary of the navy and the four naval officers now acting as censors at Sea Gate from censoring the company's station and possibly closing it.

"The following telegram was sent to the secretary of the navy today:

"'A have filed in federal court a bill for an injunction to restrain you and your officers from censoring or closing our stations and have noticed hearing of motion for interlocutory injunction for October 7th. I venture to express the hope that inasmuch as all the Marconi stations are co-operating in the spirit of the government's policy of neutrality and no messages of an unneutral character have been or are being received or sent, you will be willing to await the result of a judicial decision on the rights of the government and this company. In order to expedite the decision, I agree to argue the case at as early a day as your counsel may desire."

32,000 CANADA TROOPS DEPART FOR THE FRONT

Volunteers Left for the European War "a Day or Two Ago."

St. John, N. B., September 24.—T. W. Crothers, minister of labor of the Dominion of Canada, announced today that 32,000 Canadian volunteers "had gone to the front a day or two ago."

Mr. Crothers made the announcement in a speech before the Canadian Trades and Labor congress in convention here.

Mr. Crothers extolled the patriotic spirit of the Canadian volunteers.

The foregoing brief dispatch is the only announcement the Canadian censor has permitted to go over the wires regarding the disposition of the Canadian volunteers for more than a week.

Persons reaching the United States from Canadian ports have told of active preparations there for the transportation of Canada's first contingent of troops to the theater of war; a month ago the prophecy was made that the volunteers would sail about September 15; one by one trans-Atlantic liners have been called for undisclosed missions to Canadian ports; but no information has been permitted to reach the outside world as to when the troops would sail, where they would sail from or what port would be their destination.

Beyond the bare announcement that the Canadian volunteers had sailed, no other news of their departure was permitted to get past the censor this afternoon.

LIFE OF POPE PIUS X SHORTENED BY THE WAR

Boston, Setpember 24.—Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, and Cardinal O'Connell, of Boston, returning from Rome, whither they had hastened to attend the papal conclave, arrived today on the White Star liner Canopic. The steamer brought about 800 passengers, mostly American tourists who had been held in Europe by the war.

"I would congratulate the American people that they are enjoying peace while other nations are in the awful throes of war," said Cardinal Gibbons, "and I would also congratulate and praise the American government on its maintenance of peace, notwithstanding great temptations."

When informed of the reported destruction of the cathedral at Rheims, Cardinal Gibbons said:

"It is a great pity and a loss that can never be replaced."

The Cardinal said the war undoubtedly had shortened the life, if it had not directly caused the death of Pope Pius X.

"I am sure the present holy father will do his utmost to bring about peace," he added.

"Pope Benedict XV., the new pontiff, has a great love for America and Americans, looking up to our government as a model to all and an example of the best on this earth," said Cardinal O'Connell. "The holy father sent a message of sincere good will to the people of this land," he added.

WHEAT WAS HEAVY; CLOSED AT DECLINE

Reported That Canada Can Export Wheat at Cheaper Rate Than United States Could—Corn and Oats Off.

Chicago, September 24.—The wheat market closed heavy today at 1⅜@1¾ net decline. Corn finished ⅞@1c, and provisions irregular, varying from a setback of 55c to an advance of 2½c.

A leading Chicago wheat authority was quoted as declaring that Canadian supplies were now available for export at a cheaper rate than seemed to be possible in the United States, and that as a result the trans-Atlantic call for domestic hard winter grades was virtually certain to diminish here and elsewhere. Competition by Canada, it was contended, would be felt the most between the present time and the close of navigation on the great lakes.

Corn fell with wheat. Weather was favorable for maturing the new crop and tended to place the bulls at a disadvantage.

Sales of oats were the smallest in weeks. Export bids were said to be numerous, but not on a working basis.

Much stop-loss selling of pork and ribs took place during the last hour. The unloading was done by tired longs. A fair cash demand held lard comparatively steady.

Chicago Quotations.

Following were quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade today

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—					
Sept.	1.09	1.09	1.07	1.07	1.08⅜
Dec.	1.12½	1.12⅝	1.10½	1.10½	1.11⅞
May	1.19⅝	1.20⅛	1.17⅛	1.17⅛	1.19¼
CORN—					
Sept.	78	..	..	77	78
Dec.	72⅜	72	70⅜	70⅞	71⅞
May	74¼	74⅛	73⅜	73½	74⅜
OATS—					
Sept.	..	..	..	47	47⅝
Dec.	50½	50⅞	49½	49⅝	50⅜
May	53½	53⅞	52½	52⅝	53⅝
PORK—					
Sept.	..	..	..	17.62	17.75
Jan.	..	20.25	19.35	19.70	20.25
LARD—					
Sept.	..	..	..	9.40	9.45
Oct.	9.47	9.52	9.42	9.45	9.45
Jan.	9.97	10.02	9.92	9.95	9.95
RIBS—					
Sept.	..	..	..	11.37	11.35
Oct.	..	10.90	10.80	10.80	10.85
Jan.	10.57	10.62	10.23	10.37	10.55

Receipts in Chicago.

	Today.
Wheat, cars	430
Corn, cars	60
Oats, cars	214
Hogs, head	14,000

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Atlanta, Ga.—For the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, September 24, 1914:

Stations of ATLANTA, GA. District.	Temper's. Highest*	Lowest**	Precipitation, Inch's—100ths.
ATLANTA, cloudy	84	64	.01
xChattanooga, raining	84	58	.59
Columbus, cloudy	90	65	.00
Gainesville, cloudy	86	58	.00
Griffin, cloudy	84	63	.00
xMacon, clear	85	68	.00
Monticello, cloudy	89	65	.00
Newnan, cloudy	86	60	.00
Rome, raining	88	63	.37
Spartanburg, cloudy	90	63	.00
Tallapoosa, raining	85	61	.27
Toccoa, cloudy	89	60	.00
West Point, cleldy	85	63	.00

Heavy Rains.

Alabama—Decatur, 1.40; Demopolis, 1.60; Anniston, 1.60; Mobile, 1.40; Greensboro, 1.60; Livingston, 1.60.

Louisiana—Amite, 1.90; Clinton, 3.20; Robeline, 1.20; New Orleans, 2.20.

Mississippi—Lake, 1.60; Columbus, 1.20; Brookhaven, 2.70; Meridian, 2.30; Greenville, 1.10; Kosciusko, 1.10; Okolona, 2.00; Hazlehurst, 1.60; Waynesboro, 2.20; Holly Springs, 1.80; Port Gibson, 2.00; Vicksburg, 1.40; Jackson, 4.60.

Tennessee—Bolivar, 1.20 Nashville, 1.20; Dyersburg, 1.00.

Texas Rainfall.

Brownsville, 0.04; Houston, 0.10; Galveston, 2.06; Corpus Christi, 0.02; Brenham, 0.02; Lampasas, 0.01; Nacogdoches, 0.04; Piedoe, 0.10.

Missing—Columbus, Dublin, Hondo, Llano, Longlake.

CENTRAL STATIONS	Number of stations in district.	District Average Temp. Highest.*	Lowest.**	Precipi'n. No. stations reporting 0.10 inches or more.	Av. stations reporting 0.10 inches or more.
Wilmington	10	88	62	0	.00
Charleston	5	86	62	0	.00
Augusta	11	86	64	0	.00
Savannah	20	88	66	2	.20
ATLANTA	14	86	62	3	.40
Montgomery	14	86	64	7	.90
Mobile	12	86	60	12	1.30
Memphis	14	68	50	14	.90
Vicksburg	14	82	54	14	1.50
New Orleans	16	82	56	13	1.30
Little Rock	17	68	48	10	.50
Houston	50	76	52	3	.80
Oklahoma	21	74	48	0	.00

*Highest yesterday. **Lowest for 24 hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time except where otherwise indicated.

xMinimum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 8 a. m. this date.

Note.—The average highest and lowest temperatures are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received, and the average precipitation from the number of stations reporting 0.10 inch or more. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.

Remarks.

General rains occurred in Arkansas, Louisiana, Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama; heavy at several stations in Alabama, Mississippi and western Tennessee. Temperatures are lower in the western and central portions of the belt.

C. F. von HERRMANN, Section Director.

Live Stock.

Chicago, September 24.—Hogs—Receipts, 14,000; weak; bulk, $8.15@8.70; light, $8.55@9.05; mixed, $8.10@9.05; heavy, $7.85@8.80; rough, $7.85@8.00; pigs, $4.75@8.70.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; steady; beeves, $6.85@11.05; steers, $6.25@9.15; stockers, $5.40@8.35; cows and heifers, $3.60@9.15; calves, $8.00@11.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 30,000; easy; sheep, $4.80@5.70; yearlings, $5.75@6.40; lambs, $6.25@7.75.

Kansas City, September 24.—Hogs—Receipts, 6,300; lower; bulk, $8.15@8.50; heavy, $8.25@8.55; packers and butchers, $8.20@8.55; light, $8.10@8.50; pigs, $7.00@7.85.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; steady; prime fed steers, $10.00@11.00; dressed beef steers, $8.00@9.75; southern steers, $5.25@7.25; cows, $4.25@7.25; heifers, $6.50@9.25; stockers, $6.00@8.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 17,000; steady; lambs, $7.00@7.50; yearlings, $5.75@6.25; wethers, $5.00@5.65; ewes, $4.75@5.25; stockers, $4.00@7.00.

St. Louis, September 24.—Hogs—Receipts, 10,700; lower, pigs and lights, $7.50@8.90; mixed and butchers, $8.75@8.90; good heavy, $8.65@8.85.

Cattle—Receipts, 9,600; steady; native beef steers, $7.50@10.85; cows and heifers, $6.00@9.65; stockers, $5.00@7.50; Texas and Indian steers, $6.00@8.00; cows and heifers, $4.00@6.50; native calves, $6.00@11.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,200; steady; native muttons, $4.00@5.00; lambs, $7.00@7.60.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., September 24.—Turpentine, nominal at 45½; no sales; receipts, 192; shipments, 8; stock, 27,895. Rosin, nominal; no sales; receipts, 536; shipments, 100; stock, 112,672; A and B, $3.50; C and D, $3.52½; E, F, G, H and I, $3.55; K, $4.15; M, $4.50; N, $6.00; window glass, $6.25; water white, $6.35.

BARONESS OF GERMANY IMPRISONED IN LONDON

London, September 24.—Baroness Marie Von Neuberg was sentenced by a London police court magistrate today to imprisonment for three weeks for failing to register as an alien enemy. The baroness says her husband is the general commanding the Eighth German corps.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

(Corrected by the Fidelity Fruit and Produce Company.)

EGG PLANTS	$1.50@2.00
PINEAPPLES—Red squash	$2.50@2.75
Abaskas	$1.50@2.00
ORANGES—Fancy	$3.75
GRAPEFRUIT—Fancy	$1.00@5.00
GEORGIA BEANS	50c
CABBAGE—Barrel, pound	1¼@1½c
ONIONS—Per bag, white	$2.50
Yellow and red	$2.00
CELERY—Fancy, dozen	50@75c
POTATOES—New:	
White, No. 1, barrel	$2.75
No. 2	$2.00@2.50
PEACHES—Michigan, bushel baskets.	$2.50
OKRA—Tender, crate	$1.00@1.25
TOMATOES—Fancy	$1.00@1.50
Choice	75c@$1.00
Culls	No sale
LETTUCE—Drum, fancy	$1.75@2.00
PEPPER—Fancy	$1.50
Small	75c@$1.00
CORN—Roasting ears, doz.	10c
CANTALOUPES, P. M.	65@75c
SWEET POTATOES, bushels	$1.00
CUCUMBERS, basket	$2.00
PARSLEY, dozen	50c
CARROTS, basket	$2.00
BEETS—basket	$2.00
APPLES—Georgia, crate	75c
Fancy table, barrel	$3.50
Choice, barrel	$2.50

POULTRY AND EGGS.

Hens, live, pound	15c
Friers, pound.	18@19c
Ducks, apiece	25c
Eggs, dozen	25c

GROCERIES.

(Corrected by Oglesby Grocery Company.)

Cheese—Alderney, 19¾.

Red Rock Ginger Ale—Quarts $9; pints, $10; Red Rock Syrup, $1.50 per gallon.

Candy—Stick, 7¾; mixed, 7¾; chocolate, 13c.

Canned Goods—Pork and Beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.20. Corn, $1.75 to $2.40. Peas, $1.90 to $4.20. String Beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.60. Salmon, red, $6.50; pink, $4.75. Veal Loaf, one-half, $2.80. Asparagus Tips, $4.50 to $5.00. Tuna Fish, 1s, $8.50; ½s, $5.75. Condensed Milk, $3.85 to $6.60. Evaporated Milk, $2.75 to $3.85. Oysters, pearl, $1.90; alligator, $1.90; others, $1.80.

Salt—100-lb. bags, 50c; ice cream, 50c; Granocrystal, 80c; No. 3 barrels, $3.25.

Arm and Hammer Soda, $3.05; keg soda, 2c; Royal Baking Powder, 1-lb., $4.80; ½-lb., $5.00; Horsford's, $4.50; Good Luck, $3.75; Success, $1.80; Rough Rider, $1.80.

Beans—Lima, 9c; pnk, 7½c.

Jelly—30-lb. pails, $1.35; 3-oz., $2.70.

Spaghetti—$1.90.

Leather—Diamond oak, 48c.

Pepper—Grain, 18; ground, 20.

Flour—Elegant, $7.75; Diamond, $6.90; Best Self-Rising, $6.75; Monogram, $6.25; Carnation, $6.05; Golden Grain, $5.75; Pancake, per case, $3.00.

Lard and Compound—Cottolene, $7.75; Snowflake, cases, $6.00; Flake White, 8⅝.

Sour Gherkins—Per crate, $1.80; kegs, $6.50@8.00; sweet, mixed, kegs, $12.50. Olives, 90c to $4.50 per dozen.

Sugar—Granulated, 7¼; powdered, 7½; cubes, 7½c; domino, 9½c.

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.

(By W. H. White, Jr., of White Provision Company.)

Good to choice steers, 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, $6.50 to $7.50.

Good steers, 800 to 1,000 pounds, $6.25 to $6.75.

Medium to good steers, 700 to 850 pounds, $6.00 to $6.25.

Good to choice beef cows, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.50 to $6.00.

Medium to good cows, 700 to 750 pounds, $4.75 to $5.25.

Medium to choice heifers, 750 to 850 pounds, $5.50 to $6.00.

Medium to good heifers, 650 to 750 pounds, $4.50 to $5.25.

The above represents ruling prices of good quality beef cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to common steers, if fat, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.00 to $5.50.

Medium to common cows, if fat, 700 to 800 pounds, $4.50 to $5.00.

Mixed common, $3.50 to $4.50.

Good butcher bulls, $4.00 to $4.75.

Choice Tennesse lambs, 70 to 80 pounds, $6.00 to $7.50.

Medium lambs, $4.50 to $5.00.

Sheep, $3.25 to $4.25.

Prime hogs, 160 to 200 pounds, $8.85 to $9.10.

Good butcher hogs, 140 to 160 pounds, $8.50 to $8.80.

Good butcher pigs, 100 to 140 pounds, $8.30 to $8.50.

Light pigs, 80 to 100 pounds, $8.00 to $8.25.

Heavy and rough hogs, 200 to 300 pounds, $7.50 to $8.50.

Above quotations apply to corn-fed hogs; mast and peanut-fattened, 1½ to 2 cents under.

Cattle receipts light. Quality irregular, market unchanged on best beef cattle, while mixed and common kinds have met with light demand at slightly lower prices.

Hogs continue to come in in sufficient number to supply demand. Market steady.

PROVISION MARKET.

(Corrected by White Provision Co.)

Cornfield hams, 8 to 10 average	.21¼
Cornfield hams, 12 to 14 average	.21
Cornfield skinned hams, 16 to 18 avg.	.21½
Cornfield picnic hams, 6 to 8 average.	15½
Cornfield breakfast bacon	.28
Cornfield sliced bacon, 1-lb. boxes, 12 to case, per case	$3.75
Grocers' bacon, wide and narrow	.21
Cornfield fresh pork sausage, link or bulk, 25-lb. buckets	.14½
Cornfield frankfurts, 10-lb. cartons.	.15
Cornfield bologna sausage, 25-lb. boxes.	.13
Cornfield luncheon ham, 25-lb. boxes.	.15½
Cornfield smoked link sausage, 25-lb. boxes	.11
Cornfield frankfurts, in pickle, kits.	2.25
Cornfield lard, tierce basis	.12
Country style lard, 50-lb. tins	.11¾
Compound lard, tierce basis	.09½
D. S. extra ribs	.15
D. S. bellies, medium average	.15¾
D. S. bellies, light average	.16

FLOUR, GRAIN AND FEED.

Flour, sacked, per barrel—Victory, in towel bags, $6.75; Victory, finest patent, $6.60; Quality, in 48-lb. towel bags, $6.75; Quality, finest patent, $6.60; Gloria, self rising, $6.50; White Lily, self rising, $6.25; Puritan, highest patent, $6.25; Home Queen, highest patent, $6.25; White Cloud, high patent, $5.75; White Daisy, high patent, $5.75; Ocean Spray, patent, $5.25; Southern Star, patent, $5.25; King Cotton, patent, $5.00; Angel Food, finest patent, $6.75; Perfect Biscuit, self-rising, $6.50; Swans Down, highest patent, $6.25; Diadem, high patent, $5.75.

Meal, sacked, per bushel—Meal, plain, 144-lb. sacks, $1.02; meal, plain, 96-lb. sacks, $1.03; meal, plain, 48-lb. sacks, $1.05; meal, plain, 24-lb. sacks, $1.07.

Grain, sacked, per bushel—Corn, choice white milling, $1.09; corn, yellow, $1.07; oats, fancy white clipped, 66c; oats, No. 2 white clipped, 65c; oats, white, 64c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 60c.

Seeds, sacked, per bushel—Georgia seed rye, $1.35; Tennessee seed rye, $1.20; seed barley, $1.20; Appler oats, 80c; Texas rust-proof oats, 75c.

Hay, etc.—Alfalfa, choice pea-green, $1.40; alfalfa Hay, No. 1, green, $1.35; timothy, choice, large bales, $1.40; timothy, No. 1, small bales, $1.35; large, light clover-mixed hay, $1.30; small, light clover-mixed hay, $1.30; straw, 65c; cotton seed meal, prime, $26.00; cotton seed hulls, round sacks, $9.50.

Chicken Feed per Cwt.—Aunt Patsy Mash, 4 25-lb. sacks, $2.50; Aunt Patsy Mash, 100-lb. sacks, $2.50; Purina Pigeon Feed, 100-lb. sacks, $2.60; Purina Chowder, 12-pkg. bales, $2.50; Purina Scratch, 12-pgk. bales, $2.45; Purina Scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.45; Victory Scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.35; Oyster Shells, 100-lb. sacks, 75c; Beef Scraps, 100-lb. sacks, $3.35; Beef Scraps, 50-lb. sacks, $3.60; Charcoal, per cwt., 50-lb. sacks, $2.00; Chicken Wheat, per bushel, $1.60.

Ground Feed, per Cwt.—Arab Horse Feed, $1.95; King Corn Horse Feed, $1.90; Nutritia Horse Feed, $1.90; Victory Horse Feed, $1.85; A. B. C. Horse Feed, $1.75; Sucrene Dairy Feed, $1.50; Alfalfa Meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.45; Beet Pulp, per cwt., $1.70.

Shorts, Bran, Mill Feed—Shorts, Fancy Mill Feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.95; Shorts, P. W. Mill Feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.85; Shorts, Brown, 100-lb. sacks, $1.75; Georgia Feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.80; Germ Meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.80; Bran, P. W., 100-lb. sacks, $1.50; Bran, P. W., 75-lb. sacks, $1.55.

Salt—Salt Brick, medium, per case, $5.10; Salt Brick plain, per case, $2.35; Salt, red rock, per cwt., $1.10; Salt Ozone, per case, 30 pkgs., $1.00; Salt, 100-lb. sacks, Chippewa, 54c; Salt, 50-lb. sacks, Chippewa, 32c; Salt, 100-lb sacks, V. P., 52c; Salt, 50-lb. sacks, V. P., 31c; Salt, 25-lb. sacks, V. P., 19c.

These prices are f.o.b. Atlanta and subject to market changes.

(Special prices on mixed and solid cars.)

Rice.

New Orleans, September 24.—Rough rice is in fair demand; clean Honduras is quiet and Japan is in good demand. Quote: Rough Honduras 2.60@4.15; Japan 4.00@4.15; clean Honduras 4¼@5½; Japan 4@4¾. Rice polish, per ton, $25.00@27.00; bran, per ton, $16.00@18.00. Receipts: Rough 1,673; millers' 1,038. Sales: 1,008 sacks rough Honduras at 2.60@4.15; 106 sacks Japan at 4.15; 1,974 pockets clean Honduras at 2⅝@5½.

STIMSON AND FLETCHER NOMINATED BY WILSON

Washington, September 24.—President Wilson sent to the senate today the nominations of Frederic Jesup Stimson, of Harvard university, to be ambassador to Argentine, and Henry Prather Fletcher, now minister to Chile, to be ambassador to that country.

TRADING IN BONDS REPORTED ACTIVE

Moderate Concessions From the Prices at the Close on July 30—Foreign Exchange Improving—Other News.

New York, September 24.—Dealings in bonds under the more elastic regulations recently announced by the stock exchange were larger today than at any time since the closing of that institution. Many sales of this class of securities and short-term notes were effected at "moderate concessions," which ranged from 1 to 2½ per cent under July 30 quotations. A brisk demand for the new New York city 6 per cent notes was reported, the three-year issue selling at a premium of 2 per cent with fractional premiums for the shorter maturities.

Exchange was again subject to fluctuation, opening slightly under yesterday's high rates, but soon recovering. Activity was chiefly due to prospective heavy remittances to London by large domestic corporations to meet coming dividend disbursements. The managers of the $100,000,000 gold pool announced the success of that project, local banks virtually having deposited their share—45 per cent of the whole.

In connectionwith the proposed operations of the pool, whose chief function will be the easing of the tension in the international money market, it is confidently predicted that the excess of imports will show a much smaller total at the end of the current month, and is likely to be completely reversed by the end of October. In that event exchange reasonably may be expected to fall to normal rates.

Local bankers point to their low cash reserves as proof that the charges of money-hoarding made by the secretary of the treasury do not apply to this section of the country.

The decision of the directors of the International Mercantile Marine company to defer payment of semi-annual interest on the 4½ per cent bonds due October 1, because of the unsatisfactory business conditions, served as another reminder of the embarrassments to the shipping trade resulting from the European war.

Improvement in demand for mercantile paper was reflected in wider acceptances by interior banks. Local institutions are expected to follow the example, some of them recently having extended increased credits to care for maturing obligations. Call loans running into next week were made at 7 per cent but little money was available for thirty and sixty days.

COTTON MOVEMENT.

Atlanta, September 24.—Cotton nominal; middling 9.

New York—Exports 3,750; stock 83,215.

New Orleans—Middling 8⅝; receipts 917; sales 414; stock 54,449.

Galveston—Middling 8⅝; receipts 4,528; exports 7,507; sales 304; stock 77,209.

Mobile—Middling 8½; receipts 456; sales 50; stock 8,014.

Savannah—Middling 8¼; receipts 3,363; sales 2,062; stock 33,999.

Charleston—Middling 8½; receipts 602; sales 100; stock 9,559.

Wilmington—Middling 8½; receipts 888; stock 9,592.

Norfolk—Middling 9; receipts 368; sales 4; stock 14,069.

Baltimore—Stock 3,537.

Boston—Stock 3,000.

Philadelphia—Stock 2,135.

Minor ports—Receipts 300; exports 300; stock 6,700.

Total for day—Receipts 11,432; exports 11,557; sales 2,934; stock 305,515.

Totals for week—Receipts 80,569; exports 29,445.

Totals for season—Receipts 220,229; exports 73,533.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 8⅝; receipts 7,436; shipments 7,211; sales 105; stock 46,839.

Memphis—Middling 8½; receipts 1,761; shipments 181; sales 900; stock 24,616.

Augusta—Middling 8⅝; receipts 2,551; shipments 1,138; sales 1,358; stock 30,564.

St. Louis—Middling 8½; receipts 172; shipments 831; stock 12,982.

Cincinnati—Receipts 171; shipments 254; stock 4,925.

Little Rock—Middling 8; receipts 106; shipments 72; stock 5,096.

Totals for day—Receipts 12,697; shipments 9,687; sales 2,363; stock 125,022.

Dry Goods.

New York, September 24.—Cotton goods markets were irregular today. Yarns were firm. Dress goods for spring were active. Warm weather has curtailed trade in heavy-weight woolens for immediate delivery. Silk continued easy.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, September 24.—Cotton seed oil was higher early on bull support, but prices reacted later under pressure of big local stocks, scattered liquidation by tired longs and lack of outside interest. September closed 5 points net lower and other months net unchanged. Sales 5,700 barrels. The market closed steady. Spot 5.60@5.75. Futures ranged as follows:

	Open.	Close.
September	5.60@5.80	5.65@5.75
October	5.73@5.74	5.68@5.73
November	5.75@5.77	5.75@5.76
December	5.85@5.86	5.84@5.85
January	6.06@6.09	5.95@5.97
February	6.05@6.10	6.03@6.05
March	6.17@6.19	6.16@6.18
April	6.27@6.30	6.20@6.30

Coffee.

New York, September 24.—No quotable change was reported today in the market for spot coffee. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were steady at about the recent figures, but there was continued confusion with reference to war risks, as nothing was heard from the steamer now some five or six days overdue, and very little business was reported for Brazilian shipment. Demand for coffee from local stocks has improved somewhat, but quotations showed continued irregularity with a tendency toward a further readjustment of low grade values. Rio sevens were quoted at about 6⅜ and Santos fours at 10½ to 11 according to description.

Sugar.

New York, September 24.—Raw sugar barely steady; molasses, 4.37; centrifugal, 5.02. Refined quiet.

Country Produce.

New York, September 24.—Butter unsettled; receipts 7,600; creamery extras 30@30½; firsts 27½@29½.

Cheese steady and unchanged; receipts 3,000.

Eggs irregular, unchanged; receipts 11,000.

Live poultry weak; western chickens, broilers, 15@16; fowls 16½@17; turkeys 15@16. Dressed poultry weak; western chickens, frozen, 15@21; fowls 14@20; turkeys 21@25.

Kansas City, September 24.—Butter, eggs and poultry unchanged.

Chicago, September 24.—Butter lower; receipts 6,125; creamery extras 29@29½; extra firsts 28@28½; firsts 26@27.

Eggs unsettled; receipts 6,538; at mark, cases included, 18@21; ordinary firsts 20@20¼; firsts 21@21½.

Potatoes lower; receipts 75 cars; Jerseys 65@75; Michigan and Wisconsin 58@62; do, white 60@65.

Poultry, alive, lower; springs 15; fowls 14.

St. Louis, September 24.—Poultry unchanged, except chickens at 13½; springs 14.

Butter, creamery, 30.

Eggs unchanged.

Grain.

Chicago, September 24.—Cash: Wheat, No. 2 red $1.08¼@1.10; No. 2 hard $1.07¼@1.10; No. 2 northern $1.08¼.

Corn, No. 2 yellow 78½@79½.

Oats, standard, 48⅜@49.

Rye, No. 2, 94.

Barley, 59@72.

Timothy $4.00@5.50.

Clover nominal.

St. Louis, September 24.—Cash:

	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—		
No. 2 hard	1.07½@1.08½	1.07½@1.08
No. 2 red	1.05 @1.07	1.05½@1.07½
CORN—		
No. 2	78½	78 @ 78½
No. 2 white	80½	81
OATS—		
No. 2	46½	47
No. 2 white	48	48 @ 48½

Kansas City, September 24.—Cash: Wheat, No. 2 hard $1.02@1.04½; No. 2 red $1.04.

Corn, No. 2 mixed 78½; No. 2 white 81.

Oats, No. 2 white 47½@48; No. 2 mixed 42½@43.

Provisions.

Chicago, September 24.—Cash:

Pork, $17.75.

Lard, $9.45.

Ribs, $10.87@11.37.

Financial.

New York, September 24.—Mercantile paper, 7.

Sterling exchange easy; for cables, 4.9050@4.9750; for demand, 4.9550@4.9625.

Bar silver, 53.

Exchange, $165,944,491; balances, $8,761,834.

London, September 24.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased £3,373,000.

Circulation decreased £420,000.

Bullion increased £2,952,567.

Other securities decreased £1,060,000.

Other deposits decreased £9,775,000.

Public deposits increased £10,029,000.

Notes reserve increased £3,413,000.

Government securities increased £13,000.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 23.33 per cent; last week it was 21.17 per cent.

Rates of discount 5 per cent.

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Thursday, September 24	$1,598,387.71
Same day last year	1,947,396.27
Decrease for day	$ 349,008.56

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, September 24.—Cotton spot in moderate demand, 25 points lower; American middling fair, 6.59; good middling, 6.11; middling, 5.55; low middling, 5.07; good ordinary, 4.11; ordinary, 3.47. Sales, 3,600 bales, including 2,700 American on the basis of 5.55d for middling. Imports, 107 bales, all American.

New Orleans Cotton.

New Orleans, September 24.—Spot cotton steady; sales on the spot, 164 bales; to arrive, 250; good ordinary, 7⅛, nominal; strict good ordinary, 7⅝, nominal; low middling, 8⅛, nominal; strict low middling, 8⅜; middling, 8⅝; strict middling, 8⅞; good middling, 9⅛; strict good middling, 9⅜; receipts, 917; stock, 54,449.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

A dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Thursday, October 15, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Wednesday, September 30, 1914.

G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

TAX-FREE

BONDS

$10,000 Atlanta 4's

20,000 Ga. State 3½'s

10,000 Savannah 4½'s

25,000 Columbus 5's

J. H. HILSMAN & CO.

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Cotton Receipts Guaranteed

Making them negotiable without question, anywhere, at lowest rate of interest. Bonds issued immediately. Full particulars on request.

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Members New York Cotton Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, New York Produce Exchange; associate members Liverpool Cotton Association. Orders solicited for the purchase and sale of cotton and cotton seed oil for future delivery. Special attention and liberal terms given for consignments of spot cotton for delivery. Correspondence invited.

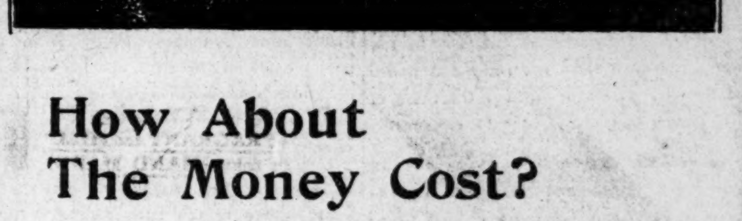
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Special Rates to Dealers in Lots of 12 or More

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Corner South Forsyth and Alabama Streets

ATLANTA, GA.

PEOPLE WHO HAVE MONEY TO SPEND OR HELP TO ENGAGE ARE

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

Robert W. Parris, of the Parris & Lang agency, has sold for W. I. Brooks to Judge H. E. W. Palmer 8¾ acres, with a six-room house, near Parker's Bend station of the Stone Mountain car line, for $2,250.

Also for W. M. Johnson and A. T. Young, tracts Nos. 4, 6, 10, 11, 12 and 13, aggregating about 33 acres, of the Cloud farm, near Parker's Bend station, adjoining above property, at an average of about $140 per acre.

Neither of these sales was of a swapping nature, Judge Palmer buying outright, and will make the property into a beautiful suburban home.

PROPERTY TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

$6,000—Asa G. Candler to George D. Spence and T. J. Bettes, No. 327 Euclid avenue, 52x155. September 21.

$1,500—Mrs. M. H. Tatum to Bessie L. Greenlee, lot southeast corner North Boulevard and Boulevard place, 50x101. September 8.

$10 and other considerations—A. B. Chapman to W. Bayne Gibson, lot west side Ashby street, 85 feet south of West Fair street, lot 40x100. Half interest. May 7, 1913.

$3,000—Peters Land company to Albert B. Turner, lot east side Penn avenue, 150 feet south of Fifth street, 50x150. September 23, 1914.

$4,750—Mrs. Nettie P. Davison to Joseph Lefkoff, lot east side Jackson street, 80 feet south of Cain street, 50x150. December 3, 1912.

$4,000—K. K. Kelley et al. to D. P. Huff, lot west side Lawton street, 100 feet north of Oglethorpe avenue, 50x160. January 6, 1910.

$2,300—David L. Arwood to Abe Schurman, lot southwest side Hemphill avenue, 209 feet southeast of Lees avenue, 57x164. September 19.

$1 and for division—Pearl L. Baker to O. A. Baker, half interest in lot south side Simpson street at northwest corner land lot 179, fourteenth district, 1,370x735; also 20 acres in south half of land lot 178, fourteenth district, half interest in 9-10 of this last tract. September 18.

$1 and for division—Clark A. Baker to Pearl L. Baker, half interest in 16.63 acres in land lots 207 and 178, fourteenth district; also 16.63 acres in land lot 207, fourteenth district, on Simpson street. September 18.

$3,300—Mrs. Ida B. Cross to W. T. Johnson, lot west side West Boulevard, 258 feet south of Yale avenue, 67x400. July 24, 1912.

$900—Harper & Weathers Realty company to Robert H. Jones, lot southwest corner Johnson road and Northbourne street, 189x270. September 22.

Bonds for Title.

$2,000—Gertrude E. Doster to Arthur E. Brown, lot on west side Garden street, 309 feet south of Love street, 33x100 feet. September 17.

$5,200—W. J. Timms to Mrs. Lillie C. Thomas, lot on south side Pavilion street, 105 feet west of Grant street, 45x100 feet. Augusta 1.

$3,700—J. M. Averett to J. A. Shiflet, one acre on Mayson and Turner avenue, at Whitney's line, land lot 208, fourteenth district. March 16, 1909.

Transferred to John W. Savage. September 14.

Loan Deeds.

$1,750—George C. Spence et al. to Asa G. Candler, No. 327 Euclid avenue, 52x155 feet. September 21.

$2,350—P. L. Bridges to E. T. Morris, lot on north side Dixie avenue, 42 feet east of Waddell street, 40x178 feet. September 18.

$2,000—R. R. Pattillo to Retail Credit company, lot on north side Van Buren street, 150 feet west of chert road, 56x231 feet. September 16.

$840—C. W. Hill to J. J. West, lot on south side Little street, 223 feet east of Fraser street, 45x100 feet. September 18.

$4,000—Albert B. Turner to Travelers' Insurance company, No. 69 Penn avenue, 50x150 feet. September 21.

$1,850—Isaac Weinberg to Mortgage-Bond company of New York, No. 310 South Pryor street, 50x150 feet. September 21.

$1,500—J. A. Horsley et al. to Woman's

Continued on Last Page.

LEGAL NOTICES

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON—To the Superior Court of Said County: The petition of H. L. Morris, Daniel MacDougald and Hughes Spalding, respectfully shows:

1. That petitioners desire to become incorporated under the name of COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT COMPANY.

2. That the capital stock of said corporation shall be Twenty Thousand ($20,000) Dollars, divided into shares of One Hundred ($100) Dollars, with the right, power and privilege to increase the same from time to time up to an aggregate of Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand ($250,000) Dollars, by a majority vote in amount of the capital stock entitled to vote outstanding at the time of any such increase, and with the right, power and privilege to make any part of said original or increased capital stock preferred stock as it may determine by a like vote and with such preferences and priorities as it may fix in the resolution creating such preferred stock, and to retire and reissue said increase.

3. The principal office and place of residence of said corporation shall be in the County of Fulton, but petitioners desire that said corporation have the right and power to establish and maintain such branch offices, either within or without the State of Georgia as it may desire.

4. That the business of said corporation shall be, and petitioners ask for it, power, right and authority to acquire, receive, buy, own, and deal in lands, and any and all interests therein, situated in Georgia, or any other States and Territories of the United States, and improve, develop, sell, lease, convey and otherwise dispose of or use the same; to acquire, receive, buy, sell, own and deal in all kinds of personal property and any and all interests therein, including notes, bonds, mortgages, stocks of all kinds in any other corporation of the State of Georgia, and any other States and Territories of the United States except only when prohibited by law, and the same to improve, develop, sell, lease, convey, transfer, assign and otherwise dispose of at pleasure, and generally to do any and all things in connection with or related to such business as a private person could lawfully do.

5. That petitioners desire that said corporation have full right, power and authority to create and issue such notes, bonds, debentures and other evidence of debt as it may desire, and to borrow money at will, and to secure any or all of such debts, bonds, debentures and evidences of debt, by a deed or deeds, trust mortgage or mortgages, pledges, or deposits of collateral or in any other lawful ways as it may desire.

6. The entire capital stock of Twenty Thousand ($20,000) Dollars will be fully paid before commencing business, and the same, and any and all increase and increases of such capital stock may be paid in property or cash as may be desired, any such property to be received at its reasonable value only, the subscribers thereto to be bound for the full payment of their subscriptions thereto but not otherwise.

7. That said corporation have full right, power and authority to apply for, procure, and accept an amendment or amendments to its charter, either in form or substance, and to make such radical changes in its business as may be voted by a two-thirds vote of the amount of stock then outstanding and entitled to vote; and by a like vote to sell out its business, or any part thereof, and convey the same or otherwise dispose therof; and by a like vote to wind up its business, or any of them, and cease to operate or do business under this Charter.

8. That said corporation be incorporated for the full period of twenty (20) years, with the rights of renewals when and as now or hereafter provided by law, and that it have all the other rights, powers, privileges and immunities provided by the Code of Georgia of 1910, Section 2823, and all such as are incident to like incorporations under the law.

9. That this petition be filed, published and recorded as provided by law, and that an order be entered granting the same, and petitioners will ever pray, etc.

KING & SPALDING,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

Filed in office, this the 24th day of September, 1914.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON—I, Arnold Broyles, Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the application for charter in the matter of COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT COMPANY, as the same appears of file in this office.

Witness my official signature and the seal of said court, this the 24th day of September, 1914.

(Seal.) ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Hiram Cochran v. Priscilla Fambro—To the Defendant: By order of court you are notified that on the 21st day of August, 1914, Hiram Cochran filed suit against you for foreclosure mortgage to the November term of said court. You are hereby required to be at the November term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in November, to answer the plaintiff's complaint. Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this August 24, 1914.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION.

1 Insertion 10c a line
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1c per word flat for classified advertising from outside of Atlanta.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

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EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LEGAL NOTICES

PROCLAMATION.

SUBMITTING a proposed amendment to the Constitution of Georgia, to be voted on at the general state election to be held on Tuesday, November 3, 1914, said amendment providing for the creation of the county of Bacon, and for other purposes.

By his excellency,
JOHN M. SLATON,
Governor.

State of Georgia, Executive Department, August 3, 1914.

Whereas, the general assembly at its session in 1914 proposed an amendment to the constitution of this state as set forth in an act approved July 27, 1914, to wit:

An act to propose to the qualified electors of this state an amendment to paragraph two, of section one, of article eleven, of the constitution of this state as amended by the ratification by the qualified voters of this state of the act approved July 19, 1904, and further amended by the ratification, by the qualified voters of this state of an amendatory act approved July 31, 1906, and for other purposes:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia that the following amendment is hereby proposed to paragraph 2, of section 1, of article 11, of the constitution of this state as amended by the ratification by the qualified voters of this state of the act of July 19, 1904, and further amended by the ratification by the qualified voters of this state, of an amendatory act approved July 31, 1906, to wit: by adding to said paragraph the following language: Provided, however, that in addition to the counties now provided for by the constitution of the state of Georgia, there shall be a new county laid out from the counties of Appling, Pierce and Ware, that the name of said county shall be Bacon, and the boundaries shall be as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of the county of Appling, where it corners with Ware and Coffee counties, being at the southwest corner of land lot 471 of the fifth district of Appling county, and running thence north along the dividing lines between the counties of Appling and Coffee to the southwest corner of land lot 464 of the fifth district of Appling county; and running thence west along the original land line to the southwest corner of land lot 510 of the fifth district of Appling county where it corners with Coffee county; and running thence north along the dividing line between the counties of Appling and Coffee to the northwest corner of land lot 115 of the second district of Appling county where it corners with Jeff Davis county, and running thence east along the dividing line between Appling and Jeff Davis counties to the northwest corner of land lot 108 in the second district of Appling county; thence running north along the dividing line of Appling and Jeff Davis counties to the northwest corner of land lot 169 of the second district of Appling county; and thence east along the original land line to what is known as the Little Satilla river; and thence southeasterly along the middle thread of the Little Satilla river to a point where said river crosses the southern line of land lot 75 of the fourth district of Pierce county, and running thence west along the original land line to the northwest corner of land lot 76 in the fourth district of Pierce county; thence running south along the original land line to the southeast corner of land lot 63 in the fourth district of Pierce county and running thence west along the original land line to the southwest corner of land lot 30 in the fourth district of Pierce county; thence south along the original land line to the southeast corner of land lot 31 of the fourth district of Pierce county; thence west along the original land line to the southwest corner of land lot 16 in the fourth district of Pierce county; thence south along the original land line to the southwest corner of land lot 15 in the fourth district of Pierce county; thence west along the original land line to the southwest corner of land lot 38 in the fifth district of Pierce county; thence south along the original land line to the southwest corner of land lot 36 in the fifth district of Pierce county; thence west along the original land line to the southeast corner of land lot 57 in the fifth district of Pierce county; thence south along the original lot line to the southeast corner of land lot 58 in the fifth district of Pierce county; thence west along the original land line to the southeast corner of land lot 81 in the fifth district of Pierce county; thence south along the original land line to the southeast corner of land lot 80 in the fifth district of Pierce county; thence west along the original land line to the southeast corner of land lot 105 in the fifth district of Pierce county; thence south along the original land line to the southeast corner of land lot 106 in the fifth district of Pierce county; thence west along the original land lines to the southeast corner of land lot 198 in the fifth district of Ware county; thence south along the original land line to the southeast corner of land lot 199 in the fifth district of Ware county; thence west along the original land lines to the southwest corner of land lot 291 in the fifth district of Ware county; thence north along the original land lines to the northwest corner of land lot 290 in the fifth district of Ware county; thence west along the original land line to the southwest corner of land lot 310 in the fifth district of Ware county; thence north along the original land lines to the southwest corner of land lot 312 in the fifth district of Ware county; thence west along the original land lines to the southwest corner of land lot 471 to point and place of beginning.

Sec. 2. That Alma, Ga., shall be the county site of said county; that the said county shall be attached to the eleventh congressional district and to the Waycross judicial circuit and to the third senatorial district. That all the legal voters residing in the limits of said county of Bacon, entitled to vote for members of the general assembly under the laws of Georgia, shall on the first Tuesday in January, 1915, at Alma, Ga., the county site of said county, elect an ordinary, a clerk of the superior court, a sheriff, a coroner, a tax collector, a tax receiver, a county surveyor, a county school superintendent and a county treasurer. The limits of said county, the congressional and senatorial districts and the judicial circuit to which it is added shall be as above designated until changed by law. The superior court of said county shall be held on the third Mondays in March and October.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That when this proposed amendment shall be agreed to by two-thirds of the members elected to each of the houses, and shall have been entered on the journal of each house with the ayes and nays taken thereon, the governor is hereby directed to cause the said proposed amendment to be advertised in at least two newspapers in each congressional district, at least two months before the next general election to be held on the first Wednesday in October, 1914; and he shall also provide for the submission of the proposed amendment at the said general election, and if said proposed amendment shall be ratified by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the general assembly, such amendment shall become a part of the Constitution of Georgia.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the governor to submit said amendment to the legally qualified electors of said election in the following form: That those voting in favor of said proposed amendment shall have written or printed on their ticket "In favor of ratification of the amendment to the Constitution, creating the county of Bacon, with Alma as the county site," and those opposed to the ratification of said amendment shall have written or printed on their tickets "Opposed to the ratification of the amendment to the Constitution creating the county of Bacon, with Alma as the county site."

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Now, therefore, I, John M. Slaton, governor of said state, do issue this my proclamation hereby declaring that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution is submitted for ratification or rejection to the voters of the state qualified to vote for members of the general assembly at the general election to be held on Tuesday, November 3, 1914.

JOHN M. SLATON, Governor.
By the Governor:
PHILIP COOK, Secretary of State.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Mrs. E. J. Kroeger v. J. G. Kroeger. By order of court you are notified that on the 23d day of July, 1914, Mrs. E. J. Kroeger filed suit against you for total divorce to the November term of said court. You are hereby required to be at the November term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in November, to answer the plaintiff's complaint. Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this July 23, 1914.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICES

PROCLAMATION.

SUBMITTING a proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Georgia, to be voted on at the General State election to be held on Tuesday, November 3, 1914, said amendment providing for salary of the judge of the Superior Court of Bibb county. By his excellency,

JOHN M. SLATON,
Governor State of Georgia, Executive Department, August 3, 1914.

Whereas, the General Assembly at its session in 1913 proposed an amendment to the Constitution of this State, as set forth in an Act approved August 16, 1913, to wit:

An Act to amend Paragraph 1, of Section 13, of Article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Georgia, regulating the salaries of the judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts by providing for the payment from the county treasury of Bibb county to the judge of the superior court of the circuit of which the said county is a part of additional compensation.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, That paragraph 1, of section 13, of article 6, of the Constitution of the state of Georgia, as amended by the act of the general assembly, approved August 3, 1910, and duly ratified by the people according to law, be and the same is hereby amended by inserting the word "Bibb" in the proviso contained in said amendment, between the words "the counties of" and the word "Chatham" so that said proviso so amended by this amendment shall read as follows:

Provided, however, That the counties of Bibb, Chatham, Fulton and Richmond shall pay from their respective county treasuries to the superior court judges of the circuit of which they are a part, and the county of Fulton to the judge of the Stone Mountain circuit, or the judge of such other circuit as may hereafter be required to regularly preside therein for additional services rendered in the superior court of Fulton county, such sums as will, with the salaries paid each judge from the state treasury, make a salary of $5,000.00 per annum to each judge, and said payments are declared to be a part of the court expenses of such counties, such payments to be made to the judges now in office as well as their successors.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That if this constitutional amendment shall be agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the general assembly of each house the same shall be entered on each journal, with the ayes and nays taken thereon, and the governor shall cause the amendment to be published in one or more of the newspapers in each congressional district for two months, immediately preceding the next general election, and the voters thereat shall have written or printed on their ticket "For ratification of amendment to paragraph 1, section 13, article 6, of the Constitution" (providing for additional compensation of the superior court judge in Bibb superior court) or "Against ratification of amendment to paragraph 1, section 13, article 6, of the Constitution" (against providing additional compensation for the superior court judge in Bibb superior court) as they may choose, and if a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the next general assembly voting, shall vote in favor of ratification, then said amendment shall become a part of article 6, section 13, paragraph 1, of the constitution of this state, and the governor shall make proclamation thereof.

Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act, be, and the same are repealed.

Now, therefore, I, John M. Slaton, governor of said state, do issue this my proclamation, hereby declaring that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution is submitted for ratification or rejection to voters of the state qualified to vote for members of the general assembly at the general election to be held on Tuesday, November 3, 1914.

JOHN M. SLATON, Governor.
By the Governor:
PHILIP COOK, Secretary of State.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Mrs. Inez B. Richardson v. Frank Richardson. By order of court you are notified that on the 11th day of August, 1914, Mrs. Inez B. Richardson filed suit against you for divorce to the January term, 1915, of said court. You are hereby required to be at the January term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in January, to answer the plaintiff's complaint. Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this September 19, 1914.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Florence Coleman v. John B. Coleman. By order of court you are notified that on the 8th day of September, 1914, Florence Coleman filed suit against you for divorce to the November term of said court. You are hereby required to be at the November term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in November, to answer the plaintiff's complaint. Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this September 9, 1914.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

LOOK, READ AND ACT—$10 reward for two colored boys. To anyone who will arrest the two boys, John Harden and Hezekiah Reaves, who left Rhine, Ga., September 6, the above reward will be paid. Notify Deputy Sheriff Henry Brown, at Rhine, who holds a warrant for them. Hezekiah Reaves is a tall, slim boy 15 years old, brown skin, long, keen fingers with tetter in his face. John Harden is about the same color or a little brighter, with large eyes, low, with short fingers. It is thought that they are somewhere in the bounds of Helena, Ga., picking cotton. They are negro boys, both wearing new pants. I object to anyone hiring these two minor boys. If so, they will be liable to prosecution. H. R. REAVES, Rhine, Ga.

W. T. GEORGE has sold his place at 415 Rawson street to B. Godlin.

PERSONAL

M. FOX LADIES' TAILOR AND FURRIER. Remodeling Suits and Furs, Cleaning, Dyeing and Curing Guaranteed. 314 GRAND OPERA HOUSE

SPRATLING IS DYEING
MOURNING BLACK IN ONE DAY'S NOTICE.
Freight paid one way on $2 out-of-town orders. Atlanta Steam Dye Cleaning Works. J. S. Spratling, Proprietor. 53 Auburn avenue. Ivy 2340.

SANITARY
CARPET CLEANING.
WHEN you see our good work and compare our price you will understand why hundreds of people everywhere prefer to have us do their work. 80 Old Wheat st. Phone Ivy 951.

IT PAYS TO LEARN TO SEW. MAKE your own waists, skirts, dresses and suits while learning. Call or write. Open daily, also Monday and Thursday evenings. ATLANTA SEWING SCHOOL, 502 Chamber of Commerce Building, Pryor St. and Auburn Ave.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, home-like; limited number of patients cared for. Homes provided for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor street.

THE BARCLEY CUSTOM CORSET is made for you to your exact measurement; boned with firm, flexible, woven wire so as to cling to and support your figure perfectly and give freedom of motion. Mrs. E. K. Wilcox. Ivy 1374. 19 Forrest Ave.

ATLANTA SCHOOL OF PRACTICAL MILLINERY
THE original and only regular millinery training school in Atlanta. Begin now and finish in time for fall season. Miss Rainwater, 40½ Whitehall street.

LADIES' TAILOR
SPECIAL sale this month, broadcloth suits made to your measure, $35; fit and workmanship guaranteed. M. Fischer, 66-67 Inman building. 22½ South Broad.

PORTRAITS enlarged free for 90 days. Save agent profits. Work guaranteed. Learn to do the work at home. Federation of Arts and Crafts, 110 Luckie st., Atlanta, Ga.

LESSONS in healthful, physical exercise to reduce or increase weight, strengthen lungs, cure nervousness, indigestion, anaemia, etc. References; physicians testimonials. Ivy 1647-L.

CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL WORKS, subscription sets, Americana and libraries bought, sold and exchanged. Magazine subscription agency. George F. Williams, 739 Lesseps St., New Orleans, La.

SEE DR. ELLIGAN
FOR BAD FEET AND TURKISH BATHS. ROOM 8, CANDLER BLDG.

WANTED—A real Christian home for an infant; no other need apply. Address "Home," Box F-163, Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

WOMAN'S EXCHANGE—We do stenographic work, launder lace curtains, sell home-made cakes, pickles and jellies. Main 4487-J. 159 Whitehall.

DISTINCTIVE MILLINERY on easy payments; feathers cleaned, 35c; dyed 60c. Miller's Millinery Shop, 97 Marietta St.

DEAD CLOCKS? SICK WATCH? WANT JEWELRY REPAIRED? SEE OR WRITE WILLIAMS, 3 AUBURN AVE.

FREE—Our 1914 Magazine catalogue, just out. Phone or write for it. Charles D. Barker, Circulation, 19-21 Peters. M. 4623-J.

BEAUTY SPECIALIST
MANICURIST and hairdresser. Superfluous hair removed. 43 Trinity. Main 2439.

MISS LAURA WEST
IS MANAGER of a class of young ladies at 257 South Pryor street; art work at home.

PERSONAL

ANGELINE, do you sing ANGELINE? Delightful Mexican war song, 25c. H. K. Dugdale Company, Washington, D. C.

SMOKE EE-M TOBACCO for Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma and Colds. 10c bags. Your druggist or EE-M Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WE MAKE switches from combings, $1 each. Mrs. Allie Gallaher, 70½ Peachtree street. Phone Ivy 1966-J.

VERY BEST cedar oil polish and mop at 74 E. Mitchell st. M. 4072-L.

THE reliable curtain stretcher located at 247 Piedmont. Mary Throbs. A. P. 6049-A.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found; often they are stolen with no chance of recovery, but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST OR STOLEN—One female pointer bird dog, 3 years old, dark liver color with white breast and around one shoulder with small black spots in white; has on plain leather collar. Answers to both names Bell and Dellar. Liberal reward if returned to 114 Windsor street.

LOST—In moving from Ormewood Park, 96 Augusta avenue, 8 window shades. Finder call Atlanta phone 2669 or Bell M. 5354 or Ivy 7845. Reward.

LEFT on Woodward ave. car leaving Five Points at 2:45 p. m., package containing 12 China plates. Finder call Ivy 3503-J. Reward.

LOST—Saturday in the uptown district, a gold circular carved pin. Call Ivy 8575-J. Reward.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman,
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman.
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: 202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210 Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephones: 3023, 3024 and 3025, Atlanta, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Male

PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

YES—Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade. (It's easy.) Taught in half time of other colleges. Complete course and position in our chain of shops. $30. Atlanta Barber College, 10 East Mitchell St.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS.

DENTAL SALESMAN, with successful road experience, territory North and South Carolina. Position open October 1. Give references and salary to secure reply. SOUTHERN BRANCH, 1605 Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—By one of the oldest and largest manufacturing firms in the south, experienced salesman. Must understand grocery trade in the city of Atlanta. Answer in own handwriting, giving complete past record, references, etc. Good opportunity for the right man. Manufacturer, care of The Atlanta Constitution.

WANTED—Salesmen capable of explaining merits of newly patented gasoline-saving device; sold under guarantee to increase mileage of any automobile 25 to 50 per cent per gallon of gasoline used. Empire Sales Co., 303 Candler building.

WANTED—Salesmen who can talk, men who have sold books or insurance preferred, good proposition. Address Goodman, 703 Northland avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED—Two live salesmen. Call for V. B. Slaughter, sales manager, 9 a. m. 407 Austell bldg.

TRAVELING SALESMEN who are laying off to grab some easy money. Call mornings 402 Empire Life Bldg.

AGENTS.

THE Nations of Europe, the Causes and Issues of the Great War, gives the history of the nations involved in the greatest war of all times. Price $1.50. We pay agents 50 per cent commission. Complete outfit 25c. Hopkins Book Concern, 153 Auburn avenue, Atlanta.

AGENTS—To sell an article used by eighty per cent of people, liberal profit, no peddling, experience unnecessary. Victor Arch Co., 303-5 Commercial Bldg., Dayton, Ohio.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEN 18 TO 35—Become railway postal clerks. Commence $75 month. Sample examination questions free. Box F 154, care Constitution.

WANTED—Man with horse and rig to carry newspaper route. A hustler can make good money. Apply City Circulation Dept., Constitution.

WANTED—At once, five neat-appearing salesmen; salary $12 week. 310 Whitehall.

EXPERIENCED white milker and farmer. 1018 Century building.

HELP WANTED—Female

STORES AND OFFICES.

WANTED—A stenographer from the south; a S. P. trichrome used for special work. Must be a lady combining business and literary accomplishments. Address Lock Box 278, Centralia, Washington.

DOMESTIC.

EXPERIENCED white hotel vegetable cook. 1018 Century building.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LADIES earn from $5 to $10 per week addressing circulars in your own home. We furnish everything. Send stamps for particulars. P. O. Box 918, Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN—Get government jobs; thousands vacancies yearly. List positions open to women—free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 600-R, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—First-class milliner; no "has been" or apprentice; give references of last employer. O. B. A., Box 283, Gainesville, Ga.

GIRLS, learn millinery. Free scholarship plan. We make and retrim hats free. Ideal School of Millinery. 100½ Whitehall.

WANTED—Neat young woman. 1007 Fourth National Bank building.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

NICKELVITCH
100 MEN AND WOMEN to sell 100 lots in BROOKHAVEN HEIGHTS. Our terms are easy. Our new plan worth your while investigating. No trouble to explain. Call at the office in person.
AMERICAN REALTY COMPANY
914 EMPIRE BLDG.

MEN—Women. Get government jobs $65 to $150 month. Write for list of positions available. Franklin Institute, Dept. 53-R, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Teachers

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY; efficient service. 422 Atl. Nat'l B. Bldg. M. 3145.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

SPECIAL rates for situation wanted ads.; 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15 cents. To get these rates ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution office.

MR. EMPLOYER—If this stress makes it necessary to curtail your force, don't try the $5 per week girl, let us call for your dictation on the same basis, or less, giving you the finished product of years of experience and college training. Ivy 7362. 917 Healey building.

GERMAN nursery governess, experienced in conversational teaching, with best of references. Telephone Ivy 7450 or call for personal interview at 56 West Baker st.

WANTED—Position by young lady as steno-bookkeeper or stenographer and general office assistant. Address E-234, care Constitution.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper, experienced, city preferred. State salary. Address Mrs. E. M., R. F. D. No. 2, Box 21, Seale, Ala.

MUSIC TEACHER—Piano and voice, wants to teach in private family for room or board; references. Address E-191, Constitution.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and accurate, desires position for all or half day. Ivy 4491 or 7578.

STENOGRAPHER wishes extra work, envelopes addressed, lectures copied, etc. Ivy 8313. Empire bldg.

LADY stenographer would like work evenings and Saturdays; salary no consideration. Address E-281, Constitution.

NORTHERN woman, with 6-year old girl, desires position as housekeeper at once. M. B. M., 73 E. Mitchell street, city.

CAPABLE, experienced young lady stenographer desires position immediately. Phone Ivy 4078.

WANTED—A middle-aged lady wants position as housekeeper in country hotel. Address E-275, Constitution.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

SPECIAL rates for situations wanted ads.; 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15c. To get these rates ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution office.

AN ANSWER TO YOUR AD.
or several of them may be sent in as late as a week after your ad last appeared in The Constitution. Such responses are the result of several forms of special service which The Constitution is rendering in behalf of all Situation Wanted advertisers. So, if you want a wider range of choice before accepting a position, hold your box number card and call at or phone to The Constitution frequently for at least a week.

BOOKKEEPER, FIRE INSURANCE ACCOUNTANT, desires position. Good references. P. O. Box 831.

DO you need an expert chauffeur? Some one to save you all that trouble these cold mornings. Can keep car in repair and save you the garage man's expense; have been on racing team. Can handle any make car. Have driven in twelve states. Will give private family entire time. Address E-248, Constitution.

STENOGRAPHER—Seven years' experience, mostly railroad work; accurate, rapid and reliable. Have held and capable of holding responsible position. Best references, reasonable salary. Can report immediately. Address 123 Bell st., Americus, Ga.

A NON-RESIDENT shoe salesman who is in Atlanta for a few days would like to have an interview with a good shoe house relative to taking a position in the near future. Would like a house where strict attention to business is appreciated. Address E-273, Constitution.

A COMPETENT grocery salesman, either wholesale or retail, wants an interview with a good house relative to taking a position in the near future. Would like a house where hard work and strict attention to business is appreciated. Address E-274, Constitution.

HOTEL MANAGER, capable all departments, seeks position, good northern references, correspondence solicited with reliable party. Address C. Nelson, Box F-164, care Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

HUSTLING, progressive young business man, recently in business in New York, desires position immediately. Sales or executive capacity preferred, but will consider anything. Address E-276, Constitution.

LEGAL stenographer, years' of experience, familiar with detail of law office; good evidence man, wants position at once; references. Address B. L. T., care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED furnishing and hat salesman, thoroughly acquainted with the better class of trade, desires a connection. A-1 references. Address E-289, Constitution.

A TEACHER (man) of several years' successful experience, graduate of Mercer university, desires position at once. Best references. Address Teacher, care Postmaster, Cochran, Ga.

OFFICE position or collecting by young man, experience and ability; good worker. Don't let this slip by. Address E-291, Constitution.

DRUGGIST—Licensed, experienced, good salesman and stock man; best references. Present employer interview solicited. Address E-292, Constitution.

THOROUGHLY competent, rapid and accurate accountant, desires connection immediately. Best references. Address E-282, Constitution.

OFFICE MAN with 12 years' experience wants position; bookkeeper, credit man, correspondent or general office work. W. J. McKinley, 80 Walton st. Ivy 2241.

YOUNG man, high school graduate, wants any kind of work in engineering line. Address W. R. Bradley, 108 Simpson st.

EXPERIENCED stenographer is open for work from 7 p. m. till 10 p. m. Steady and reliable. Answer quick. Address E-267, Constitution.

WANTED—Position by registered druggist, 8 years' experience. Can furnish best references. Address W. S. T., Box 153, Marietta, Ga.

ELECTRICAL repair and construction man, A-1 all-round man. Winecoff, 3018 Lucas street, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Situation in barber shop; willing to start at reasonable price; will go anywhere. Address E-287, Constitution.

WANTED—Work of some kind by young man with family. Address E-265, Constitution.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.

A. T. CURRY ACCOUNTING CO.—Books checked and financial statements made at 50c per hour. Systems installed proportionately low. P. O. Box 1674. Phone Ivy 1118.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

SECOND-HAND PRINTING MATERIAL FOR SALE CHEAP.
250 California cases, cost 75c; sale price, 30c.
90 lower case news cases, full size, cost 50c; sale price, 15c.
Galley rack, holding ten galleys, up to three columns, $3.
10 wooden double frames, cost $8.50; sale price, $3.75.
12 double iron frames, holding 13 cases, cost $17.50; sale price, $10.
One proof press, will take a three-column galley; sale price, $10.
Two stones and one stand to hold them, about 8 feet long; sale price, $10.
One wooden case rack, holds 30 full-size cases; cost $10; sale price, $4.
This material will be sold in lots to suit.
Pay you own freight. Address THE CONSTITUTION. ATLANTA, GA.

CHEAP LUMBER FOR SALE
WE ARE closing out our entire stock of lumber, shingles, doors, windows, etc., at our Rogers street and DeKalb avenue yard. BRING your orders quick while the stock is complete and save money. CALL at 306 Peters bldg., or at Lumber yard, corner DeKalb avenue and Rogers street, Kirkwood.
WILLINGHAM LUMBER & COAL CO., Bell phone, Main 1813 and Dec. 705 either phone.

SAFES
BOUGHT, sold and exchanged. Bank safes, vault doors. Combinations changed.
Bankers' Safe and Vault Co.
No. 35 East Mitchell Street.

POTASH-GUANO NITRATE
SODA—Acid Phosphate, Agricultural Lime, C. S. Meal, Hulls and Coal Car Lots. W. E. McCalla, Mfg. Agent, Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

SCHOOL DESKS We have 10,000 in stock. Can ship rush orders same day received. Wire us at our expense. The Southern Desk Co., Hickory, N. C.

MOTORS—One four-horse and one six-horse old style Jenny motors for sale cheap. In good condition. Dickert-Higgins Co., Crumley bldg. Phone Ivy 8597.

APPLES.
SEND $1.15 and I will ship by first express, one full bushel box of Habersham county apples. E. Philbrick, Baldwin, Ga.

IF YOU are interested in second-hand office furniture see Foote & Davies, 6 N. Broad street.

ATLANTA SAFE CO.
BARGAINS in New and Second-hand Safes. Real Lock Experts. Safe artists. Main 4601.

BRAND-NEW electric drill, ½-inch in steel; dirt cheap. Address E-284, Constitution.

HAVE Herring-Hall-Marvin safe for sale at bargain. 21x27 inches inside. A. G. Moser, Jeweler, Grant bldg.

ANGELINE, ANGELINE, ANGELINE, ANGELINE, 25c. H. K. Dugdale Co., Washington, D. C.

A MONEY-MAKER for sale, 25 5c slot pecan machines at half price. Ask for Ben Snow, No. 5 Edgewood avenue.

ONE coal Estate heater, practically new, cost $30. Price $15. 40 E. Harris, Apt. 3.

FOR SALE—Majestic range, good condition. Call Ivy 2993.

$15 BUYS $55 Buck range, not used six months. Phone West 234.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

New Transfer and Storage
GIBSON TRANSFER AND STORAGE CO., 23 Peters street, Atlanta 5314. Main 2558. Moves, stores, packs and ships all kinds of household goods and pianos by expert white men. Cut prices.

WANTED BOOK, "Hearts'ease After Sorrow," by Mrs. Fannie Allen. Mrs. Fannie Allen, 168 S. Forsyth st., Atlanta, Ga.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

FOR SALE—New piano taken for debt, never used and have no use for it. Will sell far below regular price to get rid of it. Genuine bargain. Address G. D. J., care Constitution.

TWO VIOLINS, one full, other three-quarters, of best make. Phone residence Ivy 3696. 54 Prado, Ansley Park.

FOR SALE—Kimball piano; good as new; bargain. Ivy 8398-J.

BUSINESS AND MAIL ORDER DIRECTORY.

ABSTRACT AND TITLE INSURANCE.

ATLANTA TITLE GUARANTEE INSURANCE COMPANY, ground floor Equitable building. Main 5420.

CARPETS, RUGS CLEANED.

RUGS cleaned and laid. Mr. Miller, M. Rich & Bros. reference. Z. Harris. I. 2060-L.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

SANITARY carpet cleaning. All kinds of rugs. Work guaranteed. 80 Old Wheat st. Ivy 951.

COAL.

$4.50—COAL—$4.50
OLIVER JELLICO LUMP.
M. 666-J. GATE CITY COAL CO.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

WE do all kinds of house repairing, tinting and painting a specialty. A trial is all we ask. Main 1931-J; Main 5035-J; Atlanta 5638-A. Atlanta Builders and Repair Co.

CONTRACTING AND PAINTING.

T. M. CANNON Painting, wall tinting, satisfaction guaranteed. 164 Walton st. Main 1932.

CONTRACTING.

E. Y. CROCKET
160 S. PRYOR ST. store and office fixtures, store fronts, painting and wall tinting. Main 3651. Residence phone 5425.

CLEANERS AND PRESSERS.

SUITS PRESSED while you wait. Ryan & Wilkins, 3 East Mitchell. Atlanta phone 3298.

PORTABLE PRESSING CLUB will press your clothes at your door; also dry cleaning; work guaranteed. West 757-J.

HIGH-CLASS cleaning, pressing, altering and repairing. 45 Spring St. Ivy 7588-J.

FURNITURE REPAIRING.

GUARANTEE
FURNITURE REPAIRING & UPHOLSTERING CO., 66 Whitehall Terrace. W. R. CONNER, PROP. Atlanta 5454.

MACHINERY REPAIRING.

HADLEY MACHINE WORKS, INC., 119 S. Forsyth St. M. 1520. MECHANICAL REPAIR WORK. METAL WELDING.

HAIRDRESSING PARLORS.

THE S. A. CLAYTON CO., manicuring, chiropodist and hairdressing parlors; facial massage. Main 1769. 18 E. Hunter.

HATTERS.

OLD HATS MADE NEW—Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention.

ACME HATTERS. 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

HAT CLEANERS.

OLYMPIA HATTERS
98½ WHITEHALL ST. Old hats made new. 25 cents.

HAIR DRESSING.

A. J. GRISWOLD
Hair Dresser and Scalp Specialist
HAIR CLEANED AND STRAIGHTENED 50c. $5 GIVEN AWAY FREE. CALL TO SEE ME. 114 EAST HARRIS ST. ATLANTA, GA.

HAIR DRESSING
MANICURING and massaging in your home by experienced hairdresser; special electric treatments. Ivy 4079. Mme. Henry.

HOUSE CLEANER.

WALTER HANDLEY,
General House Cleaner.
Phone Ivy 3159-J.
14 Clifton St.

JEWELRY REPAIRING.

R. A. DAVIS 280 Decatur st. Bell phone. Main 2054-J. Repairer of fine watches and jewelry.

INCUBATORS.

WHAT it takes to make them to order, we happen to have it. Give us your next order and we will convince you. Southern States Screen and Cabinet Co., Box 94, College Park. E. P. 396. Wood or metal frames.

MINUTE MESSENGERS.

MILLER'S ALWAYS on the minute. Phone 23 or Ivy 4372.

LUMBER.

R. J. CRAIG & CO., INC.
349 DECATUR STREET.
Bell Phone Main 5043. Atlanta phone 1734.
WHEN IN NEED OF LUMBER CALL US.

LAWN WORK, GRADING, SODDING.

FOR wood, earth, cow-pen or stable manure, call on Henry Williams, 22 Johnson avenue. Bell phone Ivy 3135-J. Lawn work a specialty.

MATTRESSES.

WHY throw your old cotton mattress away? We will make it good as new for small cost. AMERICAN MATTRESS CO., Bell phone Main 436. Atl. phone 1687.

MONUMENTS.

CHEROKEE Marble and Granite Work. M. 1803. Corner E. Hunter and Terry streets.

MATTRESS MANUFACTURERS.

ATLANTA MATTRESS CO.
MANUFACTURERS; high-grade renovating. 174 Piedmont Ave. Ivy 3847, Atlanta 4847.

MULTIGRAPHING.

MULTIGRAPHING AMERICAN LETTER CO. 663 CANDLER ANNEX. IVY 8495.

PAINTING.

ALL KINDS of vehicles painted, automobiles a specialty. Give us a trial. Rear 173 East Hunter. Atlanta phone 1523.

PAINTING AND TINTING.

D. J. VICKERY WILL save you money on painting, tinting, roof painting, etc. 19 East Mitchell street. Atlanta phone 3062-A.

PLUMBING.

J. B. BOWEN, PLUMBING
M. 2236. 107 S. Forsyth St.

ROOF REPAIRING.

MOONEY Repairs all kinds. Roofing a specialty. 12 months' guarantee; reasonable rate. Call Ivy 905.

SHOE REPAIRING.

SHOES HALF-SOLED, SEWED.
50 CENTS
AT GWINN'S SHOE SHOP, 6 Luckie street, opposite Piedmont Hotel. Both phones. In a hurry? Call Taxicab Company for auto rent service.

Quick Transferring.

J. W. HIGHTOWER PIANOS a specialty. 54 W. Georgia Ave. M. 1022; Atl. 2980.

SANDWICHES.

"DREAM BRAND"
All kinds of Sandwiches
Delivered on short notice.
Fine layer cakes made to order.
Wholesale only.
ATLANTA SANDWICH CO.
M. 1997-J. 18½ W. Alabama St.

STOVES FOR SALE AND REPAIRED.

PETERS STREET STOVE HOUSE.
Stoves Moved and Connected.
ATL. PHONE 1878. 218 PETERS ST.

STOVES AND RANGES.

DAN THE FIXER
REPAIRING of all kinds of stoves, chimneys swept, grates reset. No. 1 East Mitchell. Main 2699.

WINDOW AND HOUSE CLEANING.

NATIONAL WINDOW CLEANING CO., 47 East Hunter st. Main 1175. Atlanta 1051.

TINNER.

Phone E. S. O'Rear, Ivy 7716.
FOR any kind of tin work, rates reasonable; all work guaranteed. Stops your leaky roof.

TAILORING, CLEANING, PRESSING.

REGAL Tailoring Shop. Special method steam cleaning and pressing guaranteed. Suits to order. 152 W. Mitchell. A. P. 739.

TAILORING AND PRESSING.

BLAZELIGHT DRY CLEANING COMPANY does it quicker and better for less money. 165 Walker street. Atlanta 3227.

TINNERS.

KNOX & MAIER CO.,
REPAIR tin, slate and tile roofing, metal work. 207 Marietta st. Main 5368.

THE STOVE MAN.

W. R. BEASLEY STOVES, ranges and furnace repairing. 141 Marietta street. Phone Main 5414. Atlanta 5759-A.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES RETAILORED AND REPAIRED.

ROUNTREE'S, 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phones: Bell, Main 1576. Atlanta 1654.

UMBRELLAS—Wholesale and Retail.

UMBRELLAS Buy from makers, kept in repair free. All prices and kinds with detachable handles. Taylor Umbrella Co., 5 Viaduct Place.

WINDOW GUARDS BURGLAR PROOF.

SOUTHERN WIRE AND IRON WORKS, corner Martin and E. Fair. Phones 5306.

WALL PAPER AND DECORATORS.

FRIDDELL BROS., 107 N. PRYOR ST., Opp. Candler bldg. House painting a specialty. Ivy 459.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. **Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective May 3.	Arrive.	Leave.
Brunswick, Waycross and Thomasville	6:10 am	7:30 am
Roanoke	10:55 am	3:05 pm
Brunswick, Waycross and Thomasville	8:10 pm	10:30 pm

Sleeping cars on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
42 West Pt.	8:15 am	35 New Or.	6:25 am
18 Colum's.	10:55 am	19 Columbus	6:45 am
38 New Or.	11:50 am	33 Montgo'y.	9:10 am
40 New Or.	2:25 pm	39 New Or.	2:00 pm
34 Montg'y.	7:10 pm	17 Columbus	4:05 pm
20 Columbus	7:45 pm	37 New Or.	5:20 pm
36 New Or.	11:35 pm	41 West Pt.	5:45 pm

Central of Georgia Railway. "The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Thomasville	6:25 am	Savannah..	8:00 am
Jacksonville	6:47 am	Albany.....	8:00 am
Savannah..	6:25 am	Macon.....	12:30 pm
Albany....	6:25 am	Macon.....	4:00 pm
Jacksonville	7:25 am	Jacksonville	8:30 pm
Macon......	6:25 am	Savannah..	9:35 pm
Macon......	10:50 am	Valdosta....	8:30 pm
Savannah..	4:20 pm	Jacksonv'e	10:10 pm
Macon.....	7:15 pm	Thomasv'e.	12:01 am
Macon.....	7:55 pm	Albany.....	12:01 am

Southern Railway. "Premier Carrier of the South."

Arrival and departure of passenger trains, Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
36 Birm'm.	12:01 am	36 N. Y....	12:15 am
35 New York	5:45 am	20 Colum's.	5:45 am
43 Washin'n	6:05 am	35 Birmin'm.	6:00 am
1 Jackson'e	6:10 am	1 Chicago.	6:20 am
12 Shrevep't	6:30 am	12 Richm'd.	6:55 am
23 Jackson'e	6:50 am	23 Kan. City.	7:00 am
17 Toccoa..	8:10 am	7 Chatta'a.	7:10 am
26 Heflin....	8:20 am	32 Ft. Vall'y	7:15 am
8 Chatta'a	10:35 am	16 Macon....	7:45 am
7 Macon..	10:45 am	38 N. Y. 1st	11:00 am
27 Ft. Val'y	10:45 am	6 Jacks'e.	11:10 am
21 Colum's.	10:50 am	29 Birm'm.	11:55 am
6 Cincin't.	11:00 am	38 N. Y. 2d	12:05 pm
29 N. Y....	11:40 am	40 Charlo'e.	12:15 pm
40 Birmi'm	12:40 pm	30 Colum's.	12:30 pm
23 Columbu's	1:40 pm	30 N. Y....	2:40 pm
30 Birmi'm.	2:30 pm	16 Chatta'a.	3:00 pm
39 Charlott'e	3:55 pm	39 Birmi'm.	4:10 pm
37 N. Y. 1st.	4:50 pm	18 Toccoa..	4:45 pm
37 N. Y. 2d..	5:00 pm	22 Colum's.	5:10 pm
5 Jackson'e	5:00 pm	5 Cincin't...	5:10 pm
15 Brunsw'k	7:30 pm	28 Ft. Vall'y	5:20 pm
31 Ft. Valley	8:00 pm	10 Macon...	5:30 pm
11 Richm'd.	8:15 pm	25 Heflin...	5:45 pm
2 Chicago.	10:45 pm	44 Washin'n.	8:45 pm
10 Chatta'a.	9:35 pm	24 Jackson'e.	9:35 pm
24 Kan. City	9:25 pm	2 Jacks'e.	10:55 pm
19 Colum's.	10:20 pm	11 Shrevep't.	11:10 pm

All trains run daily, Central time.
City Ticket Office, No. 1 Peachtree St.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

Union Passenger Station.

*Daily except Sunday. **Sunday only.

Georgia Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Charles'n	6:00 am	2 Augusta and East....	7:30 am
3 Wilmi'n	6:00 am	6 Augu'a	12:25 pm
13 Buckh'd	7:35 am	8 Augu'a	3:30 pm
*15 Buck'd.	9:30 am	14 Buck'd.	6:10 pm
1 Augusta.	1:00 pm	*16 Buck'd.	5:00 pm
5 Augusta	4:30 pm	4 Charl'n.	8:15 pm
7 New York and Aug.	8:15 pm	4 Wilmi'n.	8:15 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 16.	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville, Chicago and Northwest	5:10 pm	11:55 am
Cincinnati and Louisville	7:12 am	9:50 pm
Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:35 am	5:00 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	7:12 am	9:50 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	3:40 pm	11:55 am
Murphy accommodation	3:40 pm	10:45 am

Seaboard Air Line Railway.
Effective November 30, 1913.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
11 New York	6:20 am	11 Birmin'm	6:30 am
11 Norfolk..	6:20 am	11 Memphis.	6:30 am
11 Washin'n.	6:20 am	30 Monroe..	7:00 am
11 Portsm'h.	6:20 am	6 N. Y....	12:10 pm
17 Abbe.S.C.	8:50 am	6 Washi'n.	12:10 pm
6 Memphis	11:50 am	6 Norfolk.	12:10 pm
6 Birmi'n.	11:50 am	6 Ports'h.	12:10 pm
22 Birmi'm.	1:40 pm	23 Birmin'm	3:55 pm
5 New York	4:50 pm	5 Birmin'm.	5:00 pm
5 Washin'n.	4:50 pm	5 Memphis.	5:00 pm
5 Norfolk.	4:50 pm	18 Abbe,S.C.	4:00 pm
5 Ports'm.	4:50 pm	12 N. Y....	8:55 pm
12 Birmin'm	8:35 pm	12 Norfolk.	8:55 pm
29 Monroe..	8:00 am	12 Portsm'h.	8:55 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Nashville	7:10 am	94 Chicago.	8:00 am
73 Rome....	10:20 am	2 Nashville	8:35 am
93 Nashvi'e	11:45 am	92 Nashville	4:55 pm
1 Nashville	6:50 pm	72 Rome...	5:15 pm
95 Chicago.	7:50 pm	4 Nashville	8:50 pm

TAXICABS

TAXICABS
Belle Isle
IVY 5190; ATLANTA 1598

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
ATL. 3660. 8 LUCKIE. I. 322.

IVY 7864 ATLANTA 7864
UNION TAXI COMPANY
WE APPRECIATE YOUR BUSINESS. FIVE AND SEVEN-PASSENGER CARS.
16 LUCKIE ST.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

FURNITURE — S. M. Snider Southern Wreckage Co., 114 S. Forsyth, buys and sells for cash.

WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell st. Main 2424.

H. F. WALL 76 HOUSTON ST., buys and sells for cash furniture and gas stoves.

WANTED to buy any kind second-hand office or household furniture. Cameron Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth st.

SAVE 25 per cent by buying your furniture from Ed Matthews & Co., 23 E. Alabama street.

FURNITURE and rugs at lowest prices. Robison Furniture Co., 27 E. Hunter st.

FURNISHINGS of 6 rooms, in whole or part. Ivy 2329-L. Ivy 4381. Atlanta 3221.

CLEANERS—PRESSERS, ETC.

Standard Pressing Parlor.
135½ S. PRYOR, 8 suits $1 per month; ladies' work and dry cleaning a specialty.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING

SEVERAL articles, newest style, second-hand clothes for colored women; reasonable; sizes 36 and 38. Ivy 650-L.

DROP a card; we'll bring cash for shoes and clothing. The Vestiare. 166 Decatur st.

MUSIC AND DANCING

DANCING INSTRUCTIONS, BANQUET HALL, DURAND'S
HOURS, 9:30 A. M. TO 10:30 P. M.
ALEX J. SATER, INSTRUCTOR OF MODERN DANCING. CALL MAIN 5272.

ROBERT J. EMORY
OF NEW YORK,
INSTRUCTOR at The Imperial Hotel. Classes for children and adults by appointment in all modern dances. Ivy 4700.

LATEST STEPS IN ONE STEP, HALF AND HALF, MAXIXE, TANGO AND HESITATION TAUGHT. INSTRUCTOR, MRS. MARINE, 43 W. PEACHTREE STREET. IVY 6297.

PROF. A. J. WURM'S School of Music opens September 14. 142 E. Eighth street. Phone Ivy 8034. Violin, violoncello, cornet, mandolin, guitar.

MANDOLIN, guitar, banjo and eukelele lessons. Call Ivy 3842.

ANGELINE, Mexican war song, for the parlor and everywhere else, exqusite, sentimental, inspiring and popular. ANGELINE.

MODERN dances taught at 84 E. Linden st. For information phone Ivy 6098-J. Mrs. Chloemily Gilbert Freeman.

PROF. MAHLER'S Select Dancing School, 409 Peachtree, Ivy 7471. Resident member International Teachers' Association.

SCHOOL OF MUSIC
PROF. ALBITZ, 102 Capitol. Opens September 21. Terms reasonable. M. 4413-L.

LANE'S Dancing Studio, 217½ Peachtree street; all the new dances. Phone I. 5786.

READERS OF THE CONSTITUTION'S WANT ADS--GIVE THEM A TEST

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

FORDS vs. POPULARITY
TO BE in the swim you must own a Ford. To own one call Ivy 93. L. H. Broome, 106 N. Forsyth st. Second-hand Fords.

I WILL help the cotton movement by sacrificing my Oakland roadster, good as new, for $550. Will take middling cotton at 10 cents per pound two 500-pound bales on delivery of car and one bale or its equivalent each month thereafter.
W. E. HIXON
P. O. Box 799 45 Auburn Ave.

FOR SALE—Pope-Hartford, six-cylinder, 7-passenger touring car. This car is in absolutely fine condition, fully equipped, with two brand-new extra tires, and can be seen at the Standard Garage, opposite Capital City club.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Newly-painted and completely overhauled 4-passenger automobile. Will take vacant lot, purchase money notes or merchandise. Bell phone Main 2060-J, Atlanta phone 1884.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—5-passenger auto, in first-class order, for mules, horses, small farm or real estate. State what you have. Address C. A., 10, this office.

SEVERAL SECOND-HAND CARS FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES. MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE. WILL BE TO YOUR INTEREST TO INQUIRE AT ONCE. HARRY L. COHEN, 245 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 1694

MODEL T, 4-passenger Ford, good order, cheap for cash; have no use for car. Can be seen at 294 Glenwood ave. Phone M. 3236-XI.

HULL & DUBE
AUTO repairing and storage. Phone Ivy 1969. 12 Porter Place.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Franklin automobile, in good order; going away and have no further use for it. Cash or credit, approved security. S. F. Travis, Demorest, Ga.

FOR SALE—Two-cylinder Buick roadster, first-class shape, new tires all around. Phone Ivy 7218-J Thursday or Friday.

7-SEATED Speedwell for sale cheap. John Davis, 20 East Linden avenue.

BARGAIN—1913 Ford touring car; cash or terms. 812 4th Nat. Bank Bldg.

FOR BARGAINS in second-hand automobiles. J. G. Love, 311-13-15 Peachtree.

WANTED.

WILL exchange 2 carat diamond stud (purchase price 1909 was $425) for 5-passenger automobile fully equipped. Will pay difference if any. Call Mr. Palmer. Ivy 4249.

WOULD buy from owner for spot cash a good light roadster or five-seated car at a bargain. No junk considered. Wm. L. McCoy, care Majestic hotel, on Sept. 28.

5-ROOM HOUSE, on 1½-acre lot, in city of Elberton, Ga. Want to trade for first-class automobile; no junk wanted. E. E. Satterfield, Hartwell, Ga.

A BEAUTIFUL lot, 100x300, opposite Brookhaven club, for $2,500 gasoline car in fine condition. Address E-167, Constitution.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.

AUTOMOBILES REPAINTED
TOPS re-covered and repaired. Wheels, axles and springs repaired. High-grade work at reasonable prices.
JOHN M. SMITH.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVENUE.

NOTICE
OUR storage facilities are first-class; our mechanical department is better. We are open day and night. Can we serve you? Phone Ivy 6983. 70 Ivy street.
E. H. ODOM BROS. CO.

AUTO FENDERS, tanks, hoods, guards, made to latest designs. Lamps, radiators, fenders, etc., repaired.
HOLLINGSWORTH & CO.,
117 Piedmont Ave. Phone Ivy 5613.

HONEST GARAGE SERVICE
SOUTHERN DORRIS COMPANY, WASHINGTON STREET VIADUCT; STORAGE, REBUILDING AND PAINTING.

ATLANTA RADIATOR CO.
Automobile Radiator Work exclusively, Bell Ivy 7434. 76 Ivy Street.

OLD bearings made good as new. Southern Bearing Co., 49 Milledge Ave. M. 1173-J.

MOTORCYCLES—BICYCLES

FOR SALE—One 7-horsepower, 1913 model twin Indian motorcycle; equipped with Corbin-Brown speedometer, prestolite tank, lamp and tandem. In good condition. Bargain for cash. Call East Point 79.

EXCELSIOR service station, 117 Edgewood ave. Bargains in secondhand machines. Also repairing. Gasoline and oil.

EDUCATIONAL

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL! Tuition reasonable, terms easy; typewriting and penmanship free; good connection possible. Write or call for particulars. Dept. C., Charlotte Telegraphy School, Kiser bldg., Atlanta, or Charlotte, N. C.

SPANISH TAUGHT
F. RUGE, Decatur, Ga., Instructor of Languages at Atlanta Medical College, Southern University of Music, Atlanta, and Decatur high school. Write for appointment.

MONTESSORI METHOD SCHOOL. The Montessori Method School, at 303 West Peachtree, is a first-class boarding and day school for real young children. Special attention to backward children. Ivy 7384-J.

SHORTHAND taught by experienced stenographer; quickest and most dependable system; time and terms to suit you. Ivy 4884. 710 Candler building.

EXPERIENCED German, French, piano, voice teacher desires pupils. Ivy 1647-L.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

WANTED—An idea. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write for "Needed Inventions" and "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money." Randolph & Co., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

WILL EXCHANGE $2,000 to $5,000 of ladies' suits, coats, furs, dresses, shirtwaists and millinery for Georgia farm. Grossman's, Atlanta.

WANTED—A hustler willing to work and invest a little money in a good paying business. Address Opportunity, care Constitution.

WANTED—To buy a small cigar and tobacco business that is paying well. State location, price, amount of rent, etc., in first letter. Address E-272, Constitution.

ACME SPECIALTY CO.
209½ LEE STREET. PHONE WEST 1381. MODEL makers and light manufacturers.

PARTNER WANTED with about $1,000 for curtain manufacturing. Call from 6 to 9 p. m. at 301 E. Fair st.

11-ROOM rooming house cheap; close in; owner leaving city. Main 2665-J.

FOR RENT—Rooming house with seven fur. rooms; also for boarders. 22 Garnett.

DRESSMAKING—SEWING

223 COURTLAND, dressmaking, fancy and plain; reasonable price. Ivy 3688-J.

IF You want any dressmaking. Call Main 4778-L.

FANCY and plain sewing for ladies and children; best work. 221 Central avenue.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHERS

CALL the Healey Building Stenographic Service and an expert stenographer will come for your dictation, or bring your work to our office. Auditors' statements, legal documents, contracts and specifications quickly and efficiently executed. General correspondence solicited.

FOR prompt service, call Ivy 4884 and efficient stenographer will call for your dictations; all forms of work quickly and efficiently executed. Multigraphing. 710 Candler building.

MEDICAL

HUMAN EASE.

Everyone Wants Human Ease.
IT HAS CURED, and is curing, thousands in Atlanta. It's guaranteed to cure every disease, and should it ever fail money refunded. See us before buying any other medicine. 309 Peachtree. Human Ease Medicine Co. Ivy 7541.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy and Cotton Root Pills a safe and reliable treatment for irregularities. Trial box by mail 50c. Edmondson Drug Company, 11 North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

MRS. DR. E. W. Smith, 238 W. Peachtree, Ivy 469. Diseases of women and children; electrical treatment, chronic diseases.

I CURE sciatica for 50 cents. Write me for recipe. Joe Hudson, Eatonton, Ga.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
On Furniture, Pianos Or Indorsed Notes
AT RATES permitted by the laws of the state. Our easy payment plan allows you to pay us back to suit your income. We also protect you from publicity and extend every courtesy to make the carrying of a loan satisfactory to you in every way.
GUARANTEE LOAN CO.
Room 318 Atlanta National Bank Building. Both Phones.

MONEY TO LOAN—We have a good deal of home funds that we can place promptly. Can lend on 5 years' straight, or monthly payment plan. Also money for purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LEND on Atlanta homes or business property, at lowest rate. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
24 SOUTH BROAD STREET

LOANS at 6, 7 and 8 per cent on desirable real estate solicited. Purchase money notes bought. Quick service.
CALL FOR REX B. MOONEY.
CLIFF C. HATCHER INSURANCE AGCY.
221 GRANT BLDG. BOTH PHONES.

MONEY TO LOAN; we can make some loans on improved real estate, 3 to 5 years. The Merchants & Mechanics Banking & Loan Co., 209 Grant bldg.

WE HAVE A LIMITED AMOUNT FOR NORTH SIDE RESIDENCES AT 6½ PER CENT. L. H. ZURLINE AND EDWARD JONES, 501-2 SILVEY BLDG. MAIN 624.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ATLANTA RESIDENCES and suburban real estate at current rates. Dunson & Gay, 409 Trust Co. of Georgia Building.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments. Confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell Bldg.

FARM LOANS—We place loans in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Company, Gould building.

MORTGAGE LOANS made on first-class improved Atlanta real estate. "Get in touch with us." Greene Realty Co., 314 Empire building.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta real estate. W. B. Smith, 708 4th Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 622 to 624 Empire Bldg.

6 PER CENT LOANS on Atlanta property. J. R. Nutting & Co., 801-4 Empire Bldg.

MONEY to LEND on city property. W. O. Alston, 1216 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg.

WANTED—Money

MONEY WANTED
WE CAN lend your money on improved property in or near Atlanta worth several times the amount of the loan, and secure you 7 to 8 per cent interest, payable semi-annually.
FOSTER & ROBSON
11 Edgewood Avenue.

WANTED MONEY—Real estate loan. Have two high-class, new, improved properties upon which I desire first mortgage loans of $1,500 and $2,250, respectively. Will pay 7 per cent interest and 5 per cent commission with attorney's fees for examination of titles. Security absolutely A-1. P. J. Harllee, 330 Equitable bldg. Bell phone M. 4786, Atlanta phone 239.

WANTED—MONEY.
WE can invest your money for you on first mortgage, high-class improved property. It will net you 7 and 8 per cent.
TURMAN & CALHOUN.
Second Floor Empire.

I WISH to borrow $1,000 one year; interest 8 per cent; very responsible; will sign note. Phone Main 944.

WANTED—From private party $500 at 8 per cent on city property worth double. Address 330 Equitable bldg.

WANTED—STOCKS AND BONDS.

WANTED—A limited number of shares of the common stock of the Georgia Railway & Electric Co. Address with price, E-266, Constitution.

WANTED—Eagle Mining, Winona Gold, Jerome Verde Copper; name lowest cash price. Box 75, Little Rock, Ark.

AUCTION SALES

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY, at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or piano. Phone Bell Main 2306.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE—Sound, gentle, young, city-broke horse, $110; also gentle mare, $45; large mule, sound, $150; chunky black mare, 6 years old, $95; mule, $65. Will have a load of cheap mares and mules in next week. Vittur's Stables, 169 Marietta st.

FOR SALE—Young combination saddle and harness horse, extra quality, open-top buggy and harness. Phone Main 487.

FINE black team young horses; cheap for quick sale. Address E-280, Constitution.

FOR SALE—Live Stock

FOR SALE—Fine Jersey cow, fresh in milk, cheap if taken this week. Call at 96 McAfee street.

POULTRY

RHODE ISLAND REDS.

ONE strained R. I. Red cockerel cheap. Atlanta 57. 318 Whitehall.

DOGS

FOR SALE—Beautiful white French poodle, four months old; reasonable. Ivy 7334.

BOARD AND ROOMS

ASK THE CONSTITUTION WHERE TO LIVE
A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.
Third Floor Constitution Building.
Main 5000. Atlanta 5001.

NORTH SIDE.

A Modern Family and Tourist
HOTEL
ELECTRIC LIGHTS and steam heat. European, $3 a week and up, 50c a day and up. Rooms en suite with private baths. American, $7 a week and up, $1.50 a day and up. Free baths on all floors.
PEACHTREE INN
391 PEACHTREE STREET.
Under new management. Clerk and bell boy service night and day. Phones: Ivy 9129. 67.

EXCELLENT room and board, fine location, close in; also table boarders; all modern conveniences. 57 E. Ellis. Ivy 2972-J.

COUPLES or young men can get room and excellent board at 66 Forrest avenue; well established, close in, heat, hot and cold running water in each room. Room for one young lady. Can give several others meals. Ask for reference. Phone Ivy 7094-J.

EXCELLENT room and board to refined couple or gentlemen at 17 Crescent ave., between Peachtree place and Tenth st.; gas, electricity and hot and cold water, steam heat, all home comforts. Rates reasonable. Ivy 5138.

15 PONCE DE LEON AVE., across from Georgian Terrace, excellent rooms, all conveniences. Table boarders wanted. Ivy 8341.

LARGE, sunny, furnace-heated front room, table board de luxe; every convenience; southwest exposure; for refined couple or young men. 549 Peachtree. Ivy 8484.

53 WEST BAKER ST.
FIRST-CLASS board, nice rooms, steam heat. Ivy 7689-J.

LELAND HOTEL, half block from Candler building, 29-31 Houston st; 20-meal tickets for $5; home cooking a specialty; quick and polite service; ideal family hotel. Special rates by the week and month.

BOARD AND ROOMS

NORTH SIDE.

TWO young men can get nice furnished room, separate beds, bath adjoining, with board, private family, $25 month, supper and breakfast. Ivy 2342-L.

THE WEINMEISTER
256 PEACHTREE—Just opened, nicely furnished rooms. German cooking. Ivy 5719-L.

TWO connecting front rooms and bath, on Peachtree circle, with or without board; highest references required; also one apartment. Ivy 778-L.

BEST board in private family, lovely front room, vapor heat. Sleeping porch, private bath and garage, if desired. Ivy 4258-L. 7 East Eighth street.

BEAUTIFUL Fur. rooms and excellent board; close in; hot and cold bath. I. 4679. 33 Forrest ave.

62 WALTON STREET, nice, light, airy rooms, electric lights, hot and cold bath on all floors; excellent table board, center of city; rates $5 to $7 week.

FOUR nicely fur. rooms, with board, in private home, 15 minutes to center of city; every convenience. Ivy 2749-J.

NICELY furnished room, with board, steam heat, modern in every way. Scott Apt. 14 West Baker street. Ivy 1564.

ELEGANTLY furnished rooms; steam heat; all conveniences; with or without board; reasonable. Call Ivy 7892-J. 485 Peachtree.

EXCELLENT room, with board; table boarders wanted. 35 West North ave. Ivy 5774-L.

THE FELTON and Windsor, furnished rooms; private bath. With or without board. 107 and 110 Ivy st. Ivy 4977.

NICE, refined couple without children to board in private Inman park home. Every convenience. Phone Ivy 7306-L.

GOOD meals and rooms, with or without private bath, can be found at 21 E. Linden, between Peachtrees. Ivy 152.

NICELY furnished front rooms, furnace heat, table best market affords, private home. 310 Juniper street.

362 PEACHTREE—Front room for two gentlemen. Lady wants room-mate. Garage for rent.

EXCELLENT board; regular meals; six o'clock dinner; Sunday dinners for church-goers; near Forrest and Boulevard. I. 2547-L.

LARGE front room with sleeping porch and board in home on Peachtree street, near Piedmont park. Ivy 4503.

CLEAN, nicely furnished rooms, with board, also day board; walking distance. 19 Forrest avenue. Ivy 1374.

ONE very large room, well ventilated; three beds; heat furnished; for young men. 15 Ponce de Leon ave. Ivy 8341.

ELEGANT rooms, steam heated, modern conveniences; best table, nice location. Ivy 3042.

LARGE and single rooms, with board, all conveniences; also single room with private bath. Ivy 6634. 647 Peachtree.

25 PEOPLE to eat three hearty meals per day. 184 Courtland street.

NICE front room and board in refined north side home for two; steam heat. I. 7848-J.

15 HOUSTON BEST meals, nicest rooms. Ivy 7852-J.

ROOM and board in private north side home; young men or couple. Ivy 5267.

84 E. LINDEN, 1 square of Peachtree; large rooms, special rates. Ivy 8635-L.

EXCELLENT room and board in Inman Park. Modern conveniences. Ivy 6396-L.

NICELY furnished rooms, good table board, close in; all conveniences. 266 Peachtree.

BEST table board, private home. Inman Park. Phone Ivy 4253.

263 W. PEACHTREE—Nicely fur., steam-heated rooms, with board. Ivy 3534-X1.

NICE, newly-papered rooms; excellent table board. Ivy 5558-L.

NICELY fur. rooms with excellent table board, close in. Ivy 2078-J.

LARGE front room with bath; couple or gentlemen; Peachtree street. Ivy 1779-J.

NICELY furnished rooms and first-class board, $5 week. 170 Ivy street.

$5 PER WEEK for room and board; hot and cold water. Ivy 7356-L.

$5 WK. Excellent board, fine room. Mrs. Coggins. I. 2241. 10 Walton.

SOUTH SIDE.

COUPLE or two young men can get room with or without board in private home, 238-A S. Pryor street.

EXCELLENT BOARD; steam heat. 93 Capitol square, opposite capitol. Main 2285.

BOARD, 310 WHITEHALL
MODERN conveniences; reasonable rates. Atlanta 5819-F.

BOARD—60 GARNETT
NICE ROOMS and meals. 60 Garnett.

ONE nicely furnished room on Hill street, with or without board, near Southern Dental College. Atlanta phone 3259.

BOARD—154 CENTRAL AVE.
All conveniences, near in. Main 2656-J.

BOARD 207 CREW
NICELY fur. rooms, walking distance.

BOARD—124 Capitol avenue.

BOARD—151 Capitol avenue.

TWO nicely furnished rooms and first-class board. Atlanta 4729. 142 S. Pryor.

NICE rooms and board. 193 Washington street or call Main 4579-X2.

LOVELY rooms, best meals, $5 week. 178 Washington st. Main 5458.

FIRST-CLASS board and nicely furnished rooms. 345 Whitehall.

NICELY furnished rooms, electricity; Bell phone; close in; meals near. 34 Garnett.

HIGH-CLASS board and nicely furnished rooms. Main 4623-L. 32 Garnett.

$4 WEEK—The Cain House, 117 S. Pryor, wholesome meals and nice rooms. M. 2442.

FIRST-CLASS board and nice rooms, $4 and $5; best location. 111 Washington st.

GOOD board and nice rooms, near in; good location. 221 Central.

BEST meals and clean rooms. Atlanta 4729, or 142 S. Pryor.

FIRST-CLASS board and nice rooms in best part of city. Main 2612-J. 89 Capitol.

SUBURBAN.

A COUPLE or two young men to board, in private home, in East Lake, fronting the Country club; vapor heat; references required. Decatur 406.

WANTED—Board—Rooms

YOUNG MAN, single, educated, wants furnished room near bath with private family in good neighborhood, close in. Will be away from city three-fourths of time and in consequence will expect low monthly rate. Give terms. Box F-162, care Constitution.

WANTED—Three or four furnished rooms for housekeeping; also three unfurnished rooms; location must be good. The Dyar Company, 508 Fourth National Bank bldg. Main 3886.

REFINED young lady wants large room for dancing class, north side; private residence preferred, although suitable place elsewhere acceptable. Address E-286, Constitution.

WANTED—Two rooms and kitchen, a couple without children. Address E-290, Constitution.

FOR RENT—Rooms

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A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.
Third Floor Constitution Building.
Main 5000. Atlanta 5001.

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

NICELY fur. room, steam heated apartment; bath adjoining; ten minutes' walk to Candler bldg. Ivy 7075-J.

THE PICKWICK
TEN-STORY AND FIRE PROOF.
Well furnished rooms with connecting bath. Convenient shower baths on each floor. 77 Fairlie street. Near Carnegie Library.

ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOM in exclusive resident section, private bath, every convenience; young lady also desires roommate. Call Ivy 828-J.

EXCEPTIONALLY Nice steam-heated, electric lights, board optional, gentlemen preferred, private home. Ivy 5991-J.

ONE attractively furnished room, steam heat, walking distance, north side apartment, private home. Call Ivy 4267-J.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, outside exposure, steam heat, electric lights, convenient to bath. Oglethorpe. Apartment 15. Ivy 8072.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

THE ADOLPH 10½ E. Harris St. Bachelor rooms de luxe: every modern convenience. Ivy 3071.

PRIVATE FAMILY, Peachtree place, furnace-heated room, next to bath, gentlemen. Ivy 2978-J.

SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED room, steam heat, private bath, every home convenience. Ivy 7892-J. 485 Peachtree.

FRONT room, near Forrest and Boulevard; housekeeping or board; bus. women. I. 2547-L.

IN private home, you will find nicely furnished rooms; will consider board. 19 East Harris.

NICELY furnished private room, electric lights, hot water. 72 West Baker. Ivy 5059-L.

STEAM-HEATED front room; refined private home; every possible convenience; reasonable. Ivy 1294-J.

WELL-VENTILATED front room; reasonable; all conveniences; private home. 24 West Alexander street.

FURNISHED front room, upstairs; hot water, electric lights; reasonable. Horse lot and stable for rent. Ivy 1955-L.

EXCELLENT furnished room, private bath, to quiet young men. 60 E. Twelfth st. Ivy 8369.

ONE nicely furnished, steam-heated room, private home. Price $12; also have a garage. Phone Ivy 509-L.

THE ALIX Excellent rooms, center of city; all conveniences. 100½ N. Pryor street.

STEAM-HEATED room on Carnegie way can be shared with a clean young man at $10 per month. P. O. Box 1674.

NICELY furnished room, with board, steam heat, modern in every way. Scott Apt. 14 West Baker street. Ivy 1564.

TWO BRIGHT, sunny rooms, close in. All conveniences. 384 Piedmont avenue. Ivy 2863-J.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, half block 1st Baptist church; all conveniences; rates reasonable. 22 E. Cain. Phone service.

THREE nicely furnished housekeeping rooms; private bath; $15. 103 Powers.

THREE nicely furnished and three unfur. rooms; nice and cheap. 48 Carnegie way.

FOUR nicely fur. rooms, all conveniences, close in: reasonable rates. 69 Auburn.

LARGE steam-heated room for couple or two young men. 14-B W. Baker. I. 5895.

MODERN, steam-heated rooms, close in, north side; reasonable; call Main 4608-J.

STEAM-HEATED ROOM, running water, gentlemen; references required. Ivy 6709.

NEWLY fur. rooms, private home, electric lights, connecting bath. Ivy 2266-J.

ONE furnished room. Apply 161 W. Alexander st. Atlanta phone 1036.

NICELY fur. rooms in apt., close in; all conveniences. 40 E. Harris, Apt. 3.

NICELY fur. rooms, few minutes' walk of Candler bldg. 64 Carnegie Way.

NICELY fur. single or double rooms to gentlemen; close in. Atlanta 1573.

TWO nicely furnished rooms in private family for gentlemen. Ivy 1214-L.

FOUR extra nice upstairs rooms, all conveniences. Main 4070-J. 169 Mills street.

NICELY fur. single or double room; close in; private home. 46 E. Ellis.

NICELY furnished room; modern conveniences; couple ladies or gents. Ivy 1421-L.

IN steam-heated apt., front room next to tile bath, for lady. Ivy 6377.

ONE large room, kitchenette. 20 E. Pine, between Peachtrees. Ivy 3707-J.

ENTIRE upper floor for gentlemen. 83 Ivy street. Ivy 3015.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

FOR RENT—Three connecting upstairs rooms, furnished, with all conveniences. Atlanta phone 4529. 100 Pulliam street.

LARGE nicely furnished rooms for rent; close in; every convenience. 121 Capitol square. Main 4839-L.

ROOMS 498 WHITEHALL
FUR. and unf., mod. conveniences. At. 2198.

ROOM $2.50 WOODWARD
WITH owner. References. Main 2590.

FURNISHED room with kitchenette; also furnished room; nice and cheap. 18 Castleberry.

306 WHITEHALL—BOARD

BOARD 58 GARNETT

ONE nicely fur. room, near in; all conveniences. Atl. 5670-M. 161 S. Forsyth.

NEATLY fur. room, in good location; conveniences; meals near. 223 Central ave.

TWO nicely fur. rooms, near capitol; men. 69 Central place. Main 4257.

BEST meals, also nice room, opposite capitol. Main 4193-L. 34 Capitol.

TWO steam-heated rooms, near in; references. 352 Whitehall, Frederick, Apt. K.

NICELY fur. room; steam heat; close in; all conveniences. Winturn Court apt. M. 2145.

250 S. PRYOR—ROOM

TWO nice connecting rooms for light housekeeping, close in. Main 5425.

NICELY fur. rooms, modern conveniences, walking distance. B. phone. 358 Whitehall.

3-ROOM apartment, completely furnished; all conveniences. Main 4796.

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished room and bath. 506 S. Pryor st.

CENTRAL.

GATE CITY HOTEL
TWO blocks from Terminal, clean outside rooms; 50c and up per day, $2.50 and up per week; baths free. 108½ S. Forsyth.

FURNISHED—WEST END.

NICELY FURNISHED room, with connecting bath, all conveniences, private home. West 1374.

TWO nicely furnished rooms in best section of West End; two car lines within a block; board convenient. West 111-J.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

TWO or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; north side. Call Ivy 5126-L.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

ROOMS 498 WHITEHALL
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED; modern conveniences. Atlanta 2198.

FOUR first floor rooms, porch, sink, instantaneous heater and phone; price $22. 346 Washington st. Ivy 249.

FOUR rooms and kitchenette, private entrance. Apply 63 Windsor street.

THREE or four splendid unfurnished rooms, good location. 333 Central avenue.

THREE splendid unfur. rooms, in Jewish home; good location; private. 333 Central.

UNFURNISHED—WEST END.

TWO large unfur. rooms, good neighborhood. Phone W. 165X2; reasonable rates.

ARE you looking for rooms? We have desirable housekeeping rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Let us show you. We use automobile. No charge for services. The Dyar Company, 508 Fourth National Bank bldg. Main 3886.

FURNISHED ROOM, also two connecting rooms, with kitchenette, light housekeeping. 83 Pulliam.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

THREE rooms, furnished completely for light housekeeping, electric lights, gas, sink; all conveniences; ideal location. Phone Ivy 1744-L.

FOUR excellent partly furnished rooms, housekeeping or meals can be had next door. Call Ivy 3926-J.

TWO large, nice fur. front rooms for light housekeeping; no children; hot water any hour. 61 Forrest.

TWO large, connecting rooms, one furnished, with kitchenette. For particulars call Ivy 8448-J. 115 Forrest avenue.

THREE unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; close in. 108 East Ellis. Ivy 6425-J.

ONE fur. room, kitchenette, for light housekeeping. 100 E. Ellis. Ivy 5356.

TWO front furnished light housekeeping rooms. 60 E. Cain. Ivy 7683.

UNF. rooms for housekeeping, upstairs, modern convs. 137 East ave. Ivy 7019.

NICELY fur. rooms for light housekeeping, close in. 210 Spring. Ivy 3205-J.

THREE unfur. rooms for light housekeeping; every convenience. Ivy 2919-L.

TWO front rooms, housekeeping; also two nicely fur., men. 41 W. Cain.

SOUTH SIDE.

TWO or three rooms for housekeeping, or suitable for gentlemen; all conveniences; close in; pri. family. 17 Pulliam.

TWO furnished rooms for housekeeping. Atlanta 3724. Main 2562.

THREE or five fur. or unfur. rooms; good location. 307 Rawson.

ROOMS—18 WOODWARD
TWO unfur. housekeeping rooms, real cheap to right parties. 10 Alice.

FOR RENT—Typewriters

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
FOUR MONTHS for $5 and upward. Factory rebuilt typewriters of all makes from $23 to $75 each. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE COMPANY, Inc., 48 North Pryor street. Main 2526.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED.

EIGHT ROOMS FURNISHED COMPLETE. WILL RENT FOR THREE OR SIX MONTHS. IVY 2863-J.

COMPLETELY furnished ten-room house for winter or longer; has three baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch, hot water, heat, garage, two servant's rooms, beautifully located. Phone Ivy 3197.

UNFURNISHED.

$30 PER MONTH—Modern 6-room bungalow, well suited for one family or two small families; gas and electricity, hot and cold water; newly painted, newly tinted; beautiful mantels; one block from Park Street M. E. church; double car line. Ware & Harper, 725 Atlanta National Bank bldg.

7-ROOM cottage, at 25 West Twelfth street; sleeping porch, servant's room, shades up. For something nice and cheap, see this. Owner, 2155 Ivy.

227 N. BOULEVARD—10-room house, two baths, electric lights, hot and cold water, gas, nicely arranged for two families. Rent $50. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton street.

OUR weekly rent list gives full descriptions of anything for rent. Call for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

FOR RENT—My 8-room north side home, slate covered brick, hardwood floors, furnace-heated. Ivy 385.

FOR RENT—Five-room flat, with all conveniences, at 251 Capitol avenue.

CALL, write, phone, rent bulletin. Edwin P. Ansley. Ivy 1600, Atlanta 363.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

ONE most attractive homes, north side; very reasonable rental. Owner and wife might board with tenant. Ivy 6544-J.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

THE RIGHT PARTY can secure one of the best, most modern and up-to-date apartments in the best section of the north side. Price reasonable. Address E-183, Constitution.

ELEGANT 4-room apartments; steam heat, janitor service and all modern service. 324 Forrest Ave. Apply premises. Ivy 508-J. L. B. Sanders, Owner.

BEST maintained apartments in town, six rooms, steam heat, hot water and excellent janitor service; front and rear porches. References required. Location, Courtland and Cain streets. Rents $45. Apply Herbert Kaiser, 411 Atlanta National Bank building. Phone Main 276 or Janitor on premises.

THE HAMILTON APARTMENTS,
ON Eighth street, near Peachtree, five and six rooms, all hardwood floors, tile bath, large living room, beautiful kitchen appointments. Ready for occupancy in October. $50 to $65. Douglas & Douglas, 417 Atlanta National Bank building.

BEAUTIFUL new 5-room apartment, just completed; hardwood floors, steam heat. 517 N. Boulevard, near Ponce de Leon. Garage privileges, $47.50 and $52.50 per mo.
W. L. M'NEVIN
918 Healey Bldg. Ivy 7362.

FOR RENT—8-room apartment, entire second floor, best north side cross street, private entrance, hardwood floors, beautiful fixtures, sleeping porch, large closets, shades up, gas range, refrigerator, vapor heat. Phone owner, Ivy 2155.

FOR RENT by owner, two apartments, steam-heated, three bedrooms, large living room, dining room, kitchen, sleeping porch, large front porches, china closets. Apply Mrs. R. B. Gardine, phone Ivy 2342-L. 156 Juniper street.

VACANT Sept. 1, 5-room apartment, in the Avalon, West Peachtree and North ave.; steam heat, hot and cold water; elevators 6 a. m. to 12 midnight; superior janitor service. Sleeping porch. Inspection by appointment. Phone Ivy 4168.

WITH owner, upper flat, four large and one small room, bathroom, large porch, private entrance, stationary wash basins, gas, electric lights, steam heat. 154 North Jackson. Ivy 3627. References required.

14 SIMPSON ST.—A 5-room first floor apartment, nicely arranged, just off W. Peachtree, has usual city conveniences. Let us show you. Rent $30.60. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton st.

5-ROOM APARTMENT, all conveniences, in the Mendenhall, 521-23 Peachtree. Apply to V. B. Kriegshaber & Co., 330 Candler building. Both phones.

THE COLONIAL, handsome apartments to lease; perfect light and ventilation; large rooms and sleeping porches; ample grounds, automobile accommodations. Best north side section. Ivy 657-J. Geo. M. Traylor.

THE LAWRENCE—Two, three and four-room apartments; some early vacancies; all conveniences, and in walking distance. J. T. Turner, Res. Mgr., Apt. 8, 52 West Peachtree place. Ivy 8080.

BY OWNER, delightful four-room apartment; all conveniences; entirely separate. Two squares from Piedmont park. Ivy 8034.

TWO flats, 7 rooms, rent separate or together; all conveniences; for housekeeping. Adults only. Apply 166 Courtland.

I HAVE a few 3 to 7-room, steam-heated apartments; exceptional rates. Mr. Kelly. Ivy 3390.

FOR RENT by owner 2 apartments, 4 and 5 rooms; all modern conveniences; close in. The Stafford. Ivy 4886. 32 Carnegie way.

FIVE-ROOM, near-in, modern apartment, walking distance to business. 11 Simpson, corner West Peachtree.

BEAUTIFUL, new, vapor-heated apt., six rooms, 2d floor. 268 Myrtle st. Ivy 8360-L.

FOUR ROOMS and kitchenette, private entrance. Apply 63 Windsor street.

WANTED.

WANTED—Six or eight-room apt. on north side. Atlanta 5819-F.

IF YOU want to rent apts. or business property. see B. M. Grant & Co., Grant Bldg.

FOR RENT—Business Space

SECOND FLOOR FOR RENT
ENTIRE second floor, 4,000 square feet, plenty of light, frontage two sides, power elevator, central location, 60½ West Alabama street. Ideal for machine shop, plumbing shop, sign shop, tin shop, printing office or storage room. Will rent entire space or make division to suit tenant. Can make lease at low price. Call Main 698.

FOR RENT—Stores

$25.00—NICE brick storeroom; plate glass front; with the very best location. Well suited for dairy. Enormous territory in every direction. Ware & Harper, 724-725 Atlanta National Bank bldg.

FOUR fine new stores and lofts at 134-136-138 and 126 Whitehall street. Also two stores at 67 and 69 South Broad street. Geo. W. Sciple, office 19 Edgewood ave. Both phones 203.

FOR RENT—Farms

FARM—62 acres, good farm land, 7 miles from Atlanta, suitable for dairy; rent one to three years. Owner, 107 Ivy st., Atlanta, Ga.

20-ACRE truck farm in Buckhead, 6 miles north of Atlanta, on car line; rent payable quarterly. M. L. Bates, 1219 Peachtree.

SEVERAL good farms for rent. L. Grossman, 96 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT—Offices

FOR RENT—Offices in Constitution building; all modern conveniences. See John Knight.

SEVERAL desirable offices, single and en suite. Candler building and Candler Annex. Asa G. Candler, Jr., agent. Phone Ivy 5274. 222 Candler building. See Mr. Wilkinson.

SUITABLE for physician or dentist, private office, use of reception room in centrally located office building. Ivy 7731 or Ivy 3655.

FOR RENT—Desk space in Healey building. Call Ivy 161.

FOR RENT—Desk Room

DESK and office space for $5.00 month with use of both phone, chairs and lights. W. E. McCalla, 415 Atlanta Nat. Bank bld.

FOR RENT—Desk space. 606 Temple court Bldg.; also typewriter service. M. 5191.

DESK SPACE at 918 Healey building. Phone Ivy 7362.

WANTED—Real Estate

PARTY leaving town will exchange excellent roadster for real estate—cash balance if necessary. Address E-277, Constitution.

WANTED—A north side bungalow, 6 rooms, with grates and furnace, or piped for furnace. Price not above $5,000. Otis & Holliday, phone Main 175.

WANTED—Six-room bungalow without loan. Call Main 3886.

FOR RENT—Garages and Barns

FOR RENT—Garage, cement floor, water and light. Ivy 4258-L. 7 East Eighth St.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

FINE farm in middle Georgia, in high state of cultivation; improvements in good repair; exchange for Atlanta property. Atlanta Land Investment Co., 1116 Healey Bldg. Ivy 5617.

WILL exchange corner lot 50x160, within the 5-mile circle on the north side, for a 5-passenger touring car. For information write J. K., P. O. Box 218, City.

FOR SALE—10 acres fronting on Pace's Ferry road, $18,000. Will exchange for city property. H. M. Ashe & Co., Healey Building.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

ONE SOLID ACRE
ONE solid acre of land, 100x400 feet, on Highland Avenue, for $600. $150 cash, balance yearly for three years. Three acres for $1,800. Four acres for $2,400. Five acres for $3,000. Ten acres for $6,000.
W. E. WORLEY
PHONE: IVY 8311.

BEAUTIFUL home, best section north side; small payment, balance $50 monthly, simply rent. Opportunity to get home. Ivy 6544-J.

MY beautiful home, built 2 years, for sale at an absolute sacrifice. W. E. N., P. O. Box 1675.

INMAN PARK.

INMAN PARK
CANDLER ST.—6-room bungalow on large lot, near McLendon street; well built, for $3,750 on easy terms. Bishop & Turner Co. Main 5202.

DRUID PLACE LOT—A beauty for $1,450. This is several hundred dollars below anything on street. Bishop & Turner Co. Main 5202.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

INMAN PARK.

NICE Inman Park lot, all improvements; big bargain. $850 cash.
STANFORD, MAIN 3642-J.

WANTED—Bargain in house and lot under $2,000, all cash.
WIDOW, MAIN 3642-J.

SOUTH SIDE.

WILL TAKE COTTON AT 10c

WILL SELL a modern 9-room home, a nice one, too, on lot 50x200, for $6,000. Take sixty bales middling cotton at 10c and carry balance, $3,000, for three years.
DUNSON & GAY,
409 Equitable Building.

FOR RENT—No. 395 Capitol avenue, ten-room modern home; reception hall, parlor, library, dining room, kitchen, five bedrooms; just painted inside and outside; electricity and gas. Call Owner. Main 2187.

FIVE-ROOM cottage, walking distance; all improvements, $2,250. Also vacant lot, all improvements, $600. Owner, A. J. Moss, Main 3642-J.

SUBURBAN.

EAST LAKE LOT 50x220, at the sacrifice price of $400. Bishop & Turner Co. Main 5202.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOUSE BUILDING—If you want building done of any kind I guarantee to save you money. Send plans or call M. 2854. No charge for estimates. S. W. Sullivan, 405 Peters building.

FOR quick sale, list your property with us. Porter & Swift. 120½ Peachtree street.

OWNER—List your property with Greene Realty Co., Empire Bldg. We get tenants.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 24

FARM LANDS.

MY PLANTATION for sale cheap. 500 acres in Putnam county. T. W. Singleton, Willard, Ga.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

GEO. P. MOORE
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING
10 AUBURN AVENUE

TWENTY-TWO ACRES west of College Park. Fine land; 13 acres cleared. Exchange for $1,500 unincumbered cottage home in city. Acreage is clear of debt. Price $1,500.

PEACHTREE ROAD ACREAGE to exchange for high-class north side home. Price $250 per acre. Nothing against acreage.

COTTAGE ON NORTH SIDE and on paved street near car line and schools. No loan. Price only $2,650. Good white section; dandy little home.

FOURTH WARD—New negro property, rented for $10.50. Price $900 cash. Room on lot for another house.

WALKING DISTANCE NORTH—Nearly new 8-room, 2-story house, for $4,500.

EDWIN L. HARLING
REAL ESTATE. 32 EAST ALABAMA ST. BOTH PHONES 1287.

SOUTH PRYOR STREET CORNER—Close in on South Pryor street we have a corner lot 50x175 to an alley, with an 8-room, 2-story house, that we will sell for $6,000; $1,500 cash, we will allow you 11 years to pay the balance. This property is worth $8,000. There is no loan. We might take as cash payment a clear and unincumbered piece of renting property. If you are in the market for a bargain or if you have a small piece of property that you would like to put in on this magnificent corner lot see us at once.

GRANT PARK COTTAGE—On Ormond street, near the park, we have a modern 6-room cottage, extra large rooms, plenty of closets, lot 50x175, that we will sell for $3,000; $100 cash, balance $20 per month. Be quick if you want this bargain. It is worth $3,750.

INMAN PARK BUNGALOW—On Hurt street, near Euclid avenue, we have a modern 7-room bungalow, lot 50x215, that we will sell for $5,000; $500 cash, balance $35 per month. We will take a small cottage as part payment. Call us up at once if you have anything that you would like to exchange for this fine bungalow.

SOUTH SIDE COTTAGE—On Garden street, near East Georgia avenue, we have a 5-room cottage on a lot 50x185, that we will sell for $2,000; $1,200 cash, balance in five years. This cottage is leased to a responsible party for $22.50 per month for a term of 5 years. This will make you a good investment, as it is worth more money than we are asking for it.

RIGHT IN SPOTLESS COLLEGE PARK WHERE EVERYBODY LOVES EACH OTHER
CAN SELL YOU AN 8-ROOM HOME that is all you could desire in comfort and attractiveness. On a fine, large lot 240 feet deep. Level, pretty lawn and green hedges. East front. On the car line. House value $3,800, at cost. Lot cost $2,000. Can sell for $4,500, $1,300 less than cost. Talk about bargains, wait till you see it. I'll show you.
EDWARD H. WALKER
THE HOME SELLER. 35 N. FORSYTH STREET

FOR RENT—Offices

IN CHOOSING YOUR OFFICE LOCATION FOR THE ENSUING YEAR

REMEMBER

There are a few choice offices in the

HURT BUILDING
YET UNRENTED

Apply 1110 Hurt Building
PHONE IVY 7200

FOR RENT—Apartments

FOR RENT
A BIG LIST OF HOMES and the following
APARTMENTS
THE BYRON—208 West Peachtree, six rooms, steam heat, hot water, elevator service. $37, two rooms and bath; $75, six rooms and bath.
THE LIVINGSTON—North avenue, just off Peachtree, three and four rooms, $40, $45, $50 and $52.50.
THE FLANDERS—West Peachtree, six rooms, $35.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
SECOND FLOOR EMPIRE BUILDING.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LEND
HAVE THE MONEY on hand for a few choice loans at 8 per cent. Will make loans direct to borrower without delay.
LIEBMAN
Real Estate and Renting. 17 Walton Street.

Rich's Good Morning!

Girls' Raincoats That Keep Out the Weather

Rain capes with plaid lined hoods. Complete with bag. Sizes 4 to 14.

One style is $1.95.
"Bestyette" Capes $2.98.

Raincoats — for boys and girls from 6 to 18. Mannish style, well tailored, notch collar, side pockets, tab sleeves. Rubber lined. $3.95.

Coats with Capes—sleeveless styles with capes and hood. For girls from 6 to 14. $3.50.

Silks of Sheen & Luxurious Satins

are at the top of Fashion's standard just now. It comes about, therefore, that we have provided unusual assortments in black, white and colors of the following:

Messalines, $1 to $1.50.
Crepe Meteors, $2 and $3.50.
Charmeuse, $2 to $4.50.
New Satins, $1.50 to $2.50.
Failles, $1.75 to $3.50.
(Silk Annex—Main Floor, Left.)

A. B. C. Lining Silks at 50c

NOT all silk; one-half is as full of cotton as Georgia. But that makes the fabric more serviceable without hurting its beauty. Black, white and all the leading shades. 36 in. 50c.

The Dressmaking Salon Is Booking

Orders for
Gowns $16.50 to $20.
Suits $22.50 and $25.

Mrs. Davenport, in charge, has just returned from New York, where she made a careful study of the smartest New York and Paris Fashions.

ECONOMY BASEMENT

Sounds the Last Call for Bargains.

FRIDAY and Saturday we close out remaining stocks in the Economy Basement to make way for the new Housewares Section. Stocks are chiefly odds and ends. These savings are typical of all:

$1 Near-Silk Petticoats 39c
Just eighteen women can share. Nell rose shades only.

20c Colored Oil Cloth 10c
45 in. wide; regulation weight; mostly red grounds.

Men's $3.98 to $5 Raincoats $1.98
English slip-on style. Well tailored; rain-proof. Sizes for men and boys.

Arrow Collars 5c
They retail the country over at two for 25c. Nearly all styles and sizes. Buy 'em by the dozen; such opportunity won't come again.

25c and 39c Silk Ties Now at 5c
Silk four-in-hand ties in solid colors and fancies. All nobby styles; colors and patterns suitable for boys and men.

Men's $1 Coat Shirts at 39c
Just 67 shirts in all. Coat style negligee or bosom. Sizes chiefly 13½ and 14. A few 15, 16 and 16½.

Men's 25c Silk Hose at 10c
Pure thread silk socks with lisle feet and top. Tan only.

Men's 10c Socks at 5c
Medium weight in navy and black. All sizes.

10c School Stockings 5c
Children's school stockings in tan only. Well ribbed; sizes 7½ to 9½.

39c Boot Silk Hose 10c
Ladies' tan boot silk stockings, with lisle feet and top. All sizes.

$1.25 Fine Lace Curtains 49c Pair
Attractive lace curtains; clean, new patterns. 2½ yards long. Actual $1.25 value at 49c a pair.

Lace Curtains 10c
Odds and ends, samples, etc., all grouped for clearance. Choice 10c each.

25c to 39c Curtain Nets 10c
36 and 45-inch Bobbinet, in white and Arabian. About 500 yards; choice 10c a yard.

2 Turkish Wash Rags 1c
Firm and absorbent; we'll clean 'em out quickly at 1c.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

SCHOOL BOARD HEARS FIFTH WARD PROTEST

Delegation Makes Vigorous Objection to Transfer System, Now in Effect.

Citizens of the fifth ward, headed by Alderman James W. Maddox and Councilman John D. Sisson, appeared before the board of education at its meeting Thursday afternoon to protest against the new district lines which, they allege, causes children living near the English avenue school to pass the school building on their way to Ashby street.

Several members of the delegation addressed the board. J. A. Bowden, president of the Fifth Ward Improvement club, who was quoted as having vigorously denounced the board and the system at the club's meeting last Saturday night, was one of the speakers. During his remarks he was interrupted by Councilman Harvey Hatcher, who asked the ward president if he had been correctly quoted as having said that the "school board was rotten," and further "some imposters should be kicked off the board."

Attacks the System.

President Bowden told the board that he had no apology to make for what he said at the fifth ward meeting, but he explained that he did not mean to give the impression by his remarks that any individual member of the board was rotten.

"What I meant,' said President Bowden, "was that the system adopted by the board was rotten."

"Well, then, Mr. Bowden, will you point to any member on this board who is an imposter and who should be kicked off?" asked Commisioner Hatcher.

"I did state that the people of the fifth ward were tired of mistreatment," said President Bowden, "but I don't think I said that there were any imposters on the board."

Continuing, President Bowden said the people of the fifth ward wer not pleased over the changing of the boundary lines. He said that children who previously attended the English Avenue school now pass that institution and trudge a mile and a half through negro sections to get to the Ashby Street school.

Secretary Barton, of the Fifth Ward Improvement club, informed the board that there were twenty-nine children in the Ashby Street school who should be at the English Avenue school. He said these children could be easily seated in the English Avenue school.

Defends the Board.

Commissioner R. J. Guinn told the speakers that the individual members of the board had no private interests to look after, but that the board, collectively, was engaged working out a system of education which will redound to the benefit of every person in the city.

Commissioner Dan Green defended the board. He pointed out to the fifth warders that two of his own children go by the Fair Street school to get to the Bell school because there is no seventh grade in Fair Street.

W. H. Johnson, councilman-nominee from the fifth ward, spoke in the interest of the school children. He said that he will devote much of his efforts in council to get a better school system.

M. D. Barrett, a fifth ward resident, said that the ward has been treated unfairly for years.

Councilman Sisson said he would be willing to vote to stop feeding monkeys and animals at Grant Park for a couple of years and give the money to the schools. He said he realized that the board was doing its best. He urged the board to do its best to remedy conditions in the ward.

Secretary Landrum, of the school board, against whom criticism was aimed, said that he had no apology to offer. He explained that in redistricting the city he merely carried out the orders of the board.

Alderman James W. Maddox urged the board to find $60 for the rental of a church building in the ward to accommodate the children who are forced to travel a distance to get to Ashby.

The board took the various suggestions offered under consideration.

BUTLER ASKS NEGROES TO HELP COTTON PLAN

An effort is being made by the Most Worshipful Grand Union Lodge A. F. and A. M. (colored) to aid the "Buy-a-Bale" movement, and a circular containing the following plea has been sent among the members by H. R. Butler, grand master.

"I would urge our farmers to, as far as they can, hold their cotton, for the price will surely rise. The present methods of disposing of the crop will make it impossible for big and gambling dealers to make a corner in the crop. I would advise our brethren to buy each a bale of cotton now and put it away. Let our brethren of the city buy from their brethren of the country, for they need the cash, and thus help them in a time of need."

The circular also contains an argument for diversification of the next crop so that Georgia will produce more foodstuffs in the future, thereby lessening the peril in a crisis like this.

Strikers' Case Continued.

The case of W. E. Fleming, A. C. Bradley and C. F. Rudder, charged with rocking a train and inciting a riot, set to be tried before Judge Calhoun Thursday morning, was continued to the October term. The defendants in the case are mill workers in the Fulton Bag and Cotton mill strike, Fleming being the president of the local union of textile workers.

BOARD CONDEMNS DOUBLE SESSIONS

Continued From Page One.

The experiment, it is conceded, has been a sad failure.

Commissioner Guinn, who was selected by Chairman Hope to appear before the finance committee with Aldermen Armistead and Key, said that he assumed that the attitude of the board in making the demand of the finance committee will be that the board, regardless of what action is taken, reiterates that it will not change the policy of allowing only forty-five pupils to a classroom.

OBJECT TO PLAN.

Commissioner Green pointed out to the board that Miss Roddy, a teacher of a "double session" at the Pryor street school, had suggested to him that with the aid of one supernumerary assigned by the superintendent, she could make one session of her class by using the auditorium. Commissioner Green said that he considered the suggestion a good one, and asked the board to grant Miss Roddy authority to use the auditorium.

Objection was offered by some members on the ground that the use of the auditoriums would deprive the entire school of some features of instruction, exercise and entertainment.

Commissioner Green said that the auditoriums of the Georgia avenue, the Slaton and other schools could be put to the same use.

The board decided to take no action on the recommendation of Commissioner Green until the committee gets a definite response from the finance committee of council.

EDITORIAL ON SCHOOLS.

Commenting on the school situation, the current issue of The Journal of Labor carries the following editorial by the editor, Jerome Jones:

"It has never been the policy of The Journal of Labor to throw stumbling blocks in the path of any movement looking to progress or betterment, and we believe the present dissatisfaction in regard to the Atlanta public schools is due, in a great measure, to many of the quite radical changes which have taken place. But a study of the situation has developed two very important and glaring defects—namely, the wholly unprepared condition of the school system for allowing only forty pupils to a teacher, and the wholly inadequate supply of schoolhouses for the number of children to be accommodated.

"What sense can there be in giving a a teacher only forty pupils to care for, and making her work two sessions a day? There are many and serious objections to this plan but the principal one is the well-recognized fact that no human being may be successfully called on to do double duty successfully. The pupils will suffer, as will the teacher—the one from a jaded and worn-out teacher and the other from a jaded and worn-out body.

"The school problem in Atlanta is a vital problem—and has been the most neglected. We grant, with all grace, the fact that the school board has done its very best, and we grant that it has been sadly handicapped, but the question strikes too near the vitals of the future of our city for this paper not to voice its protest at what it considers glaring faults which have come to light since the beginning of this term.

"The radical and almost complete changing of the text-books this year has made it impossible for hundreds of children to attend school at all, and it has made the attendance of hundreds of others a hardship on many Atlanta parents who are curtailing the actual necessities of life in order to buy the necessary books. The best and surest solution to this problem is for free text-books, a solution which is furnished in many other cities, and at no additional taxation or at a negligible tax.

"We would prefer to commend rather than condemn, but the conditions surrounding the getting of an education under the circumstances as now existing are making the acquiring of an education in Atlanta a luxury—they are making the city a party to a future uneducated or partly educated citizenry.

"Dismissing this matter with the statement that the clamor will subside—the matter will adjust itself—that it is only the annual disturbance, is begging the question. It must be settled right and settled soon, or the clamor will become an unmistakable and righteous revolt at an uncalled-for condition which surrounds that which ought to be the least costly thing procurable—a child's education."

URGE CHANGES.

The following resolutions have been unanimously adopted by the Atlanta Federation of Trades and copies ordered sent to the press:

"Whereas, The putting into execution of the new plan of not more than forty pupils to a teacher in the Atlanta public schools has demonstrated the terribly overcrowded condition of the schools, and

"Whereas, The Atlanta Federation of Trades looks upon the school problem as the one of the highest importance in a proper civic development, and the fact that more general and wide-spread dissatisfaction has resulted this year than in any previous year, although this body recognizes the fact that some dissatisfaction is bound to result where so many hundreds of persons are involved, therefore it petitions the proper school authorities of Atlanta and the mayor and general council that a definite plan be adopted looking to the settlement of the school problem as near as human endeavor can settle it, and suggests that the following school program be adopted:

"1. The building of one new schoolhouse and the rebuilding of one now standing and needed replacing.

"2. Temporary quarters to be immediately secured for the overflow so that the afternoon session plan may be at once abandoned.

"3. The changing of the schoolbooks be restricted to a minimum so that an unnecessary premium may not be placed on education.

"4. A sufficient number of teachers supplied at once so that double duty may not be expected of the present force.

"5. The adoption of a free text-book plan for the grammar schools, if not for the higher schools.

"EARL E. GRIGGS,
"JEROME JONES,
"J. F. BRADFIELD.
"September 23, 1914."

$900 Offered as Rental.

The school board will not abandon the Brooks property on Moreland avenue which has been used as a school house for some time. At its meeting Thursday the board was asked to pay Mrs. Brooks, the owner, a yearly rental of $1,200, a big increase over what the city has been paying. Several members protested, and the board finally agreed to pay $900 for the building for the term. It also agreed to pay Mrs. Brooks $300 in advance in October for rent to the end of the year, and in January it will pay the remaining $600.

The advances were agreed on in order to aid Mrs. Brooks paying off some indebtedness on the building. However, she will not be bound to rent the building to the board for a longer period than October. The board allowed her a few days to consider whether $900 for the school term was adequate compensation, and if she decided not to accept she can serve the board with notice to vacate.

OBSERVE PEACE DAY IN LOCAL CHURCHES SUNDAY, OCTOBER 4

All Atlanta churches will observe Peace day, October 4, with a program of prayer in effort to bring an end to the great European conflict. This will be done at the request of the Georgia Peace society, of which Dr. J. J. Hall is secretary. Dr. Hall only recently returned from the war zone.

The following request has been made by the Georgia Peace society:

Will the pastors of the different churches kindly call attention on this coming Sunday to the observance of Peace day, October 4, when special prayer will be made in behalf of the world's peace, and in doing this urge for a large attendance of the members of their congregations upon that day.

After this offering of a nation's prayer to God Almighty our beloved president may be divinely led to make one more great endeavor in behalf of peace, and the nations of Europe may also be led to stop this awful war, the blackest page in human history.

J. J. HALL,
Secretary Georgia Peace Society.

COURT OF APPEALS OF GA.

Judgments Affirmed.

Sterling Mutual Life Insurance company v. Stanley, from city court of Madison—Judge Anderson. F. C. Foster, for plaintiff in error. M. C. Few, contra.

Mize v. Southern Railway company et al, from city court of Polk county—Judge Irwin. I. F. Mundy, for plaintiff in error. Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman, Ault & Wright, Maddox, McCamy & Shumate, John L. Tison, Bunn & Trawick, contra.

Bainbridge Grocery company v. City Grocery company, from city court of Bainbridge—Judge Geer. P. D. Rich, for plaintiff in error.

Irvine v. Grant, from city court of Atlanta—Judge Reid. J. W. & R. W. Crenshaw, for plaintiff in error. Smith, Hammond & Smith, contra.

Barnett v. Savannah Electric company, from city court of Savannah—Judge Davis Freeman. Anderson, Cann & Cann, C. N. Fiedelson, T. F. Walsh, Jr., for plaintiff in error. Osborne & Lawrence, contra.

Armour Fertilizer Works v. Abel, from city court of Nashville—Judge J. F. Jackson pro hac vice. R. D. Smith, Lovett & Murray, for plaintiff in error. Hendricks & Hendricks, contra.

Cary v. Simpson & Harper et al., from city court of Sparta—Judge Moore. Joseph W. Lewis, for plaintiff in error. Burwell & Fleming, Lewis & Culver, contra.

Rothschild v. State, from city court of Brunswick—Judge Krauss. A. D. Gale, for plaintiff in error. A. H. Crovatt, solicitor, contra.

Belmas v. State, from Johnson superior court—Judge Hawkins. J. L. Kent, for plaintiff in error. E. L. Stephens, solicitor general, contra.

Western and Atlantic Railroad company v. Smith, from Fulton superior court—Judge Pendleton. Tye, Peeples & Jordan, for plaintiff in error. Virlyn B. Moore, contra.

Mixon v. State, from Johnson superior court—Judge Hawkins. J. L. Kent, B. B. Blount, for plaintiff in error. E. L. Stephens, solicitor general, contra.

Swift v. Moore, from city court of Atlanta—Judge Reid. C. T. & L. C. Hopkins, for plaintiff in error. Jesse M. Wood, Stiles Hopkins, contra.

Georgia Southern and Florida Railway company v. Bryan, and vice versa, from city court of Nashville—Judge Crawford. J. E. Hall, E. K. Wilcox, Knight, Chastain & Gaskins, J. Z. & H. L. Jackson, for plaintiff in error in main bill of exceptions. Hendricks & Hendricks, Patterson & Copeland, L. E. Lastinger, contra.

Becker v. Kenney et al., from city court of Athens—Judge West. Green & Michael, for plaintiff in error. J. L. Deadwyler, contra.

Judgments Reversed.

Ittner Brothers v. Farmers' State Bank, from city court of Blakely—Judge Sheffield. Rambo & Wright, for plaintiffs in error. Glessner & Park, contra.

Walker v. Georgia Railroad, from city court of Richmond county—Judge W. F. Eve. Henry C. Roney, for plaintiff. Joseph B. & Bryan Cumming, James M. Hull, Jr., for defendant.

Lee et al., administrators, v. Cox, from city court of Nashville—W. G. Harrison, judge pro hac vice. Knight, Chastain & Gaskins, for plaintiffs in error. Alexander & Gary, contra.

Georgia Railway and Power company v. J. M. High company, from Fulton—Judge Pendleton. C. B. Rosser, Jr., Colquitt & Conyers, for plaintiff in error. L. F. McClelland, M. Herzberg, contra.

Pennington v. City of Sparta, from Hancock superior court—Judge Park. J. W. Lewis, T. M. Hunt, for plaintiff in error. Burwell & Fleming, contra.

Geranium oil is largely used in perfumery, and is known as rose geranium, owing to the common practice of adding rose petals to the plants before distillation.

MOTION PICTURE MEN GATHER AT BANQUET

The first banquet of the Motion Picture Trades club, composed of officials of booking and branch agencies of the local movie field, to the exhibitors of moving pictures, was held last night in the Kimball House. The affair was a decided success.

Many speeches were made. A number of these dealt with the extraordinary progress of the moving picture business in Atlanta, and others with the excellent quality of big feature and schedule bookings the city has been able to obtain, due to the keen competitive conditions that prevail, as well as the progressive policies of the many big picture houses throughout Atlanta.

An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of repentance.

Fourth Ward Income Property

On East Merritts avenue, we offer five double 8-room houses.

The lot is 190x100 feet
The income is $1,272 per year.
The price is $10,000.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR RENT---20 W. Tenth Street

Modern in every particular. Very attractive, both inside and out. One-half block from West Peachtree. See us for price.

Woodside, Sharp, Boylston & Day
12 AUBURN AVENUE.

WEYMAN & CONNORS
LEND ON REAL ESTATE, IMPROVED OR UNIMPROVED AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES. QUICK ACTION. NO RED TAPE. INTEREST OF BORROWERS SAFEGUARDED.
EQUITABLE BUILDING. ESTABLISHED 1890

Have you ever dropped into our Business Man's Department Store?

Well, you ought to do that the next time you are around our way.

We have a line of Office Supplies and Equipment that we have just cause to be proud of. Drop in and see us, or just phone us and we'll send it right over.

Our Phones are Main 2600 and Atl. 3801.

Foote & Davies Company
Five Seconds From Five-Points.

DICKERT-HIGGINS CO.
QUALITY AND SERVICE FIRST

PHONE IVY 8597

CATALOGS, BOOKLETS, LOOSE LEAF, BLANK BOOKS, ENGRAVING, OR ANYTHING ALLIED WITH THE ART OF PRINTING
THIRTY-TWO FAIRLIE ST. FIFTH FLOOR CRUMLEY BUILDING

Buick Motor Cars

More than ever "the car of the American family." More than ever "the best car of its class in the world"

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
120-124 Auburn Ave.
Phone Ivy 1521



$1200
F.O.B. Detroit
5-passenger Touring Car and Roadster

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months ending June 30, 1914, of the condition of the

Merchants Life Association Of Iowa

organized under the laws of the State of Iowa, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, pursuant to the laws of said State.

Principal Office, National Bank Building.

I. INCOME DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 1914.
Total Income $389,385.00

II. DISBURSEMENTS DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 1914.
Total Disbursements $376,367.49

III. INVESTED ASSETS.
Total Net Assets $1,082,930.97

IV. TOTAL ASSETS.
Total Assets $1,252,509.50

V. LIABILITIES.
Total Liabilities $37,000.00

VI. EXHIBIT OF CERTIFICATES OF POLICIES—NUMBER AND AMOUNT.
Total $58,544,000.00

BUSINESS IN GEORGIA DURING FIRST HALF OF 1914.
Total Policies in force June 30, 1914 ..... $105,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is attached to the Annual Statement in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF IOWA, COUNTY OF DES MOINES—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Jno. J. Seerley, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of the Merchants Life Association, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

JNO. J. SEERLEY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 24th day of August, 1914.
H. F. KUHLEMEIER,
Notary Public.

(This statement published on account of error in statement published September 1, 1914.)

LODGE NOTICES

A regular communication of Piedmont Lodge No. 447, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple this (Friday) evening, September 25, 1914, at 8 o'clock. The degree of Fellow Craft will be conferred. All Masons duly qualified are fraternally invited to meet with us.
G. R. SPARKS, W. M.
H. M. WOOD, Secretary.

A special communication of Lakewood Lodge U. D., F. & A. M., will meet at Lakewood Heights this (Friday) evening, September 25, 1914, at 8 o'clock. Work in the Entered Apprentice degree. All qualified brethren fraternally invited to meet with us. By order of
WILLIAM GREENWAY, W. M.
WM. M. BRASWELL, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BRANHAM—Friends of Mr. George Harlan Branham, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Branham, of Oxford, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Branham, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. W. Palmer are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. George Harlan Branham this (Friday) afternoon at Oxford, Ga., from the residence of his parents, leaving Barclay & Brandon chapel at 11:30 o'clock for the Georgia railroad train leaving union station at 12:25 o'clock for Covington, Ga.

Card of Thanks.

We extend to the people of Austell and community our greatest thanks for their kindness to us in sickness and death of our dear husband and father.
MRS. W. T. ROBINSON and FAMILY.

BARCLAY & BRANDON CO.
Funeral Directors, 246 Ivy St.
G. H. BRANDON, President. R. M. BRANDON, Vice President.
J. W. AWTRY, Sec'y and Treas.

The financial value of a *certified* audit

Leaving all other than financial value out of consideration, an audit of your business affairs by a competent Certified Public Accountant will prove highly profitable.

It may enable you to establish a higher banking credit, which may become necessary in times of stress.

It will protect you against loss by fraudulent entries.

It will create a higher efficiency in every department of your business.

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MORROW Transfer and Storage Co.
26 W. Alabama St. Bell Phone M. 4355. Atl. Phone 137.
Hauling---Storage---Packing and Shipping
GIVE US YOUR ORDER.

MONEY TO LOAN ON Diamonds and Automobiles
HARRY MAY
25½ Whitehall Street

MORPHINE
Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 7 N. Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

Where hundreds have been cured is the safe place for you to go.
MEN CURED
I successfully treat NERVE, BLOOD and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Eczema, Catarrh, Ulcers, Sores and Acute Troubles, PILES and FISTULA, Kidney, Bladder and Chronic Diseases.



Examination and advice free. Do not delay. You may arrange weekly or monthly payments.
No detention from business. FREE advice and confidential treatment by a regularly licensed specialist. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists.
My fees are very low for treating Catarrhal Disorders and simple diseases.
For Blood Poison I use the latest discoveries. Many cases cured with one treatment.
For nervous and reflex troubles I use Lymph Compound combined with my direct treatment.
Hours: 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Sunday, 10 to 1.
DR. HUGHES, Specialist.
16½ North Broad Street, just a few doors from Marietta St. Opposite Third National Bank. Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

Continued From Page Ten.

Missionary society, North Georgia conference, M. E. Church, south, lot on west side Lawton street, 57 feet south of Oglethorpe avenue, 51x140 feet. September 1.

$250—Albert B. Turner to Mrs. M. H. Claiborne, lot on south side Confederate avenue, 645 feet northwest from Ormwood street, 39x150 feet. September 23.

$500—J. F. Stewart to Mrs. F. W. Treadwell, lot on northwest corner Jett street and Majestic avenue, 47x100 feet. September 22.

$250—H. J. Miller to Jackson National bank, lot on west side Venable street, 200 feet north of Simpson street, 30x107 feet. September 22.

Mortgages.

$1,500—Joe Buchanan to D. P. Hill, lot on east side Jackson street, 53 feet south of Cain street, 26x96 feet; also No. 374 Capitol avenue, 25x140 feet. July 10.

$187—Hubert Greene to P. B. Hopkins, lot on west side Lowe street, 32 feet northeast of Hamilton street, 50x169 feet. August 22.

$334—P. L. Bridges to Securities State bank, lot on north side Dixie avenue, 43 feet east of Waddell street, 40x178 feet. September 23.

Liens.

$24—Price & Thomas v. W. D. Hart, No. 724 Highland avenue. No date.

$51—W. J. Dabney Implement company v. A. F. Eubanks, lot on east side Newnan avenue, 200 feet south of St. Michael street, 50x150 feet. September 22.

Building Permits.

$425—Holbrook & Corbett, one-story frame dwelling.

$500—C. H. Shawker, 203 Connally street, two-story frame dwelling. Day.

$190—J. P. Billups, 47 Prado, servant's house and garage. Day.

$225—Jim Brovins, 88 Jeptha street, repairs. Day.

$200—Mittie Williams, 177 East Linden street, fire damage. Day.

W. L. DOUGLAS

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

For 31 years W. L. Douglas has guaranteed the value of his shoes by having his name and the retail price stamped on the sole before the shoes leave the factory. This protects the wearer against high prices for inferior shoes of other makes. W. L. Douglas shoes are always worth what you pay for them. When you need shoes, call at any one of W. L. Douglas 80 stores located in the large cities and see for yourself the many styles and kinds of $3.50, $3.75, $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00 shoes in all leathers, sizes and widths.

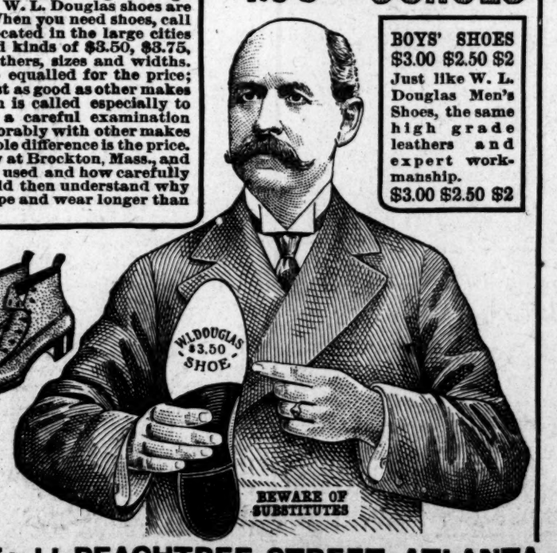
W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cannot be equalled for the price; for style, comfort and service they are just as good as other makes costing $4.00 to $5.00. Your attention is called especially to W. L. Douglas $4.00 and $4.50 shoes; a careful examination will convince you that they compare favorably with other makes costing $6.00 to $8.00, the only perceptible difference is the price.

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$3.50 $3.75 $4.00
$4.50 & $5 SHOES

BOYS' SHOES
$3.00 $2.50 $2
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$3.00 $2.50 $2





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